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ESTABLISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897. —PART FIRST— PRICE FIVE CENTS.

The MATCHLESS ELGIN.

How to Save Money....

You know "a penny saved is as good as a penny earned." We will sell you the ELGIN SHIRT, made of Wamsutta Muslin and Richardson Linen, fit guaranteed, and equal to any other Shirt usually sold at $1.50.

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Very Respectfully,

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FINANCIAL--LOANS.
LOANS-$10, $20, $30, $50, $100.
LOANS-ANY AMOUNT.
LOANS-YOUR OWN TIME.
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LOANS-GET OUR RATES.
LOANS-INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
LOANS-36 CALHOUN, ROOM 5 & 6.
LOANS-DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.
LOANS First flight of stairs on West side of street, north of transfer corner.

WHY
Do so many people take our VITALIZED AIR to have teeth extracted.
BECAUSE
It is painless. It does not make you sick
It is harmless. It is a gem.
It is pleasant to take. It is wonderful.
It makes you sleep. It is used only by us.
We Manufacture it Ourselves.
A Set of the best teeth only $8.00.
No dentist can make you a better set than these, no matter what you pay for them.
Our prices for all kinds of Dentistry are very reasonable---examination free.
All Work Guaranteed. Open Evenings.
U. S. Dental Parlors,
98 Calhoun Street.
(Over Baldwin's Music Store.)
Dr. J. A. Williams, Mgr.

For Sale or Trade.
Farms of all sizes for trade on city property. Also city property in all parts of the city for sale or trade. Some elegant lots, very large, east of Taylor street bridge, very cheap. Several other great bargains.
Money to loan on mortgage security.
LOUIS F. CURDES,
Rooms 8 and 9 Pixley-Long Block.

A GOOD PIANO....
Is a well made piano. Careful attention has been seen that every detail is right down to the screws. It is this care and thought which makes the tones sweet and full, which makes touch elastic, which guarantees the long life of the piano. It isn't always necessary to pay a high price to get a good piano. The Packard Piano is sold at prices you can't afford to pass by without investigating.

Fort Wayne Organ Co.,
120 Calhoun Street.

TWENTY NEW SIDEBOARDS.
Within a short time we have received twenty new and nobby Sideboards. Make your selection from our mammoth stock. Sideboards are now so cheap that everybody can afford one. Greatest concentration of Furniture bargains you ever saw.
FOSTER FURNITURE COMPANY.

SPANISH INSULT.

Particulars of the Little Affair Off Cuba.

A Spanish Cruiser Fires Upon the American Steamer, Valencia, Without Provocation.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The Ward line steamer Valencia, Captain Skilling, arrived here today from south side Cuban ports. In relation to the firing on the Valencia by the Spanish cruiser, Mercedes, it is learned that shortly after noon on Thursday, May 27, as the ship was leaving the harbor of Guanatanomo, having already saluted the ports and taken down her colors, the Spanish cruiser, Maria Mercedes, bore down and fired a blank shot across the Valencia's bow. This was quickly followed by a solid shot, which dropped close under the ship's stern. The Valencia then showed her colors, and the cruiser quickly withdrew and steamed away to Santiago. Captain Skillings, while not willing to make any statement regarding his encounter with the cruiser, said that the Valencia was no stranger to the cruiser, whose commander was well aware that she was engaged in the service of the Ward line. It was publicly reported at Santiago that the cruiser's captain openly stated that he knew the Valencia was an American steamer, but that he fired on her purposely to compel her to show her colors.

FOUL PLAY.

Millionaire Singer Believed to Have Been Murdered.

The Disposition of His Immense Wealth Supposed to be the Incentive to the Deed.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 12.—A sensation has been caused in Pasadena by the investigations being made in that city by E. T. Singer, of Chicago, into the manner of the death of his father, H. N. Singer, the aged millionaire. The elder Singer died in Pasadena last December, some time after sustaining an accident in falling from a moving street car.

The remains were sent to the former home of the deceased at Lockport, N. Y., for interment. The widow and the two children of the aged millionaire remained in Pasadena, but there was a divorced wife at Lockport, where the remains found a lodgment. It is the first wife of Singer, together with his son, who will make a thorough examination into his final taking off. E. T. Singer, the son, asserts that the remains of his father, after being interred five months, had been taken up at Lockport and examined, with the result that the traces of poisoning were discovered. The son is convinced that the old man's death was hastened, if not actually brought about by foul play. The disposition of the millionaire's property is the incentive for the investigation.

M'CARTHY GETS CONTRACT.

Fort Wayne Man Given "Corporation Paving" Without Bidding.

The corporation paving contract at Chicago was given yesterday to John McCarthy, formerly of this city, the democratic leader in the Second ward and commissioner of public works under the Hopkins administration, without the usual formality of advertising for bids. The contract, which was held by Thomas Sennott under Mayor Swift, is said to be worth $75,000 a year, and gives McCarthy the privilege of repairing the pavements of all streets and alleys torn up by gas companies and street car companies. The expense of the work is paid by the corporations. The prices paid are considered liberal. Where old cedar blocks are used forty cents per square yard is charged and where new blocks are required the price of seventy-five cents per square yard. The prices for repairing asphalt, granite and macadam are in proportion. Mr. McCarthy is a brother of Bart McCarthy, of the Indianapolis Sentinel. His parents reside in Colerick street.

ASSASSINATED.

Father Welsh Killed by the Africans.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 12.—A cablegram received from Cape Town, South Africa, last night, announced that Rev. Father Welsh, a highly respected Catholic priest, formerly of the Pittsburg diocese, has been been assassinated. The cablegram was addressed to Policeman Edward Welsh, a brother of the priest, and gave no details of the killing. The family will put themselves in communication with the Cape Town police and arrange for the disposition of the remains.

A VIGILANCE COMMITTEE

May be Organized to Punish Highway Robbers.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., June 12.—There is talk among the people of this city of forming a vigilance committee, similar to the one which has proven so effective at Butte, Mont. Every pay day there are hold-ups all over the camp. It is believed that the only way to rid the community of the nuisance is by a vigilance committee.

Slowly Tortured to Death.

LIGONIER, Ind., June 12.—The case of Henry Huff, of Brimfield, this county, is claiming the attention of the medical fraternity. Huff was stung on the head by a bee. Dizziness developed, followed by total blindness, and to add to his terrible sufferings his entire body is in a state of convulsions. Physicians have been unable to afford relief, and he is being slowly tortured to death.

YELLOW FEVER

Carries Away an Entire Party of Gold Hunters.

The Last One Died in Quarantine--They Searched for the Yellow Metal in Bolivia.

DENVER, Colorado, June 12.—The death of Wm. H. Korn, of Leadville, Colorado, from yellow fever, in quarantine at New York yesterday marks the total extinction of one party of prospectors who left Colorado last March to dig for gold in Bolivia. The other members of the party, Thomas Quayle of Aspen and Frank O'Keith and Wm. Hahn of Leadville, died of the fever in Bolivia. Of another party of four who went from Colorado to Bolivia about the same time, only Wm. Hurley survives and he is reported to be ill in quarantine at New York. The fate of these adventuresome gold seeker will probably stop emigration from Colorado to South America for some time. Korn's father worried so much about his son's trip that his mind became unbalanced and since that memorable day and has been missing from home in Buffalo, N. Y. It is feared that he he committed suicide.

"Cy" Swaim Farmed Out.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Swaim, the loftiest twirler in the league, as measured from sole to scalp, has been farmed out to Richmond, of the Atlantic league. Great things were expected of Swaim, who was to be a Rusie No. 2. He was discovered by Win Mercer and may yet develop.

LOCAL LINES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hoffman, of East Wayne street—a daughter.

Wayne lodge, F. and A. M., will hold a meeting this evening to confer the second degree.

Cleat Schrader returned to Kenton, Ohio, after a visit with her brother, Dr. Schrader.

The Berry Street Sunday school will give a concert and entertainment tomorrow night.

Mrs. Alex Lauferty entertained the Saturday club this afternoon at a special business meeting.

Mrs. J. O. Ward has returned to her home in Peru after a pleasant visit with Fort Wayne friends.

Mrs. L. Schlaudroff, accompanied by her daughter, Sadie, are visiting her son, Henry, at Huntington.

The W. R. C. will be entertained at tea by Mrs. J. Krees, No. 517 South Broadway, Tuesday, June 15.

Mrs. John Shea has returned to Chicago after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ed McDonald, of Suttenfield street.

The Young Ladies' society of the Emanuel Lutheran church have postponed their social until the 25th of June.

Miss Cora Whitney, of South Webster street, will leave Monday for New York, to visit friends and relatives.

Misses Clara Carnahan and Julia Hanna returned today from their respective schools in Connecticut and New York.

There will be a strawberry festival at Lake chapel in Lake township on next Thursday evening. All are invited. The object is to raise funds for the church.

Today Manager Will Geiger, of the Adams Express company, received two large bears from Philadelphia, consigned to a man at Montpelier. They were genuine black bears.

Rev. Henry Lewellen, a Unitarian minister, will occupy the platform of the First Spiritual society, both morning and evening at their hall on West Berry street, I. O. O. F. building. All are welcome.

The new organ for the West Jefferson street Church of Christ comes from Hagerstown, Md., instead of Indiana, as stated in last evening's SENTINEL. It will be in place ready for the dedication services June 20.

In Plymouth church, the baptism of children will be a feature of the children's day exercises at 10:45 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. James S. Ainslie at 7:45 p. m., on "Whatever is Right May Be," with special music. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. and Christian Endeavor at 6:45 o'clock sharp.

The indications are that the brick to be used in the new court house will be furnished by a firm at Anderson, Ind. The lowest bid received from local manufacturers is $4.10 per thousand. The Anderson brick can be delivered for $5.20. The Anderson brick is considerably larger than the one manufactured here and the price quoted is equivalent the Fort Wayne brick at $4. In a large contract of this kind the company figures closely If the Fort Wayne brick men meet the price of the Anderson firm the contract will stay at home—otherwise not.

Everybody are troubled sometimes, some people are always in trouble. Others when in need of legal advice or counsel call on J. D. Williams, Lawyer and Promoter, Arcade. 10-12

OLD SOLDIER HURT.

J. S. Ludwick Run Down by a Careless Driver.

Otto Noll's Foot Badly Cut by Glass--The Chapter of Accidents for Today.

Shortly after 12 o'clock today J. S. Ludwick, an old soldier from Philadelphia, was run down by a careless driver at the corner of Calhoun and Berry streets. The man was knocked down and his leg was severely injured. He was taken into Woodworth's drug store where it was ascertained that he was a stranger here but that he had come with the expectation of finding work at his trade, that of a machinist. He was conveyed to the headquarters of the Soldiers, Sons and Citizens club, where comrades made him comfortable and will look after his welfare. Later he was taken to hope hospital.

BROKE HIS JAW.

Joseph Miller, a farmer residing near Maysville, while hunting yesterday, shot a squirrel and while in the act of climbing a tree to get his game he fell to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. His jaw was broken and the bones of one wrist shattered. Drs. Adams and Swift, of Maysville, attended the injured man, who suffers considerably from the effects of the accident.

OTHER ACCIDENTS.

Joseph Chapman, of 30 South Wayne avenue, fell and fractured his left arm. Dr. A. J. Boswell reduced the fracture.

Otto, the seven-year-old son of George Noll, of 40 Bass street, while running around barefooted, stepped on a broken beer bottle and the ragged edge of the glass inflicted a deep and painful wound.

FARMER KILLED.

James Weaver Stricken Down Without Warning.

Takes Refuge Under a Tree During the Prevalence of a Storm and is Struck by Lightning.

James Weaver, a well-to-do farmer residing near Williamsport, met a sudden death at 6 o'clock last evening. With two of his neighbors, Mr. Weaver had gone to the St. Mary's river to fish a few hours, and was thus engaged when a furious thunder storm arose. The men sought shelter under the branches of an oak tree near by, but had been there only a moment when there was a terrific crash and they were knocked down. Weaver's two companions soon recovered, but he had received the full force of the lightening's stroke and was dead when the more fortunate men attempted to arouse him. News of the sad affair soon spread and it was not long until the entire neighborhood was at the scene. The remains were taken to the home of the unfortunate man, where a grief-stricken wife and two children awaited their coming. Mr. Weaver was the brother of Mrs. John E. Long, of this city, who, with her husband, went out to Williamsport this afternoon. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon, interment in the Ossian cemetery.

LEADERS CHOSEN.

Officers Elected in Fort Wayne and Miamee Lodges, A. O. U. W.

Last night Fort Wayne lodge No. 19, A. O. U. W., held its semi-annual election of officers with the following result:

Past Master Workman—Percy Bosworth.
Master Workman—Thomas Greer, jr.
Foreman—A. C. Hobrock.
Overseer—Joseph Schwartzkoff.
Recorder—J. J. Bauer.
Receiver—John H. Eylenberg.
Financier—A. T. Lipes.
Guide—E. E. Nichodemus.
Inside Watchman—Dennis Keily.
Outside Watchman—John A. Reiley.
Medical Examiners—Drs A. J. Kesler, A. J. Boswell, J. W. Younge, John K. Geary, John H. Kappel, J. W. McCausland and A. L. Mikesell.

This lodge has decided to have a picnic at Robison park some time in August.

At the meeting of Maumee Lodge No. 50, A. O. U. W. last evening, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing term:

Past Master Workman—Emmet Dunfee.
Master Workman—Geo. A. Sthair.
Foreman—Joseph L. Moyer.
Overseer—Henry Whiteman.
Recorder—Wm. Keller.
Financier—James Curry.
Receiver—A. F. Robbe.
Guide—Charles Miller.
Inside Watchman—Geo. Block.
Outside Watchman—John Graham.

The meeting was well attended. Large number of visitors were present.

THE LAST REST.

Death of Mrs. Maria Brockermeyer---Funeral of Mrs. Himbert.

Mrs. Maria Brockermeyer, the wife of Edward Brockermeyer, died of consumption last evening, after a long illness. Deceased was twenty-four years old and leaves besides the husband a babe one year old. The funeral will probably occur next Tuesday afternoon from the house, 260 Webster street and later from Emanuel's Lutheran church.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Michael Himbert will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 14 Lavina street, and half hour later from Salem Reform church. The following gentlemen will act as pall-bearers: H. Bremer, M. Kramer, A. Vogely, G. Haller, J. Schwabe, H. Stoll

TROXELL

C. O. Troxell, of 126 East Wayne street, this morning received a telegram from Allen county, Pa., stating that his mother had died there The deceased was sixty-two years old and had been ailing for ten weeks. Mr. Troxell and his daughter, Miss Lucile, will leave this evening for Pennsylvania to attend the funeral.

UNTIL DEATH

Will the Cuban Patriots Fight for Liberty.

Dr. Danforth Arrives Direct From the Field and Talks of Matters Concerning the War.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Among the passengers who landed in New York today on the steamer Valencia, from Cuban ports via Nassau, N. H., was Dr. H. W. Danforth, of Milwaukee, Wis., who, for the past fifteen months, has been the personal physician of the President of the Cuban republic, Salvador Cisneros, the Marquis of Santa Lucia. The doctor is in the United States on six months leave of absence, having left Cuba in a sixteen foot open boat on May 29 for the Island of New Providence. After much suffering and exposure, he reached Nassau and there awaited the arrival of the Valencia. According to Spanish reports, President Cisneros died in February last and this news was semi-officially confirmed in March last. But Dr. Danforth was with the president as late as April 6 last and had in his possession a letter, which he showed to the representative of the Associated Press, dated April 29, from the president. The latter is not only alive, but, when Dr. Danforth left him, he was full of quiet enthusiasm and animated by the most confident feeling for the eventual success of the Cuban cause. Questioned as to the seat of the government of the Cuban republic, Dr. Danforth said it was at Agura, Province of Puerto Principe, where the insurgents have erected a capitol. The president, however, is not now at Agura, but is in the province of Santiago de Cuba. Dr. Danforth was asked to express an opinion as to the numerical strength of the Cuban insurgents, being informed that late advices from Cuba placed the number at 8,000 men. He said: "It is difficult, if not impossible, to arrive at a correct estimate; but you can say that the Cubans for a certainty have at least thirty thousand to thirty-five thousand today armed and in good shape. The Cubans have not been idle few years and during the last few years have been importing arms and ammunition right along. In brief, the Cubans are fighting a desperate fight and are in a good condition to continue it. The Spaniards are also engaged in a desperate contest, but they are exhausted, or almost so. I certainly think the Cubans will succeed, not by reason of numerical strength, for the Spaniards have about 150,000 men in the field, but there is no question but that the Cubans will ultimately win. All their leaders are sworn not to give up until they all are dead. They are bound by oath to fight until the last, and they will do so."

"REDDY'S" ALL RIGHT.

He Has Made a Faithful President of the Newsboy's Union.

Last night there appeared an article in THE SENTINEL in regard to electing a different president for the Newsboys' union. "Reddy" O'Connor has for the past two years held that position to the satisfaction of all the members, and has always proven faithful and honest in the performance of his duties. The Newsboys' union wishes to state that the party who inserted the article did it merely through prejudice, and never was, nor is not at the present time, a member of the union.

LOCAL LINES.

Dr. M. F. Porter has been summoned to Auburn on professional business.

Charles Falls, of Chicago, has arrived to remain until after the High school commencement.

The Christian church is preparing to give an organ recital by Prof. Harrison Wilde, of Chicago, on the evening of June 21.

J. V. Reul, of the Indiana Furniture company, is at Anderson, Ind., visiting his father, who is very sick with Bright's disease.

Mrs. Harriet E. Gilchrist, the mother of Mrs. George Swayne, of Spy Run avenue, has gone to Missouri to spend the summer.

About fifty members have signed the roll in the Bicyclists' Protective association. The president, O. N. Heaton, is receiving signatures at his office.

The Ladies' Aid society will give an excursion to Robison park on Monday, June 21, for which event tickets are now on sale. The proceeds go to charity and there ought to be a large crowd.

A picnic in compliment to Miss Clara Palmer, of Frankfort, Ind., is in progress in Robison park this afternoon. Miss Palmer is the sister of Mrs. L. L. Henson and has been that lady's guest for the past week.

HE LOVES ALL.

Christ's Gospel Will be Preached Tomorrow.

Places Where Everybody Can Worship the Lord and Some of the Subjects to be Discussed.

St. Andrew's Mission, South Wayne avenue—Sunday school at 3 p. m

Railroad department Y. M. C. A.—Bible class at 2:30. Men's meeting at 3 o'clock conducted by Harry Lansdown.

The usual Sunday service will be held at Salem Reformed church. Sunday morning. Rev. J. Kuelling will preach as usual.

C. S. Bash, superintendent of the Westminster Sunday school, will address the Covenant Bible school, in their hall, 510 South Calhoun street, at 2:30 p. m

First Presbyterian church. Rev. D. W. Moffat, D. D., pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m and special children's services at 6:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

Simpson M. E. church, F. J. Johnson, pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; sermon at 10:30 a. m., Epworth League at 6:30 p. m., children's day exercise at 8:00.

Services at the A. M. E. church, on East Wayne street, at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m., Sunday school, 3 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 6:30 p. m. G. W. Brown, pastor

At Westminster church, Rev. J. L. Leeper will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at a musical service at 7:45 p. m. will speak on "Opportunity." Sr. C. E., 6:15. Sunday school, 12 m.

Calvary U. B. church, corner of Lewis and Harmer streets, A. W. Ballinger, pastor.—Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Y. P. C. U. at 7 p. m.

English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, West Washington and Fulton streets—Sunday school at 9 a. m.; morning sermon at 10:30 a. m. Evening sermon at 7:30. C. F. W. Meyer, minister.

Grace Reformed church—Morning service at 10:30; evening service at 8 o'clock; topic. "A Young Man's Mistake in Choosing a Wife." Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Young people's meeting at 7 p. m. A. K. Zartman, pastor.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Cass and Fourth streets. Edmund F. Albertson, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Epworth League devotional meeting at 7 p. m.

Trinity Episcopal church, corner West Berry and Fulton streets, Rev A. W. Seabrease, rector.—Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon, 10:30 o'clock; evening prayer and sermon, 4:30 o'clock; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

St. Paul M. E. church, Rev. M. C. Cooper, pastor.—Class meeting at 9:30; preaching at 10:30, by the pastor; Sunday school in the afternoon at 3 o'clock; Epworth league devotional meeting at 7 o'clock, led by Miss Jefferson; at 7:45 p. m. a sacred musical will be given.

At the Baptist Tabernacle tomorrow morning the pastor, Rev. L. L. Henson, will preach on "Close Communion." At night will occur the children's day exercises, which will be followed by baptism. At 7 p. m. Secretary Wight will make his last address in Fort Wayne to the B. Y. P. Y.

Wayne street Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Dr. Henry W. Bennett, pastor—At 10:30 a. m. the high school will attend and the sermon will be appropriate to the occasion. In the evening the pastor will lecture on the topic, "Lessons From the Observations and Experiences of a week."

Heidelberg Reformed Church, Rev. Maurice Samson, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; service, 10:30 a. m. Subject: "Enduring to the End;" evening service, 7:30 p. m.; subject. "The Tenderness of Jesus." Every Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7:30. Teacher's meeting at 8:15.

Bethany church, Nebraska, Rev Geo. E. Davies, pastor.—Meeting of session at 10 a. m.; communion services, reception of members and baptism at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 3 p. m.; Children's day exercises, 7:45 p. m. Special programs, with suitable music and readings and recitations.

Bethel church of the Evangelical Association, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—German services at 10:30 a. m., and English preaching at 7:30 p. m., by Dr. C. B. Stemen; Y. P. Alliance at 6:45 p. m., led by Henry Miller; Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Let there be a full attendance at all of these services.

At the West Jefferson street Church of Christ tomorrow the services, both morning and evening, will be of an unusually interesting character to all the members. The subject at the morning hour will be, "Forgetting the Things Which Are Behind." The pastor earnestly desires the attendance of all the members. P. J. Rice, pastor.

"The Old Woman or the New, Which?" is the subject of J. V. Updike's lecture tomorrow evening at the West Creighton avenue church. Doors open at 7:30 p. m. Lecture at 8 p. m. Rev. John J. Higgs, pastor of the church at Wanatah, Ind., will preach at 11 a. m., the pastor being called to attend a funeral at Zanesville, Ind. Bible school, 9:15 a. m., Mr. Lindsay, superintendent Communion at 10:30 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 3:30 p. m., Mrs Gilbert Miller, superintendent Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. J. V. Updike, pastor.

South Congregational church, Rev. E. E. Frame, pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Children's day will be appropriately observed by an address to parents in the morning and by a choral concert exercise by the children and choir at 7:30 p. m.

Berry street M. E. church, corner Harrison street, C. C. Cissell, pastor.—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching 10:30 a. m. by A. M. Wight, secretary Y. M. C. A. Subject: "The Value of Little Things" General class, 11:15; Epworth league devotional services, 7 p. m. The anniversary of children's day will be celebrated at 8 p. m. A splendid program has been arranged.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

The Third Presbyterian Sunday school is issuing the following invitation: "Children's day at the Third Presbyterian church Sunday school. You are especially invited to attend our Children's day services Sunday, June 13, 1897. No lesson. Special program. A beer bottle, smoke pipe, deck of cards and novel will be there. Service begins at one-half hour past 10 o'clock. Please reach the room before that time." There will be the usual evening service at 8 o'clock and C. E. prayer meeting at 7:15.

COMMENCEMENT.

Annual Graduating Exercises of the High School.

Program to be Rendered at the Temple--Commencement at Concordia College.

The following is the program for the thirty-third annual commencement of the Fort Wayne High school that will be held at the Masonic Temple, Thursday evening, June 17, at 8 o'clock:

"Our Life is What Our Thoughts Make It."
Overture ... Theodore Moses
Prayer ... Rev. Llewellyn L. Henson
Mill in the Forest ... Edenburg
Salutatories with Essay ... Myrtle Pearl Haines
Waltz ... Waldteufel
Address—"The Elements of Power" ... Dr. John M. Coulter
Dance Tomahawk ... Lauradan
Oration with Valedictories ... Thomas Holmes McCormick
Piece Characteristic—Evening at the Ball ... Claudius
Presentation of Diplomas ... S. M. Foster
Dance Serpentine ... A. Herman
Benediction ... Rev. Llewellyn L. Henson
March ... Sousa

The classical graduates are: Charles Douglass Barrett, Guy Reed Bell, Hugh Worthington Croxton, Mary Margaret Hanna, Lee Foster Hartman, Marian Johnston Hartman, Gertrude Ethel Morris, Maude Franklin Sperry, James Park Swayne, Grace Tinkham, Edward Ralph Yarnelle.

Those of the Latin class are: Mabel Gertrude Crosby, Clyde Floyd Driesback, Phoebe Ellison, Clarence Elmer Fryer, Augusta Emelia Hornel, Bertha Sarah Huestis, Herbert Wilson Lang, George Perry McDonald, Thomas Holmes McCormick, Ethel Pearson, Nancy Elnora Scott, Lucretia Powell Seybold, Cornelius Marcellus Smith.

Those of the English class are: Oscar Russell Brokaw, Anna Mary Clark, Nellie Clark, Walter Henshaw Crim, Rosa May Gardner, Myrtle Pearl Haines, Carrie Alva Hauck, Charles Lansdowne, Elizabeth Martha Lapp, Emilie Jane Reese, Emma Marie Sauer.

AT CONCORDIA.

The commencement exercises of the class of '97, Concordia college, will be held Tuesday evening, June 29, in the college chapel. Admission will be by ticket only. The program for the event is as follows: Song, college choir; introductory remarks, Rev. Muellar; English speech, H. C. Thurman; organ solo, B. Lange, Latin oration, B. Poch; baritone solo, H. C. Thurman; German speech, W. Schmidt; piano solo, B. Lange; valedictory, L. Linn; class song.

'TIS FALSE!

Says J. T. Friend, Who is Charged With Swindling.

Case Against Him Will Probably Drop Through--Retains Fort Wayne Attorneys and Will Fight if Necessary.

J. T. Friend, the Fort Wayne traveling salesman who was arrested at Toledo Wednesday on a warrant from Wilkesbarre, Pa., arrived in the city this morning and will spend the Sabbath with his family, on St. Marys avenue. Friend was released by the Toledo authorities upon his own recognizance, to appear if wanted. He refuses to go without requisition papers and these, it is understood, Governor Bushnell refuses to honor upon the evidence submitted It is likely, therefore, that the case will not be prosecuted The man who claims to have been swindled bought a patent right territory, and not being satisfied with the results of his purchase, brought up the charge. The sale, Mr. Friend claims, was regular in every way. Mr. Friend is the man against whom an affidavit was filed in a local court a few years ago, but the case was dropped because the party who filed the affidavit failed to appear, thereby stamping the action as a piece of spite work. Should the present case come to trial the Leonard brothers, of this city, will defend him

VILE LITERATURE.

Authorities Suppress Its Circulation in This City.

Young Men Attempt to Start an Agency for a Weekly Obscene Sheet--Doings of the Day in Police Circles.

Yesterday afternoon two young men arrived from Chicago for the purpose of establishing an agency for the sale of a weekly paper published at Chicago under the name of "Town Topics." A copy of the paper fell into the hands of Superintendent Gorshine, who discovered that the "topics" discussed related principally to the scarlet circles of Chicago and other cities, the contents being vile enough to contaminate a sumer. He held a short session with the mayor, who decided that the contents of the sheet were unfit for print, say nothing of its circulation in this or any other city. The agents were arrested and gave the names of Elmer Steenhaus and Henry Durst, and this morning a fine of $5 and costs was imposed in each case. Both went to jail. The action of the authorities will receive the approval of the moral element of society in Fort Wayne. It was taken for granted that nobody would attempt to inflict the community with obscene literature after the vigorous manner in which the authorities went after the publishers and correspondents os the Sunday Sun and the People not long ago. The prompt manner in which the present cases were disposed of ought to serve as a further warning.

AN ASSAULT.

James Hartnett and Charles Franz were before the mayor this morning, charged with complicity in a brutal assault upon Annie Edwards. The affidavit was signed by Edward Plock. The evidence showed that the assault was committed by a companion of the men arraigned and they were let go upon their own recognizance, to appear again when wanted to testify against the guilty party. The woman's left leg was broken by her assailant and she was consequently unable to appear.

COMING IN.

Several Excursions Will be Run to Fort Wayne Tomorrow.

If Weather is Favorable, the City Will be Crowded With Strangers--Big Day at the Park.

Tomorrow the first of a series of popular price excursions will be run to this city by the different railroads.

The Wabash will start one at Logansport and another from Toledo. The Pennsylvania will run two, one from Lima, Ohio, and the other one from Plymouth. The Findlay and Nickel Plate railroads will also bring in specials, and should the weather be favorable our city will be crowded with strangers.

The Lake Shore will run a cheap excursion from Hillsdale Tuesday, June 15. The Lake Erie will run a special from Indianapolis to this city Sunday, June 27. Louis Heilbroner, who has charge of these excursions for Robison park, says that he will book several more out of town excursions within the next few days. The railroad rates are much cheaper than last season. Everybody wants to come to Robison park for a day's outing.

AT THE PARK.

An entire new company will appear at the Robison park theater, commencing with the matinee tomorrow. The Donnavons, Irish comedians, and Dick and Alice McAvoy, the Hogan alley kids, were the leading features of Tony Paster's company, which has just closed at Chicago. Mack & Elliott, clever sketch artists, and The Two Tahakas, the royal Japanese jugglers and magicians, are on the bill. The entertainments given at the theater are becoming very popular with the patrons of the park.

MUSICAL SERVICES.

Entertainments at Churches Tomorrow Evening.

"A Sacred Musical will be given at the St. Paul M. E. church on Sunday evening at 7:45:

Hymn 581 ... By choir and congregation
Prayer and Scripture reading ... Rev. M. C. Cooper
Song ... Male Quartet
Vocal solo ... Lewis Bechtold
Recitation ... Hugo Land
Duet ... Mrs. Aiken and Mrs. Sutton
Organ solo ... Miss Nora Shreve
Select reading ... Miss Evelyn Barr
Song ... Mixed Quartet
Duet ... Mr. and Mrs. Keplinger
Recitation ... Miss May Wilkins
Duet ... Miss Stone and Miss Lincoln
Song ... Male Quartet
Closing hymn ... By choir and congregation
Benediction

AT WESTMINSTER

At the musical service at the Westminster church tomorrow evening the following numbers will be rendered:

Solo "One Sweetly Solemn Thought" ... Miss Grace O'Rourke
Anthem "Day is in the Lord" ... Choir
Violin solo ... Selected ... Professor Jennison
Solo ... Selected ... Miss Anna Bassett

WILL UNITE.

Workingmen Join Hands in Politics and Other Matters.

Organization of the Workingmen's Club to be Consummated in the Near Future.

For some weeks a movement looking towards the organization of a society whose object shall be "the best interests of the laboring men" in all matters, political and otherwise, has been quietly in progress and promises to be consummated in a few days. This society is styled the "Independent Working Men's club" and, as one of its promoters remarked to a SENTINEL representative this morning, "politicians and ward heelers are not eligible to membership." The members so far are chiefly men employed in the factories and railway shops of this city. The order expects to become a power in local politics

HELD THE ELECTION.

Shirley City Residents Cast Their Ballots.

The Adherents on Only One Side of the Contest Voted--Two Divorces Granted.

The voters at Shirley City yesterday held an election notwithstanding a restraining order issued by Judge Dawson in the superior court a few days ago. The restraining order was against Wm. L. Thompson, James M. Jobs and Frederick Kerns, sr., election officers. The adherents of Shirley City, however, were prepared for this emergency and new inspectors were chosen as follows: William Wallace, John Fredt and John Hill. These inspectors today made returns showing that the following officers had been elected:

Henry Core, George F. Roberts and Robert B. Shirley, trustees.
Benjamin Steward, marshal.
Adam H. Miller, clerk.
Peter Abele, treasurer.

There were only thirty-six votes cast, thirty-five for the ticket elected and one for the opposing ticket.

C. H. Worden, attorney for the voters who petitioned for the restraining order, says the election is not legal.

DIVORCES GRANTED.

Judge O'Rourke granted a divorce to plaintiff in the case of Nora Kreiger vs. Frederick Kreiger. The complaint alleged cruel treatment.

The divorce case of James P. Johnston vs. Harriet Juliet Johnston, colored people, was tried by Judge Dawson. Divorce was granted on the grounds of desertion.

CITY BRINGS SUIT.

W. H. Shambaugh, city attorney, filed a suit in the circuit court in which the city asks for a judgment of $2,000 against the Consolidated Street Railway company for failing to pay $1,133 license due the city on poles.

COURT NOTES.

Leonard Brothers and Robert Drelbelbiss have received a transcript of the trial of Charles Glessner, who was sent to the penitentiary for conspiring to blackmail, and will at once begin to get the case in shape to carry to the supreme court.

The case of Lehman vs. Lehman, which was on trial before Judge O'Rourke for several days, was ended and decided yesterday. Judge O'Rourke decided the case in favor of the plaintiff and gave him a judgment for $400.

The clerical force of the county auditor's office is busily engaged in getting up its report to submit to the state treasurer. The clerks are working nights as the reports must be made on the 15th of the month. County Treasurer Hunter will leave for Indianapolis on Monday.

Supt. F. J. Young, as county superintendent, has filed his bond in the sum of $1,000 with Thomas Greer and C. W. Branstrator as sureties.

Dr. L. S. Null has filed his bond in the sum of $2,000 as school trustee of New Haven, with J. R. Hartzell as surety.

Henry Koehn has filed his bond as trustee of New Haven in the sum of $2,000, with George Motz and L. Jaxtheimer as sureties.

BOARD REORGANIZED.

Meeting of the School Trustees Last Evening---Bonds Filed.

The board of school trustees was reorganized last evening as follows:

President—W. P. Cooper.
Secretary—A. J. Boswell.
Treasurer—S. M. Foster.

Dr. A. J. Boswell has taken the oath of office and filed his bond in the sum of $75,000 as a member of the city school board, with J. B. White, John Dalman, C. F. Muhler and W. E. Mossman as sureties. This afternoon W. P. Cooper filed his bond with the following renewed sureties: S. B. Bond, O. P. Morgan and S. M. Foster. The bond of Mr. Foster will be filed Monday, in the sum of $225,000, that amount being required of the treasurer of the board.

Call early and avail yourself of the opportunity to buy nice Strawberries at 5c a quart or $1.50 bushel.

Messrs. Black-Katt, agents for the "Elektron" wheel, will have on exhibition this evening the first double ladies' Elektron tandem turned out by Bass & McDonald at the Plymouth factory. All interested in local enterprise should certainly be on hand and look it over.

If you want a good business, it wont cost much to call and investigate, only your effort. J. D. Williams, Lawyer and Promoter, Arcade. 10-12

BASE BALL.

Toledo vs. Fort Wayne, June 12 and 13. Dayton vs. Fort Wayne, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

J. D. Williams makes no charge for consultations. If you need the service of an accountant or legal advice of counsel. See him. Second floor Arcade building.

AN UP-TO-DATE DINING ROOM....

Without a Sideboard is like home without a mother, no article of Furniture can add so much to the beauty of the room. White being absolutely indespensable for convenience and utility. Look at our handsome line of Sideboards, solid Quartered Oak Sideboards, polished, from $15.00 and up at

The Pape Furniture Co.,

28 and 30 East Berry Street.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K HACKETT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

TONIGHT.

Soldiers' and Citizens' Club—Regular meeting.

Free Methodist Church—Quarterly meeting.

Lodges—Order of the Red Cross; Mad Anthony Hive No. 27; Rathbone Sisters.

IT is about time to scare up another water famine.

AS THERE is no ninth place in the Inter-State league the Maroons will have to stay where they are.

IT is claimed that Greater New York will expend every year $50,000,000 in charity, or $16 for every man, woman and child within its limits.

TO READ the rantings of certain newspapers one would believe that some of the city's most prominent citizens are the very essence of corruption. But the people know better.

THE Fort Wayne team has not lost its grip, perhaps, but it must not be too considerate of the feelings of other clubs. Sometimes courtesy can be overdone and our boys have shown enough of it for a time anyhow.

IN a small town in South Dakota the three saloons are owned, controlled and personally managed by the mayor, marshal and clerk respectively, and citizens not holding office are not encouraged to enter this branch of trade.

A MAN who has lived in Chicago all of his life started out the other evening for a walk around the block. He was found many hours later, five miles from home and returned to his friends by the police. Not many towns grow that fast or change so rapidly.

NEXT September, for the third time, South Carolina will elect a United States senator by a popular party vote. The candidates appear before the people in a joint debate for several weeks prior to the election, and the legislature accepts the general verdict.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE is seriously ill and it is not expected that she will recover. A woman of her noble record can well afford to meet death with serenity and hope. It is only the great loss which the world suffers that is to be considered in such cases.

THE Indiana man who had his baby brought to the telephone so that he might hear it cry should be enshrined as a beautiful example of those men who are are suspected of being willing to remain down town late at night to escape the vocal performances of their offspring.

THE resources of Spain are pretty well exhausted. Her credit is seriously impaired. If the Cuban insurgents can hold out another year, Spain's hope of subjugating the inhabitants of the unhappy island will vanish. The lovers of liberty throughout the world sympathize with the Cubans in their struggle for independence.

IT is reported that Switzerland is to be the next country which will follow the example of Italy and Belgium of reckoning time up to 24 o'clock instead of twice 12. In Belgium, where the new system was introduced on the 4th of this month, there is much growling at the change. But the principle is very simple. All that is necessary is to subtract twelve from every figure higher than twelve and you have the p m. time

THE United States customs officials are refusing admission to large amounts of adulterated tea and the rubbish is dumped upon the Canadian markets. Our neighbors on the north naturally object to this, but they will have to drink poor tea or follow the example of the United States and shove the stuff off onto some other fellow

ONE of the greatest tariff speeches on record was the following, delivered by William Pitt in the British house of peers: "My lords and gentlemen: To levy a direct tax of 1 per cent is a dangerous experiment in a free country and may incite revolt, but there is a method by which you can tax the last rag from the back and the last bit from the mouth without causing a murmur against high taxes, and that is to tax a great many articles of daily use and necessity so indirectly that the people will pay them and not know it; their grumbling then will be of hard times, but they will not know that the hard times are caused by taxation."

Mayor Strong on the Country Boy.

"Any young man who expects to succeed in New York," said Mayor Strong, one day last week, "must come here determined to rely upon himself. He must push out for himself, and not depend upon his friends. The boy who does this is sure to succeed if he has good principles and good habits. He must, however, bend every energy toward accomplishing what he sets out to do, and he must be economical in respect to money, time and strength. If he does this and has it in him he will have a great success, for there is no place where the possibilities of great successes are more than right here.

"I don't think the place where the boy is raised has much to do with it. The manner of the boy's rearing often has more. The country boy has, as a rule, had the advantege of having been made to work. He is usually a poor boy, and his nerve and muscle have usually been developed by adversity. This may be the case with the city boy, but in many instances his early life has been too easy. His parents have pampered him. He does not know the value of a dollar until he learns it by experience after he has gone into business, and in this way he starts in behind the horny handed son of the country. The country boy's life has tended to the development of self reliance in him, and he comes here with the determination to stand alone."

REAL ESTATE SALES.

The Deeds Which Have Been Filed for Record.

The Dreibelbiss Abstract of Title company, No. 25 Court street, furnishes the following accurate list of transfers, filed for record since our last issue:

Eliza James to the Union Central Life Insurance company, lot 83, Archer's addition, for $1.

Christian Youse to Charles W. Youse, northeast quarter, section 22, township 29, range 14 east, 40 acres, for $4,000.

Christian Youse to Christian L. Youse, east one-half, southeast quarter, section 22, township 29, range 14 east, 80 acres, for $4,500.

Lindley M. Ninde to Stephen J. and Sarah J. Roberts, lot 117, in Ninde's addition, for $400.

Sarah H. Evans and Eliza. I. Kalfus, to John P., George P. and Oliver P. Evans, east 40 feet, lot 111, original plat for $1.

William Moellering & Son, the contractors who are building the new power station, are having considerable trouble in their work of excavating for the foundation. At a depth of twenty-six feet they have encountered water in large quantities and have also been bothered by striking a large layer of rocks and gravel at a depth at which they had expected to find bedrock. It will take some time to pump out the water, after which they have to excavate to a depth of several feet more than they had calculated on, to find a suitable layer of earth to begin the foundation proper.

Monroeville Breeze: "Mrs. M. Heller, who was the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Niezer, last week returned to her home at Fort Wayne, Tuesday last."

NEURALGIA

is pain in the nerves. It is thought by some medical experts to be caused by poverty of the blood, which condition lowers the tone of the nerves and starves them.

Unless the poisons and waste matter in the blood are filtered out of it by the kidneys into the urine, the blood will carry disease instead of nourishment to the nerves. Neuralgia, or pain in the nerves is the danger signal or symptom which nature uses to warn the victim of danger.

This condition can be

CURED

A few days ago I took up one of your little books on kidney diseases and noticed Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills not only cures Kidney troubles, but neuralgia and rheumatism also As I had experienced many hours of misery from neuralgia, I concluded to try your Sparagus Kidney Pills. I must say, they have wrought wonders in my case, as they have driven the neuralgia all out of me, and I am now in the best of health and happy state of mind

H. F. ELLISS,
59 N. 13th St., Lafayette, Ind

HOBBS Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO., PROPRIETORS CHICAGO.

The People Are Looking to....

Congress

---for---

Relief....

They need not wait till Congress meets, they can get it right here. Relief from the heat, and from poor clothing at high prices. We have a policy that is safe, sound and sure. One man's dollar is equal to every other man's dollar, and every man's dollar is at a premium when invested in our clothing.

Congress can't make money for you as fast as you can make it in buying our clothing at present prices.

Come to Our Great....

SUIT SALE

Men's, Boys and Children's Wear.

Souvenier Pocket Knife With all Boys' Suits at $3.00 or over.

LEHMAN'S,

34 and 36 Calhoun St.

TRY IT, ROOTERS.

Give the Players the Glad Hand and Encourage Them.

A Continual Knock Does Much to Lose the Games Which Curves Were No Enigma to the Mud Hens.

INTER STATE LEAGUE

	WON.	LOST	PER CENT.
New Castle	21	11	.656
Toledo	21	13	.618
Dayton	17	15	.531
Mansfield	18	21	.462
Wheeling	16	21	.432
Springfield	16	20	.444
Fort Wayne	15	22	.405
Youngstown	15	22	.405

There is nothing more fickle in the wide, wide world than a base ball crank, as is evidenced by the treatment accorded Fort Wayne ball players at almost every game. At the very beginning of the season there was a knock on Captain Cooke and every little misplay made by the captain was hissed and cries of "Knell, Knell" floated through the air; never one word of encouragement. Finally, when on May 30, the captain lined out seven hits with a total of thirteen bases and played short stop better than any other man in the league can, everybody was willing to acknowledge he was as good a ball player as there was in the league. The team comes home, makes five little, stingy hits, Captain Cooke and Babb have a misunderstanding about a fly ball and the prettiest game of the season is lost by the score of 3 to 1 and immediately there is a howl for a change. Fred Cooke is as good a short stop as there is in the Inter-State league and any manager will say as much, and have said so. But the "knocker" must be appeased. Next comes Hagerty. Never was third base played like Pete played it at the beginning of the season. He was a hero, applauded every day and finally to appease the "knocker" on some other player, Pete was sent to second, a position he never claimed he could play. And he couldn't. The fellows who applauded him at third began to condemn his play at second and finally, after suffering with a split finger he goes back to third. The condemnation of the "cranks" who should have encouraged instead had unnerved him, and now he is about to be released. The "crank" is fickle. Then comes Severs. He has pitched as fine ball as any pitcher in the Inter-State, but yesterday when he was hit hard in only one inning the "fans" commenced to yell for another pitcher. Who, pray? You have at times knocked Minnehan and Darby just as hard and will do the same thing with Herr the first time he he is hit for three singles in one inning. Then there is Kihm, Robinson and Tommy Campbell. They may play great ball for a month and make errors in one game and they should be released. Campbell is the best batting catcher in the Inter-State, his back-stopping is first-class and as for throwing when Cooke and Sharp or Fitch are cavorting around second base it is equal to Lynch's and he is as good as there is in the league But the "knocker" must have his say. McKevitt, too, must make a hit or three every day or President Meyer will be called upon to release him. The "crank" is fickle. New Castle and Toledo lead the league and there has been less changes in these clubs than any others. They have not played one whit better ball than Captain Cooke's team, but luck has been with them and against us. Toledo lost several consecutive games at the beginning of the season, but Manager Stroble paid no attention to the howls and he is rewarded by having a team which bids fair to land the pennant. The game yesterday was the worst defeat Fort Wayne has sustained this season, 9 to 3, another 5 to 0 and another 8 to 2. Lost by six runs, not one overwhelming, disgraceful defeat, the only club in the league which can claim as much.

Now, Fort Wayne "rooters," let us all put our heads together and decide to go to the games and as each player comes to bat, give him the glad hand, a word of encouragement, and last, if he makes an error, tell him they all do it. Encouragement from the home "rooters" on the home grounds is a great help to a team and this is all Fort Wayne needs. Will you do it?

YESTERDAY'S GAME.

Toledo was too much for the Maroons yesterday, defeating them by a score of 9 to 3. Barring Toledo's half of the sixth inning the game was interesting. At that stage of the game the Mud Hens hopped onto Severs for a total of seven hits and six men crossed the plate before the side was retired. Herr then went into the box and shut Toledo out to the end. Cigarette Keenan twirled for Toledo and Fort Wayne did not connect with him to any great extent. In but one inning were they able to get more than one hit. Sharp loomed up with a sensational stop of a hot grounder and touched a base runner and passed the ball over to Dummy Kihm and thus completed a double play. It was a magnificent play. As Fort Wayne is now tie for the tail-end position, no doubt our luck will change and we will again climb the per cent. ladder. The Toledoes have yet two more games to play here, and here's hoping that the Maroons will in a measure even up. The score.

INNINGS.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Fort Wayne	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	0— 3
Toledo	0	0	0	2	1	6	0	0	0— 9

Hits—Fort Wayne, 7; Toledo, 13. Errors—Fort Wayne, 1, Toledo, 2. Earned runs—Toledo, 5. Two-base hits—Kihm, Beck 2, Smith. Sacrifice hits—O'Meara, Keenan 2, Hartman. Stolen base—Hagerty. First base on balls—Off Severs, 1; off Keenan, 2 Hit by pitched ball—By Keenan, 1. Struck out—By Herr, 1; by Keenan, 3. Double plays—Sharp to Kihm, Lally to Meyers. Batteries—Keenan and Arthur; Severs, Herr and O'Meara. Umpire—Colgan. Time of game—1:25.

OTHER INTER-STATE GAMES.

DAYTON, Ohio, June 12.—The Daytons had a walkover with the Springfield team yesterday, making twenty-three hits off McIlvaine, who was recently secured from the Western league. Out of six chances, Flick, the champion batter in the league, made a home run, a three-bagger, a two-bagger and three safe hits. Emig pitched a good game up to the ninth, when the visitors scored seven clean hits and five runs: The score:

Dayton.....0 2 0 1 2 1 0 3 4—16
Springfield...0 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 5— 7

Hits—Springfield, 17; Dayton, 23. Errors—Springfield, 9; Dayton, 3. Batteries—For Dayton, Emig and Greenwald; for Springfield, McIlvaine and Schabel.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, June 12.—The local team pulled themselves together and won the first game in seven played with New Castle. Captain Scheible and Musser, of the local team, were suspended by the umpire for disputing decisions. The score:

Youngstown..0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2— 3
New Castle...0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0— 2

Base Hits—New Castle, 6; Youngstown, 5. Errors—New Castle, 3; Youngstown, 0. Batteries—For New Castle, Hickman and Donovan; for Youngstown, Brodie and Patterson.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, June 12.—The Mansfields outplayed the Wheelings at every point in the game yesterday and won as they pleased. Coyle was batted out of the box, although he made a desperate effort to stick it out. The feature of the game was the heavy batting of the home team. Katz for Mansfield secured two home runs and a two-bagger in three times at bat. The score:

Mansfield....2 0 2 0 2 0 3 6 5—20
Wheeling....1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0— 4

Base hits—Wheeling, 12; Mansfield, 20. Errors—Wheeling, 4; Mansfield, 2. Batteries—For Wheeling, Coyle, Taylor and Messitt; for Mansfield, Van Giesen and Lynch.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

National League—Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 10. Baltimore, 5; Cleveland, 4. Washington, 6; St. Louis, 3. Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 3. Cincinnati, 2; New York, 1. Boston, 8-12; Louisville, 1-4.

Western League—Milwaukee, 5; Grand Rapids, 10. Columbus, 14; St. Paul, 9. Detroit, 2; Kansas City, 3. Minneapolis at Indianapolis—rain.

Western Association—Peoria, 1; Rockford, 8. Dubuque, 24; Cedar Rapids, 8. St. Joseph, 5; Des Moines, 4. Burlington, 4; Quincy, 8.

Michigan State League—Bay City, 9; Kalamazoo, 10.

INTER-STATE LEAGUE

Springfield at Dayton.
Toledo at Fort Wayne.
New Castle at Youngstown.
Wheeling at Mansfield.

NOTES.

Sanders may be given a trial by Toledo.

Dayton will be here Monday for three games.

Beck, as usual, did great work with his stick.

McKevitt got his eye on the ball and made a hit yesterday.

Fitch made an error yesterday but he also made two hits.

Hagerty, Babb and O'Meara failed to touch the pig skin safely.

The Baker Streets defeated the South Sides by the score of 25 to 9.

The following is the batting order for today: Cooke, lf; Sharp, 2b; Robinson, cf; McKevitt, rf; Fitch, ss; Babb, 3b; Kihm, 1b; O'Meara, c; Herr, p.

The Wayne Hotels defeated the High Schools by a score of 26 to 3. The features of the game were the catching and batting of Eggeman, of the High Schools. Batteries—Brown and Jones; Heliker, Hopkins and Eggeman.

Captain Tebeau has given "Chippy" McGarr his unconditional release. Tebeau said that McGarr could not get in form this season, while Wallace is not only fielding the position grandly, but is also hitting the ball hard.

New Castle Courant-Guardian: "Here's a guess on it: Toledo, Fort Wayne, Dayton, New Castle, Mansfield, Youngstown, Springfield, Wheeling. Paste this in your scrap book.—Toledo Critic. That's the only place such a finish will ever be—in a scrap book. If New Castle isn't first it will be second, and if Wheeling doesn't beat Toledo out Our Own will have to be something worse than eighth.—Wheeling News."

Youngstown Telegram: "Catcher Creamer, with whom the local base ball management has for some time been negotiating, wired that he had decided not to re-enter professional ball and that in accordance with that determination he would not sign a Youngstown contract. Since the refusal of Creamer to don a Youngstown uniform the management is keeping a sharp lookout for several first-class men, and if available they will be signed."

Wayne, the pitcher released by Fort Wayne, has gone to Port Huron, Mich.

Under the caption, "Strobel's Jolly," the Youngstown Telegram has the following: "In a letter received by the management of the local base ball team Manager Strobel, of Toledo, writes: 'Do not make too many changes in your team. You have a good club. They are in hard luck, but will come out all right in time and be in the race.' Perhaps Strobel fears that contemplated changes in the local team if effected may interfere with his chances of again making it three straight."

New Castle Courant-Guardian: "A worse schedule of base ball could not have been arranged than the present one. Torreyson is said to be the originator of the same. Here it is coming July and yet patrons are waiting to see several teams play here. Youngstown plays New Castle here for the second time and other clubs appearing here before are scheduled to come before the initial appearance of Dayton with Elmer Flick and Springfield with famous Rinehart—Youngstown Vindicator. We don't see Springfield or Dayton until the last of this month. The schedule's no good." Fort Wayne has not been to Mansfield or Wheeling and has been to Toledo twice. Strobel says he had a schedule at the meeting, but the board of directors adopted Torreyson's "crazy-patch" without looking at his.

Washington Post: "The interchange of gossip between the pitchers of contemporaneous teams generally has to do with the strength and weakness or peculiarities of certain new phenoms in the major league. In Cincinnati last week Charley Nichols, the artistic twirler of the Beaneaters, and Win Mercer fell to discussing Lajoie. Stahl and Sockalexis. 'Sock,' said Nichols, 'is not stuck on a low curve, but if you keep them around his neck and get it over fast for him he will go after it in a hurry and eat it up. Lajoie was discussed, and Mercer said of the Gascon first baseman: 'He can hit about anything, same as Delehanty, and he has a peculiar habit of whipping at the ball, like Clements, of the Phillies.' 'Stahl, of our team, has no particular specialty as a batsman,' said Nichols. 'I have seen him go in the air and give an imitation of a lineman by reaching out for the trolley favorities, as Dad Clarke calls 'em. Then I have seen Stahl nail a low curve, and hit 'em opposite his shoulders at full speed. There seems to be a general impression that Sockalexis's weakness at bat is a low curve, and it remains to be seen after he has faced the twirlers of the major league at least twice whether he is the batsman that his admirers imagine.'"

BASE BALL.

Toledo vs. Fort Wayne, June 12 and 13. Dayton vs. Fort Wayne, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Cressler and son, Kerr Murray, leave today for Philadelphia.

"I am convinced Cleveland's is the purest baking powder made, and I have adopted it exclusively in my cooking schools and for daily household use."

SARAH T. RORER,
Editor Cookery Department, Ladies' Home Journal.

Guarantee.

Grocers are authorized to give back your money if you do not find Cleveland's the best baking powder you have ever used.

Cleveland Baking Powder Co., N.Y.

"A CARD PARTY."

Crescent

Tandems.

Crescent Bicycles give rare cycling pleasure. Crescent Tandems double it, adding companionship, dividing work.

Crescent Tandems are properly built in every way. Strong, rigid, with many improvements that add to their riders' satisfaction.

The Crescent Tandem with elevated rear seat is in special favor, $125. Regular Crescent Tandems, Combination and Double Diamond Frames, are $100.

Bicycles.

WESTERN WHEEL WORKS, Factory, Chicago.

CATALOGUE FREE. AGENTS EVERYWHERE.

$22.50

On June 29, 30, July 1, 2 and 3,

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS TO CALIFORNIA

—VIA—

UNION PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The Only Line Running Four Daily Trains from Missouri River to the Pacific Coast.

"The Overland Limited"

is the only train west of Missouri River with Buffet, Smoking and Library Cars.

UNION PACIFIC

is 12 hours shorter than any other line to California.

For full information call on or address,

T. C. WALLACE,
Traveling Pass. Agt.
2 Jackson Place, Indianapolis Ind.

JUNE WEATHER.

Data for the Past Twenty-six Years and the Present Month.

In a period of twenty-six years, during which regular weather observations were made by the government, it is found that the general average temperature in this section for the month of June is 74 degrees, and the average amount of rainfall for the month is 4.40 inches. The warmest June was in 1874, with an average of 80 degrees. The coolest June was in 1889, with an average of 70 degrees. The highest temperature was 98 degrees, on June 28, 1874. The lowest temperature was 30 degrees, on June 1, 1889. The average number of clear June days is 8, of partly cloudy 14, and of cloudy 8. The average number of days with 0.01 of an inch or more of rain is 11. The greatest monthly rainfall in June was 9.86 inches, in 1880; the least 1.69 inches, in 1871. The highest wind in the past twenty-six yers was 40 miles per hour, from the northwest, on June 22, 1893

The present month so far had a maximum temperature of 82 degrees, on the 2d, and the minimum was 50 degrees on the mornings of the 5th and 8th Only 0 38 of an inch of rain has fallen so far, and the days have been fair and cool.

If you want clothing go to The Fair. 9tf

Many Think!

When it was said to the woman: "In sorrow shalt thou bring forth children," that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but the thrill of joy felt by every Mother when she clasps to her heart her babe proves the contrary. True, dangers lurk in the pathway of the Expectant Mother and should be avoided.

"Mother's Friend"

So prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger and pain. Its use insures safety to the life of both Mother and child, and makes childbirth easy and recovery more rapid.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book, "To Expectant Mothers," mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Perhaps the "New Woman" will be a stronger woman than the old one. Certainly, fresh air and the right exercise will do much for her. Fresh air is a great restorative, exercise a great nerve tonic if a woman be in condition to take it. A healthy woman can avoid disease. She can avoid the seemingly almost inevitable "weakness" of her sex if she pursues the proper hygienic methods. The same methods will not cure her if she be already sick. Taken under medical direction, in connection with the right medicine, they will help effect a cure. No women who suffers at all from so-called "female weakness" should attempt athletics of any sort. She should first put herself into possession of strong and hearty health by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. After she is thoroughly well, exercise and diversion will help to keep her well. The cure should come first. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is designed and recommended for only the one thing. It acts directly upon one set of organs. No matter what is the matter with them, it will cure it. It will not cure anything else. It is a wholesome tonic, an invigorating nervine, or nerve-food as well as a healing medicine, and thousands of perfectly well women have found that by taking it regularly during the period of pregnancy, the danger and pain of parturition were much lessened, and in many cases, almost entirely obviated.

In every American household, there should be a copy of Dr. Pierce's great work, "Common Sense Medical Adviser," 908 pages, illustrated. One copy for 50c to any address on receipt of 21 one cent stamps to pay for mailing only. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

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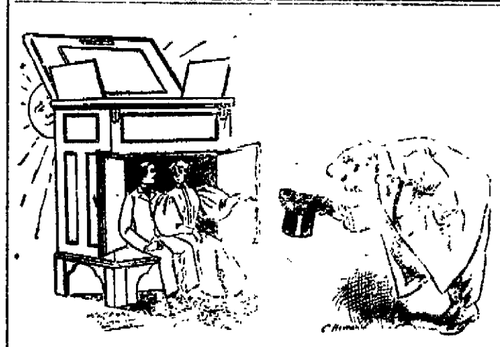
This is the exact size and shape of the Regular Spanish Cigar The only 10c Cigar that sells for 5c. Made by

KASTEN & KOHLMEYER, 248 Calhoun Street.



How do you do Lady and Gentleman. Allow me to congratulate you for being in such a comfortable place, you look so fresh and harty, and I am almost exhausted. Why is it? Well we use the Leonard Cleanable Refrigerator! They are the most complete ice saving, vegetable saving and health saving in the market. We have been in every place in the city, where they keep Refrigerators, but nothing like the Leonard. Say, go to the Indiana Furniture Store, they have the exclusive sale of the Leonard, they will show you all of the good points they have, and they are just the ones that can do it. Thank you, thank you! I will go see them at once.

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Fine Overcoats for $17.00 and $18.00.
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(Central Pacific R. R.) The oldest, shortest and only route operating through daily dining car service between the East and California.

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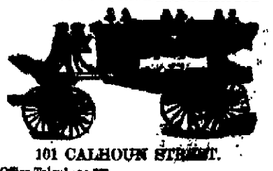

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PART SECOND. 8 PAGES, 72 COLUMNS

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

8 PAGES, 72 COLUMNS PART SECOND.

ESTABLISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

JOHN CABOT'S MEMORY.

To Be Honored In Fitting Style by the City of Bristol.

HE DISCOVERED NORTH AMERICA.

How the Four Hundredth Anniversary of That Discovery Will Be Celebrated—A Revival of Interest In the Achievements of the Early English Explorers.

Right in the heart of the city of Bristol, England, rises Brandon hill, a conical eminence from whose summit the harbor of that ancient port, the river Severn and the broad sweep of Bristol channel as it widens out into the ocean can be seen. Just at the apex of this hill there is to be laid on June 24 the cornerstone of a sightly monument which is to commemorate the achievements of a man who shaped the destiny of a continent.

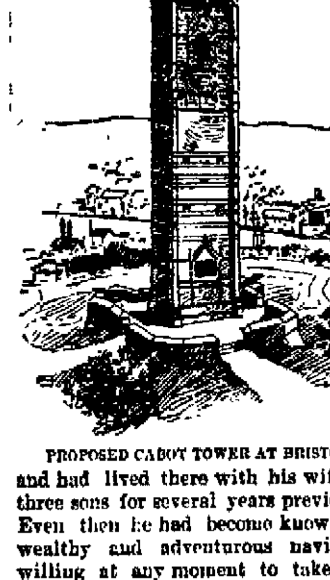
That man was John Cabot.

The date on which the cornerstone for this structure will be laid is the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of North America. On that day, 1497, John Cabot landed on the coast of Labrador and planted side by side the flag of England and the banner of the republic of Venice. The reason for locating the memorial tower in Bristol is that at the time of Cabot's departure on this voyage he was a citizen of Bristol. More than this, his expedition was fitted out in Bristol, and he sailed in Bristol ships, manned by Bristol men.

A committee composed of the foremost citizens of Bristol has charge of the quadricentennial celebration, and the completed monument is to cost $25,000. Natives of Bristol in all parts of the world are expected to be present at the ceremony and Englishmen generally have been invited to participate in the celebration. Canadians are to observe the day independently, and it is not unlikely that many Americans will take some part in the observance of this historic anniversary.

It has been a long time that the famous navigator has waited for a material recognition of his services to the English speaking race. He certainly deserves a monument if any one does, for so far as is known he has not even a headstone to mark his last resting place. We do not even know where or in what country he was born. What nation gave us this daring explorer, more intrepid than Columbus and far more fortunate in his achievements, is and always will be an unsolved mystery.

The first mention of his name is found in the archives of Venice, from which we learn that on March 28, 1476, he was granted the rights of an adopted citizen after having been a resident of the republic for 15 years. He is next mentioned in 1495, when it appears that he had become a citizen of Bristol



PROPOSED CABOT TOWER AT BRISTOL.

and had lived there with his wife and three sons for several years previously. Even then he had become known as a wealthy and adventurous navigator, willing at any moment to take out a cargo for any port, known or unknown

At that time Bristol rivaled Venice in the maritime field. Bristol ships went back and forth freighted with rich merchandise, and the water side was at all times a busy place. Many a keel was laid on the shores of Severn in those days, and the city laid the foundations for a maritime supremacy which even today has not wholly disappeared.

In the autumn of 1495 John Cabot announced that he was preparing an expedition which in the following spring was to set sail into the unknown seas. Columbus had but recently returned and reported that he had reached one of the outlying islands of the Indies. At that time the very existence of the two vast continents of America had not been dreamed of. Certainly Cabot was not searching for them. He was in quest of that popular will-o'-the-wisp of the times, the northwest passage to the Indies. Like other advanced thinkers, he was probably confident that the world was round. Perhaps he wasn't sure. At any rate he didn't care. Round or flat, he thought that somewhere in that mysterious watery waste to the west there must be a passage to the golden storehouse of Cathay.

But Cabot was a shrewd business man as well as a courageous sailor, so before he started he applied for and received from Henry VII a commission or patent authorizing him to take possession in the name of the king of any new lands which he might discover in the Atlantic or Indian oceans. This commission also granted him the sole right to trade with such new countries, provided he gave one-fifth of the profits to the king. This privilege was also to be extended to his heirs.

An ocean route to the Indies would have been immensely profitable at that time, and such was the confidence of Bristol people in Cabot's ability as a navigator that he had no difficulty in fitting out a big expedition. It was done without any flourish of trumpets and, being a purely commercial enterprise and devoid of romance, attracted little public attention.

Early in April Cabot, with his five ships, each manned by hardy Bristol tars, sailed down the Severn and out into Bristol channel. Shaping his course south, he sailed until he reached the Canaries, and then he struck boldly northwest. On the morning of June 24 a gray, gloomy, forbidding coast line was sighted. Surely this was not one of the Indian islands, reasoned Cabot. Then it must be part of the territory of the great cham of Tartary.

We have abundant detail concerning the sensations of Columbus when he first sighted the little island of San Salvador. The historians have given us all the theatrical qualities of that event which could be desired, for what information they lacked they probably

SEBASTIAN CABOT.

supplied; but of the feelings of Cabot when he first made out the grim shore line of a vast continent we know nothing at all, and it is too late in the day for any historian, no matter how daring, to make good the deficiency. We only know that he landed somewhere about the middle of the Labrador coast.

This was the real discovery of America. It was 15 months later before Columbus reached the mainland. Amerigo Vespucci did not discover the continent for two years after. Seeing no people, Cabot finally concluded that the land was uninhabited. Then he planted the English and Venetian standards and sailed south along the coast for about 300 miles. He is said to have twice sighted the coast of Newfoundland on the homeward voyage, but as to whether he landed or not authorities differ. Some say he did and others say he did not.

After an absence of little more than three months Cabot dropped anchor again in Bristol harbor. He was greeted with great enthusiasm. The town took a holiday, and the news swept like wildfire through the kingdom. All England rejoiced, and Cabot was hailed as her favorite admiral. The crown gave him money and encouragement. New ships were fitted out and new crews enlisted. A new commission, more liberal in its provisions than the first, was signed in 1498.

But right here, just as John Cabot was at the apex of his career, his name drops from the annals. Where he died and how history does not tell. Thus passed out in mystery one of the most interesting of the early explorers. But the thread is taken up by John Cabot's second son, Sebastian, who was a worthy successor to his father. Sebastian took the commission, and in May, 1498, set sail with a well equipped squadron. He had accompanied his father on his first voyage and knew his plans for the second.

But Sebastian also had a mind of his own. He proposed to reach the Indies at once through the northwest passage. So instead of sailing away to the south he struck boldly west by north and sailed until he sighted the coast of Greenland. Then the great masses of ice which he encountered forced him to change his course to the south. He made a landing near the spot first visited by his father and then continued on down, touching here and there along the coast and skirting the Atlantic shore until he reached as far south as Cape Hatteras. Only the Norsemen had been before him, and of what they found or saw no record is left.

But Sebastian Cabot saw Indians dressed in the skins of wild beasts, and he was able to tell considerable about this new country which he had taken possession of in the name of the king. But he had failed to find the northwest passage, and on his return but little attention was paid to his discoveries. Vasco da Gama had by doubling the cape of Good Hope reached the desired goal, and so the younger Cabot's achievements were dimmed by the glory of the Portuguese.

It was not for many years after that the real importance of the Cabot achievements was realized. Now after four centuries we fully comprehend. Early in the fifteenth century the Spanish issued a map of the new world in which full justice was done to Spanish navigators, but along the north Atlantic coast were five points which were designated as having been discovered by the English. This was a fatal admission for the Spanish and one which they afterward greatly regretted.

The result was that while Spain claimed Central and South America she never laid claim to any part of the continent of North America above Florida. The English did claim it and colonized it. Thus it is due to the Cabots that today North America is the home of English speaking people. Had they not sailed from Bristol Spain might have located her provinces in both continents and the history of our land would have been vastly changed. With a full understanding of what the Cabots did for us Americans ought to take more than a passing interest in the monument at Bristol.

SEWELL FORD.

A Magnetic Crane.

A magnetic crane is employed in a London foundry for the purpose of lifting pieces of iron and steel. Three men can thus accomplish in 15 minutes the work that formerly required the same number of men engaged for 1½ hours.

Transmigration.

The Metaphysical—Only fancy that there dwells in yonder woman the soul of a lion or tiger!

The Material—She does seem full of animal spirits, doesn't she?—Detroit Journal.

Her First Thought.

He—Come, darling, fly, oh, fly with me.

She—Oh, Charley, is that mysterious airship really yours?—New York Journal.

The Blow.

"No, papa, I don't want a wheel,"
Replied his student daughter.
"You've spent so much I really feel
As if I hadn't oughter.
I'll plank the money in the bank.
If you don't mind, I'd rather."
The old man in a deep faint sank.
The blow almost killed father.
—Syracuse Herald.

RICHES TOOK WINGS.

THE RISE AND DECLINE OF A BONANZA KING.

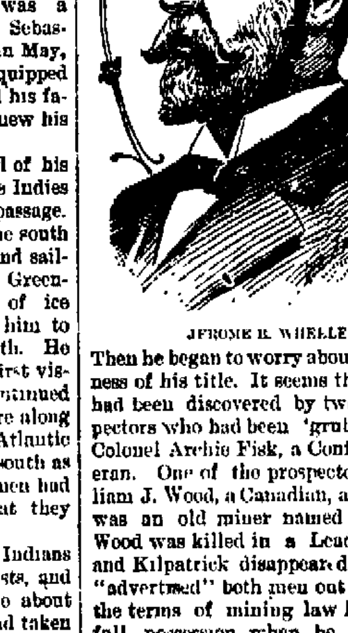
Jerome B. Wheeler's Sudden Success In the Colorado Silver Mines—How He Boomed the Town of Aspen—Reverses That Have Depleted His Fortune.

The life story of Jerome B. Wheeler is much more interesting than that of the ordinary individual, although the narration of the events in the life of any person can never be wholly dull. It is the story of the rise and fall of a multimillionaire and contains elements of the highest dramatic quality. Beginning life in an obscure and humble station, he reached a point where for several years he was known as a bonanza king. In four short years his immense fortune has crumbled away until today, while he is by no means bankrupt or in danger of becoming a pauper, he counts his remaining dollars by the thousands rather than by the millions and the glamour of great wealth has left him.

About 1875 Jerome B. Wheeler was an ambitious but impecunious clerk in a big wholesale house in New York city. Later he made the acquaintance of a Miss Valentine. It happened that Miss Valentine's uncle was one of the firm of one of the largest department stores in the metropolis. When he married Miss Valentine, Wheeler went into the big store on a salary. In the course of time the uncle died and left the former Miss Valentine an interest in the big store. That made Wheeler a partner.

In 1879 the Leadville mining fever struck New York and Wheeler caught it. He promptly sold out his interest for a good sum and went to Leadville. By the time he got there Aspen was just beginning to loom up as the big silver mining camp of Colorado. He was one of the few men on the ground with capital, and although he probably made many poor investments those which were good yielded such big profits that his capital rapidly multiplied. Finally he bought the Emma silver mine, which had begun to show good ore, paying $25,000 for it. Soon after he came into possession of this property a rich vein of silver was struck, varying from 40 to 50 feet thick. The ore was enormously rich, and in some places a single ton of it was worth as much as the original purchase price.

The Emma began to prove a veritable Golconda and Wheeler found himself growing richer and richer every minute.



JEROME B. WHEELER.

Then he began to worry about the soundness of his title. It seems that the mine had been discovered by two poor prospectors who had been "grub staked" by Colonel Archie Fisk, a Confederate veteran. One of the prospectors was William J. Wood, a Canadian, and the other was an old miner named Kilpatrick. Wood was killed in a Leadville saloon and Kilpatrick disappeared. Fisk had "advertised" both men out of it and by the terms of mining law had assumed full possession when he sold out to Wheeler.

Knowing this history of the mine, Wheeler took great pains to secure his title. He found that Fisk had no right to "advertise out" a dead man and that the advertisement lacked just three days of having been displayed for the proper time. Then he hired lawyers and detectives to trace down the Kilpatrick and Wood heirs. The former was found alive and relinquished his claim for $25,000. Wood's heirs were found only after a long search and bought off for a small sum.

Then Wheeler was satisfied. He boomed things in Aspen at a rate that made him the talk of the country. He established a bank there and built one of the finest mansions in the west as a home for himself and family. He raised the place from the level of a mining camp to a city of 10,000 inhabitants. Then he went to Manitou and did almost as much for that town. He entertained in princely style and was held up as a model citizen throughout Colorado.

Then came the crash. One day a quiet little fellow walked into Wheeler's office and in the name of the Wood heirs demanded possession of the Aspen mine and a big share of the profits which Wheeler had been mining for ten years. Wheeler ordered him out of the office. Preposterous as the claim seemed then, it would have been economy for Wheeler had he complied at once.

But he didn't. The quiet little man began suits, carried them from court to court, and in 1895 won a judgment which cost Wheeler nearly $5,000,000 to settle. The case was won on the point that Wheeler settled the original claims of the Wood heirs with money which belonged to them and not to him.

From that point on Wheeler's millions have been rapidly slipping away, and the latest signs of his downfall have been the closing of his banks in Aspen and Manitou. Mr. Wheeler resides in New York, but the swath which he is at present cutting in society is a very small one as compared to that in which he formerly trod. It was a case where riches took wing.

JOHN F. WILLOUGHBY.

Elevated Railroad Etiquette.

"I beg pardon," said a man who was hurrying out of an elevated car, as he came into violent contact with the foot of a man who sat with his legs crossed and one foot poised in the air about half way across the aisle. The hurrying man had barked his shin on the other man's shoe and had transferred about half the blacking from it to his trousers, but he had knocked the other man's foot down, and he was polite.

"Certainly," said the other man, looking up from his paper with a scowl, but changing his mind and manner when he saw the hurrying man was evidently sincere, and then he crossed his legs again and went on reading the paper, with his foot once more suspended in the aisle, ready for somebody else to fall over. —New York Sun.

LARS ANDERSON'S PRIZE.

He Captured the Affections of a $17,000,000 Heiress.

Miss Isabelle Perkins of Boston, the announcement of whose coming marriage to Mr. Lars Anderson of Cincinnati has recently been made, is one of the richest girls in America and has a fortune of more than $17,000,000 in her own right. She is also heir apparent to

MISS ISABELLE PERKINS.

her mother's fortune of about $20,000,000. Her father is Commodore George H. Perkins, U. S. N., retired.

In September, 1895, Miss Perkins went abroad under the protecting wing of Mrs. Maude Howe Elliott, the daughter of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe. Mrs. Elliott was to chaperon Miss Perkins during a three years' trip abroad, the young lady's mother being an invalid and unable to accompany her. As it was understood that Mrs. Elliott gave her services as chaperon for a consideration the establishing of this new profession attracted some attention.

If it was the intention of Mrs. Elliott to show her young charge the sights of European capitals and bring her back hand and fancy free she has not made a great success of the chaperone business, for almost the first thing Miss Perkins did after going abroad was to fall in love.

The first winter was spent in Rome, where Mrs. Elliott's husband has a studio. There Miss Perkins met Mr. Anderson, who was secretary of the American legation in the Eternal City. They became engaged and at the end of one year, instead of three, Miss Perkins returned home and obtained the consent of her parents to the match. The date of the marriage was set for about two months ago on the supposition that Mr. Anderson could leave his post. His resignation was delayed because of the change in the administration, so the ceremony was postponed until June 15. Miss Perkins is a petite brunette and inherited her fortune from her grandfather.

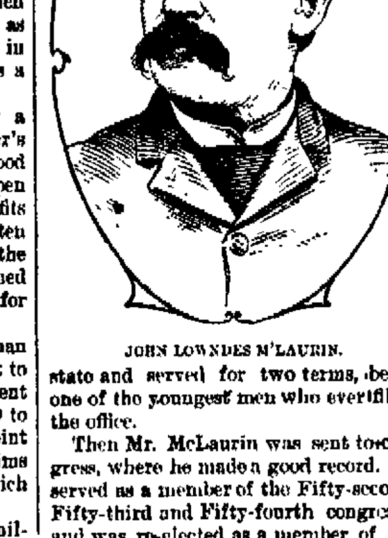
Mrs. Elliott is at liberty just now as a professional chaperon and probably hopes that her next charge will not be in such a hurry to marry.

SUCCEEDS SENATOR EARLE.

Political Career of John L. McLaurin, Senator Tillman's Colleague.

John Lowndes McLaurin, the new senator from South Carolina, is a member of a family of old time southern politicians, and his name has long been a prominent one in his native state. He is only 37 years old, but he has already had quite an extensive political career.

Mr. McLaurin was born in Marlboro county, S. C., and after attending various schools and academies he studied law at the University of Virginia. At the age of 22 he was admitted to the bar and began to practice his profession in Bennettsville. He soon took a high rank at the bar, for his eloquence attracted much attention. He was an early recruit to the Tillman reform movement, and when the latter was elected governor he made a canvass of the state in his behalf. In 1890 Mr. McLaurin was elected a member of the state legislature by a large majority. A year later he was elected attorney general of the



JOHN LOWNDES M'LAURIN.

state and served for two terms, being one of the youngest men who ever filled the office.

Then Mr. McLaurin was sent to congress, where he made a good record. He served as a member of the Fifty-second, Fifty-third and Fifty-fourth congresses and was re-elected as a member of the Fifty-fifth. In congress he has always been an enthusiastic champion of free silver, but on local issues he and Senator Tillman, who was at one time his strongest supporter and who considered McLaurin as his most trusted lieutenant, have often differed.

Senator McLaurin is one of the best looking men in the august body of which he has just become a member. He is tall, straight and of athletic build. He is considerable of an athlete, in fact, and has been ever since his schoolboy days. His education was somewhat interfered with by his fondness for athletics, and at one Quaker school near Philadelphia he is said to have given a professor who undertook to punish him a severe thrashing. The professor went to bed and the athletic young southerner was expelled.

A Considerate Son.

Young Spendthrift—I didn't get you any birthday present, dad—thought you'd rather keep the money.—Tit-Bits.

LACHINE IN HARNESS.

TO UTILIZE THE POWER OF THE FAMOUS RAPIDS.

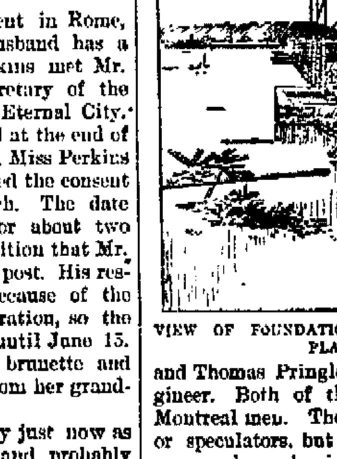
The Captive Flood to Turn Eighty-six Turbine Wheels—A Difficult Feat of Engineering Successfully Performed—A New Manufacturing Suburb of Montreal.

Just before the mighty St. Lawrence reaches Montreal on its way to the ocean it makes a sudden descent of a good many feet. It does not do this in one magnificent leap, as does the Niagara river, but it plunges along over a rough and rocky bed which slopes somewhat steeply eastward. If this descent were all in one fall, it would make a cataract beside which Niagara would appear insignificant, for the river is more than two miles wide at this point.

As it is, the great volume of water plunges and races down a rocky shelf which is known as the Lachine rapids. These rapids are about five miles above the city and they lend to the voyage down the St. Lawrence a charming climax, for there is much that is exciting and exhilarating in "shooting" the rapids, even in a big steamer. So tumultuous are the waters after they have whipped and lashed about the great bowlders in the river that the big river steamers are tossed about like corks and the tourists hold their breath as they see the jagged points race past them.

But, although the picturesque beauties of the rapids have been appreciated from the earliest times, it seems that not until a comparatively recent date have Canadians awakened to the fact that here was a vast amount of power which could be utilized. Less than 80 years ago the first scheme for harnessing the Lachine rapids was proposed. A company was actually chartered, but that was as far as the project was carried. Since then many schemes for putting the famous rapids to work have been proposed, and promoters have formed great companies on paper, but not until 1895 did the men arrive who were capable of pushing the enterprise through to success.

In that year permission was granted to McLea Walbank, a civil engineer,



VIEW OF FOUNDATION, LACHINE POWER PLANT.

and Thomas Pringle, a mechanical engineer. Both of these gentlemen are Montreal men. They are not boomers or speculators, but practical business men and mechanics. They formed a company which had real money behind it and began the work without delay.

They have applied practically the same principle which has been used to harness Niagara, only they have done their work under very different conditions, of course. In the first place, they built a dam out into the river for 1,000 feet. It is so constructed as to form 43 flumes, and in each of these flumes are set two turbine wheels. The turbines are connected with dynamos or generators, thus producing an immense amount of electrical power.

One of the most difficult features of the preparatory work was the removal of a natural reef of solid rock which jutted out from the shore for a considerable distance and lay exactly across the site for the main dam and power house. This reef had to be blasted out at considerable expense and at the cost of much time. But it was finally wiped out, and then in the bed of the river were sunk the foundations for the power house. These are solidly built of steel frames and cut stone and are calculated to resist the terrific pressure of the ice when it goes out in the spring.

The turbines are set deep down in the power house, and as the water comes through the flumes it falls upon them, causing them to spin on their axles like so many gigantic pinwheels. At the upper end of the axles are the "purring dynamos," as Kipling calls them, which convert the force of the rapids into that subtle power which may be carried for miles over a wire and set to turning car wheels, lighting streets or doing a hundred other errands for ingenious man.

To each dynamo are connected six big turbines which rotate it 175 times a minute and make it capable of generating 4,400 volts. Starting from the power house is a pole line of gaunt skeletons which stretch away to the limits of the city. The poles are made of latticed steel work, and from their stout arms hang the thick wires which carry the power. When the wires reach the city, they pass underground to a central station, from which they crawl out by means of a network of subways to all parts of the city. It is estimated that not an appreciable fraction of the original power is lost from the time it leaves the generators out in the rapids until it is connected with the small feeders which distribute it.

Like the Niagara company, the Lachine Power company has obtained possession of a large tract of land facing the works and is laying it out for a handsome suburb, offering the attractions of cheap electric lighting and convenient car service to Montreal. Before a great while the streets of the city will be lighted, the cars run and factory wheels turned all by the harnessed power of Lachine falls.

C. J. BOWDEN.

Pepper.

"It has always amused me," remarked a botanical expert, "to hear people talking of their preference for black pepper over white and the various explanations they give for the same. Little do they know that both black and white pepper grows upon the same shrub. Over the pepper seed grows a black covering. The seed itself is white, or nearly so. To make black pepper the seed and its external covering are ground up, while the white pepper is the seed alone ground up. White pepper is milder than black, the greater part of the pungency being in the covering. A pepper made of the covering alone would be such, to use a slang term, hot stuff that it would burn the mouth. The black covering of the pepper seed contains the oil."—Washington Star.

LIVES WITH THE INDIANS.

Miss Crawford Is the Advance Agent of Civilization to the Kiowas.

Mainly through the efforts of Miss Isabelle Crawford, a young missionary, the Kiowa Indians are gradually becoming civilized. They have advanced so far that the time is soon to hold a great Christian camp meeting, when those who have already been converted will promulgate the new doctrine among the unregenerate. The Kiowas live in the western part of Oklahoma, and the only missionary among them is Miss Crawford. She is the daughter of a Canadian college professor, and for 14

MISS ISABELLE CRAWFORD.

years has devoted her life to one long effort to better the condition of the Indians.

Miss Crawford soon found that the only way she could reach the savages was to go right among them, live as they lived and gain their confidence. That is exactly what she has done. Saddle Mountain, where she has her missionary school, is 77 miles from a railroad and 37 miles from a postoffice. The nearest whites are 25 miles away. There, in the midst of the Indian village, she has her little cabin, which serves as schoolroom, chapel, kitchen and sitting room, and which must be shared with any Indian family, no matter how large, which happens to claim her hospitality. Her scant supply of food, too, must be shared on such occasions.

But this daring young missionary lives in comparative comfort when at headquarters, as she calls her cabin, to what she does when she is traveling among the scattered camps. Then she shares the tepees of the Indian women and often sleeps under the same shelter with a whole big family. She lives on the coarsest and plainest food and is glad when she has enough of that. Besides doing her own housekeeping work she must cut her own firewood and haul her water, for the Indian bucks make their squaws do all such work.

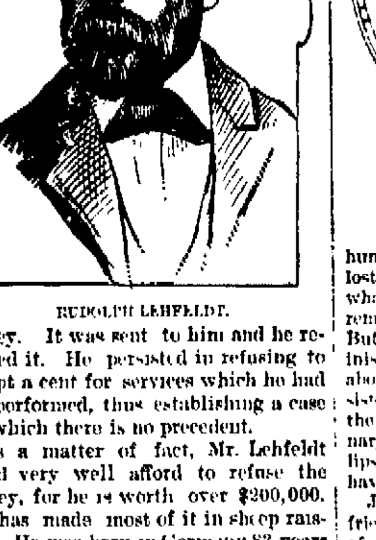
But she has taught the Indians to plow and plant and harvest and has encouraged them to something approaching industry. She has taught the squaws to use stoves and to cook food properly as well as how to take care of their children and their humble homes in a somewhat civilized manner.

OFFICE SOUGHT THE MAN.

It Caught Him, but the Man Declined the Salary.

Rudolph Lehfeldt holds a unique position among politicians. Much against his will he was elected a member of the Iowa state senate. He positively refused the nomination when offered, but the Republicans would not take no for an answer and insisted on putting his name on the ticket. It was one of those rare cases where the office actually sought the man. In this instance, as in most others on record, the office caught him, for he was elected.

But Mr. Lehfeldt, being a somewhat determined man, did not propose to be coerced into office holding, so he attended but very few sessions of the senate, and then only took his seat to vote on two measures in which he was very much interested. But this was not the most startling thing about Senator Lehfeldt's political creed. When salary day came around at the state capitol Mr. Lehfeldt was not present to draw his



RUDOLPH LEHFELDT.

money. It was sent to him and he returned it. He persisted in refusing to accept a cent for services which he had not performed, thus establishing a case for which there is no precedent.

As a matter of fact, Mr. Lehfeldt could very well afford to refuse the money, for he is worth over $200,000. He has made most of it in sheep raising. He was born in Germany 83 years ago and first settled in Iowa in 1870. He took up farming and made a specialty of sheep raising. He has a big sheep ranch in Montana, but stops his live stock in Iowa and fattens them on corn before sending them to the Chicago market, where they bring gilt edged prices. Mr. Lehfeldt has been married three times and when nearly 80 years of age became the father of a pretty little girl who is the pride of his declining years.

Novel Picture Frame.

Ernest White of West Chester, Pa., has a small picture frame made of 2,200 separate pieces of wood that lock into one another. It was made by hand.

Mrs. Clatter (at the sphinx's base)—Isn't it a woman, Cyrus?

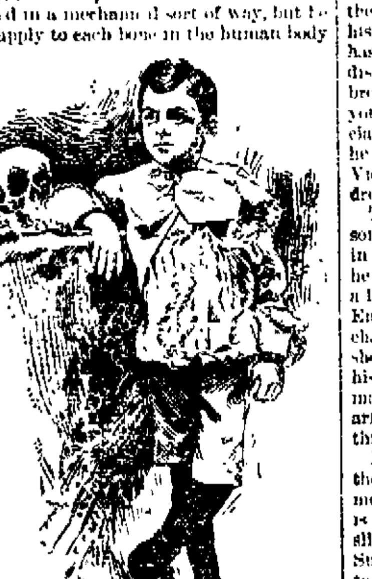
Mr. Clatter—Certainly not. Don't you see our guidebook says "the ever silent sphinx?"—New York Sunday Journal.

AN INFANT ANATOMIST.

A Five-year-old Boy Who Knows All About Surgery.

We read of infant prodigies of all sorts, but the most recent infant juvenile wonder is a 5-year-old anatomist who is astonishing the medical fraternity of Chicago by his precocious knowledge. His name is D. Will Gwin, and he is the son of Dr. Howell B. Gwin, who recently located in Chicago.

Little Master Gwin's familiarity with long medical terms is wonderful and such names as "the sostenum," "alisphenoid" and "scrotal val" slip as glibly off his tongue as would some the Mother Goose melodies from other children. They are no parrotlike phrases which he has acquired in a mechanical sort of way, but he can apply to each bone in the human body



D. WILL GWIN.

its scientific name. He handles a skull and any part of a skeleton with as much familiarity as other boys do the usual nursery playthings. He knows all about the heart structure and all its complex functions, and can talk about it in technical terms with a full understanding of what he is saying. He is right at home in a dissecting room, and looks upon cadavers with all the indifference of an old practitioner.

Willie's father is inclined to believe that his son is a striking and unusual example of hereditary influence and adaptation, concerning which there has been much speculation, but about which we have little real knowledge. Dr. Gwin himself comes from a family of physicians. For three generations the Gwin family on the paternal side have been graduated physicians and surgeons. There have been several physicians in the family of Mrs. Gwin besides.

Dr Gwin first discovered his little boy's medical bent only about a year ago, when in a teasing way he repeated several long technical words and asked Willie to pronounce them. To his surprise, the little fellow found no difficulty at all in doing so. Then his father told him what the long words meant and showed him where the bones were located in his own body. Then he began to become interested in the work which his father was doing in the dissecting room. He seemed absolutely devoid of any childish terror at sight of a dead body, but listened with interest when his father made long explanations.

A short time ago Willie was taken before the Alumni association of the Rush Medical college in Chicago and put through a public "quiz" by one of the learned faculty. He answered all the questions promptly and accurately, much to the surprise of the big gathering of physicians.

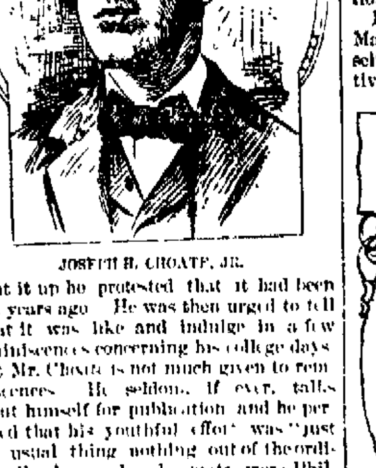
IN HIS FATHER'S FOOTSTEPS

Joseph H. Choate, Jr., Class Day Orator at Harvard.

Forty-five years ago this spring the salutatorian of the class of that year at Harvard was a tall, pleasant faced young man with wavy brown hair and strong features. On the commencement day programme his name was given as Joseph Hodges Choate. He was a member of one of the oldest of New England families, and several of his relatives and ancestors were already famous.

The young orator of nearly half a century ago has become one of the most celebrated lawyers in the country, and at the approaching commencement exercises of Harvard university on June 30 his son, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., is to be the class day poet. Young Choate bears a strong personal resemblance to his father and evidently inherits from the latter many brilliant mental characteristics. He has the same strong, manly features which make the great lawyer so conspicuous in a court room, and he has much of that genial urbanity which makes his father such a welcome guest wherever he goes.

When Joseph Choate, Sr., graduated, he delivered an original oration which it would be very interesting to read now, but when he was asked the other day to



JOSEPH H. CHOATE, JR.

hunt it up he protested that it had been lost years ago. He was then urged to tell what it was like and indulge in a few reminiscences concerning his college days. But Mr. Choate is not much given to reminiscences. He seldom, if ever, talks about himself for publication, and he persisted that his youthful effort was "just the usual thing nothing out of the ordinary." Among his classmates were Phillips Brooks and several other men who have become well known.

Joseph Choate, Jr., is expected by his friends to be as much a credit to the class of '97 as his father was to the class of '52. He has been and is very popular in college circles, having taken a great interest in athletics and in the secret fraternities. He is a brilliant student and has a high standing in the classroom. It is expected that after his graduation he will devote himself to the study of law, just as his father did.

An Epitaph.

The following is suggested as an epitaph for a verdant youth who, on his first visit to a city, "was run over by a bicycle and killed:"

The ways of Providence
Are best,
Rest, cidder fired
Sport—rest!
—Atlanta Constitution.

Bluffterton's Plaint.

"Women are always monkeying with the impossible," growled old Bluffterton as he rubbed a "crick" out of his back. "Here's my W. C. T. U. wife out today putting down the rum traffic when she'd orter be putting down carpets."—New York Journal.

Untroubled.

"I may have bitten off more than I can chew," remarked the boa constrictor as the young gazelle disappeared within its capacious jaws, "but, thank fortune, I don't have to chew." And it curled itself up for a six weeks' nap.—Chicago Tribune.

THE LAUREATE'S SON.

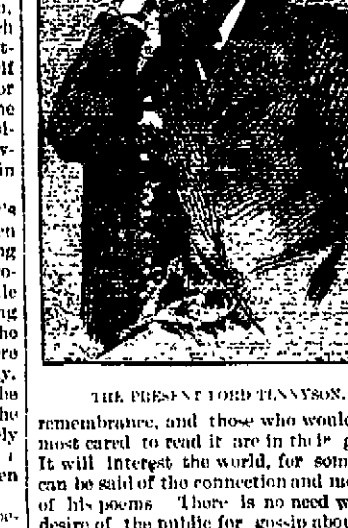
The Present Lord Tennyson Writing a Biography of His Distinguished Father.

The present Lord Tennyson and son of the late poet laureate is shortly to make his bow to the public as an author. He has written a complete biography of his distinguished father, and it will be brought out in this country next fall. Beyond this he has done little to claim special distinction, though the mere fact that he is the son of the greatest poet of the Victorian era would prevent him from dropping into obscurity.

The biography will be awaited with some interest, for the laureate lived much in seclusion, and the cold reserve which he affected made him a stranger to all but a limited circle of intimate friends. Most Englishmen knew little of his personal characteristics, except that he had a very short temper and in the latter years of his life used to go prowling about his magnificent estate on the isle of Wight armed with a stout cane, which he shook threateningly at intruders.

It is probable that the son, in writing the story of his father's life, will fail to mention some of these characteristics. It is more than likely that he will rather slight the details of the poet's family life. Such at least is the course he was advised to take by Professor Jowett, the late master of Balliol. Professor Jowett was a great friend of Tennyson's, and in a letter written to the son in 1892 he said, in speaking of the biography:

"You will not let it drag on like Stanley's life, which has almost passed out of



THE PRESENT LORD TENNYSON.

remembrance, and those who would have most cared to read it are in their graves. It will interest the world, for something can be said of the connection and meaning of his poems. There is no need why the desire of the public for gossip about him should be satisfied. He led a dignified private life and ought not to be made a show of to the public."

Arthur Hallam, the present Lord Tennyson, was named, as is well known, after Tennyson's college chum, whose early death called forth "In Memoriam," that somewhat dreary but widely famous elegiac poem. He inherited, besides the title, the extensive estates which were earned by the poet's pen, so he can well afford to end his literary efforts with his present work and live comfortably in the shadow of his father's fame.

PREMIER OF QUEBEC.

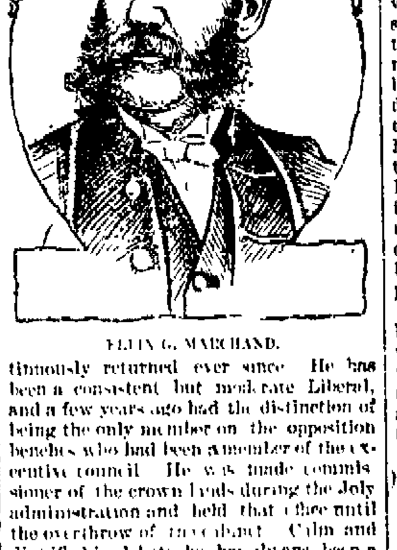
Felix G. Marchand's Long Career In Canadian Politics.

Felix Gabriel Marchand, the new premier of Quebec, is one of the most distinguished men in that province and for many years has been prominent in the provincial government. For more than 25 years he was a member of the lower branch of the Quebec legislature and for two terms served as speaker.

Mr. Marchand is 65 years old and comes from an old Quebec family and was born in St. John's, where his father had moved early in the century. He was educated at St. Hyacinthe college and studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1855. For many years he was chief editor of Le Franco-Canadien, a paper which he founded in the Liberal interests and to which he is still a contributor. He has also done considerable in the line of literature and is the author of several dramatic pieces which are still occasionally produced. As an acknowledgment of his achievements in this direction he was chosen a member of the Royal society of Canada and the French government conferred on him the decoration of officer of public instruction.

The new premier also has something of a military record, for he was a lieutenant colonel commanding a brigade of infantry during the Fenian raids in 1870 and won special mention for his bravery during action.

But it is in the political arena that Mr. Marchand has most distinguished himself. He was first elected to the legislative assembly in 1867 and has been con-



FELIX G. MARCHAND.

tinuously returned ever since. He has been a consistent but moderate Liberal, and a few years ago had the distinction of being the only member on the opposition benches who had been a member of the executive council. He was made commissioner of the crown lands during the Joly administration and held that office until the overthrow of that cabinet. Calm and dignified in debate, he has always been a striking figure in the house and gained the respect of both parties when he served as speaker.

Mr. Marchand still lives in St. John's, which he has represented for so many terms. He has a large family, including several married children, some of whom have themselves become distinguished.

Willy—What are the holes in the porous plaster for?

Fred—So the pain can get out.—Yonkers Statesman.

402 WORDS A MINUTE

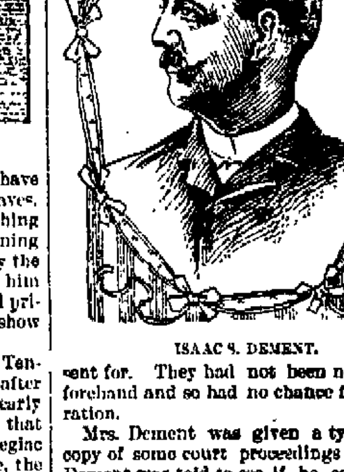
THAT IS THE RECORD OF THE FASTEST SHORTHAND WRITER.

The Remarkable Achievements of Isaac S. Dement, Who Writes Faster Than Most People Can Talk. A Test For Critics Who Doubted His Capabilities.

If you think you are a fast reader or a rapid speaker and have an idea that you can talk faster than any one can write, you should hunt up Isaac S. Dement. He is looking for such people. Probably you have no such ambition but there are a few budding orators, amateur elocutionists, young lawyers and beardless preachers who have an idea that they can juggle the English language at express train speed. These persons should meet Mr. Dement once. He lives in Chicago and is a stenographer. He has the reputation of being the fastest shorthand writer in the world and has made a record of 402 words in a minute.

This record he established not long ago in a speed test which was held at Quincy, Ills. His wife read the copy to him, and he put it down in hooks, dots and curves. He had previously written 297 words in a minute, and this performance not only broke his own record, but all other records. Of course there was not a little newspaper comment concerning the feat. The western papers generally accepted the truth of the statement, but some of the eastern newspapers, notably the New York Sun, unhesitatingly denounced the report as fiction. The Sun took pains to print an editorial comment in which it declared that it was not only impossible for any man to write 400 words in a minute, but that no human being could read distinctly and intelligibly that number of words in that time. The Sun also stated that the most rapid reader in that office had tried to enunciate clearly 300 words a minute and had failed. The best reader in The Sun office could pronounce but 230 words distinctly in 60 seconds, and The Sun did not believe that any man in Chicago or any other part of the west could do better.

This criticism was echoed by other eastern journals, and an apparently clear case of prevarication was made out against the western journalists. Naturally the latter did not relish this, and so the other day arrangements were made by the Chicago Tribune for a speed test. When everything was ready, Mr. Dement and his wife were



ISAAC S. DEMENT.

sent for. They had not been notified beforehand and so had no chance for preparation.

Mrs. Dement was given a typewritten copy of some court proceedings and Mr. Dement was told to see if he could write more than 250 words a minute. He did it with ease. At the end of the 60 seconds he had written 313 words so distinctly that any of the expert stenographers on the committee could read his notes. He would have come nearer his own record had not a defect in the manifold copy from which his wife was reading caused her to stumble twice, making it necessary to have the sentence repeated. Her dictation was not only intelligible to her husband, but was perfectly understood by the judges.

In view of all this Chicago allows itself to indulge in a satisfied smile as it surveys the utter rout and sore discomfiture of Mr. Dana and his colaborers on The Sun.

Mr. Dement, who thus humbled his eastern critics, has been known in Chicago for many years as the fastest shorthand writer living, and none of his acquaintances was at all surprised at his performance. He is no new hand at the business, for stenography is something which is not picked up in a few months. He has been writing shorthand ever since he was a boy, and it has taken him many years to become expert.

He was born on a farm in Missouri about 42 years ago. His proficiency may be due somewhat to a natural aptitude, but he acquired the greater part of his skill by good, hard work. You have heard of piano players who practiced four hours a day for years. That is the way Mr. Dement went about it. When he was a young man, he copied hundreds of books of fiction instead of reading them. This not only gave him practice in speed, but enlarged his vocabulary, so that now it is rarely that he runs across a word which he has never written before.

In the meantime he had mastered six or seven shorthand systems and had taken from all of them what he thought best suited to his purpose. Practically he constructed a system of his own by the simple process of elimination. Having once perfected it, the act of transcribing spoken sentences into a series of jerky pothooks became almost mechanical. He tells of an incident which illustrates this.

"I was reporting in court," he said, "but my mind was occupied with a device I was inventing. While I was taking notes with my right hand I was drawing designs with my left. I became so thoroughly absorbed in what my left hand was doing that I was startled when one of the attorneys asked me to read what the witness had said about his conversation with the defendant on the 29th of May. I had not the slightest recollection that the witness had mentioned any such date or conversation, and I looked blankly at the attorney. He wanted to know if I had not been taking notes, and I was just about to confess my negligence when my eye caught the date three or four pages back in my notebook. Greatly relieved, I read the desired paragraph."

Mr. Dement is the author of several textbooks on stenography, and has also invented several mechanical appliances for which stenographers find use. He does not do so much shorthand reporting now as he used to, but is ready at any moment to write against time.

MARK NORRIS.

Inexhaustible Supply.

"Dick has broken his promise."

"Never mind. He'll make another just as good."—Judy.

The Charm.

What fetching gowns fair Chloris wears,
Such airy frills, coquettish bows!
I vow that Cupid set his snares
Amid bewildering furbelows.

Whether of muslin, silk or lace,
Such charm abounds whene'er she airs them.
Is it their texture, style or grace,
Or is it this—that Chloris wears them?
—Ella Randall Pearce in Brooklyn Life.

Fort Wayne Sentinel

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

FIRST SPIRIT RAPPING.

Heard at Hydesville, N. Y., Forty-nine Years Ago.

THE STORY OF THE FOX SISTERS.

They Were Nearly Mobbed In Rochester, and Their Seances Made a Tremendous Sensation—Proposition to Make a Spiritual Museum of the Old Fox Cottage.

Almost unnoticed by the general public, prominent spiritualists recently held a convention at Rochester to commemorate the forty-ninth anniversary of the "Rochester rappings." Noted believers from all over the country were in attendance, and Fitzhugh hall was the scene of materializations and spiritual manifestations of many

SCENE OF THE FIRST SPIRIT RAPPING.

kinds. Aside from the seances and tests, the main business of the spiritualists was to start a fund to be used in erecting a memorial to the Fox sisters.

Rochester has the reputation of being the birthplace of spirit rappings, but this reputation is not wholly justified by facts. The real birthplace was Hydesville, a small town near Rochester.

The phenomena of spirit rappings began in March, 1848, in the home of John D. Fox in Hydesville. The Fox family were known and respected throughout Wayne county. The children, Margaret and Kate, aged 12 and 9 years respectively, were at home when the family was startled by the mysterious rappings that were heard nightly upon the floor in one of the bedrooms and sometimes in other parts of the house. A patter of footsteps sometimes was heard, and bed clothes often were pulled off. Both sisters declared many times that cold hands passed over their faces.

The noises became so pronounced that the aid of neighbors was called in, and an effort was made to trace the mysterious sounds to their cause. All attempts at investigation were baffled, and the Fox house soon became noted as being haunted, and many wild stories were afloat of mysterious lights that glimmered weirdly above the roof and of pale phosphorescences that danced about the yard at midnight.

The pool near the house was said to be haunted, and many neighbors declared that they had seen strange figures and sheeted shapes dancing on its banks. Children held the place in horror, and even cool headed men hesitated about driving near the place late at night.

On the night of March 31, when the raps first occurred, little 9-year-old Kate imitated them by snapping her fingers, and the raps responded by the same number of sounds. Kate then said: "Now do as I do. Count one, two, three, four, five, six," at the same time striking her hands together. A similar number of raps responded and at similar intervals.

"Count ten," said the mother of the girls, and ten distinct knocks were heard.

"Count fifteen," and that number of sounds followed. Mrs. Fox then asked a number of questions relating to the age and number of her children, all of which were answered correctly.

One of the questions as to the cause of the rappings received the answer that it was the spirit of a man who had been murdered in the house some years before. The matter was investigated, and the remains of a human being are said to have been found buried in the cellar.

The stories of the Fox cottage finally became so notorious that the family was made uncomfortable thereby, and it finally moved to Rochester. The trip from Hydesville to Rochester was made by the Erie canal, and Mrs. Fox was fancying that the rappings had been left behind when they were heard on the floor of the cabin of the boat.

After a number of meetings had been held in the home of Mrs. Fish, in Rochester, the spirits insisted that a public meeting be held, but this was opposed by the family, and the "invisibles" declared that they would leave the house unless their wishes were complied with.

The rappings did cease for a time when nothing was done, and it was finally decided to hold a meeting, as the spirits had requested, and it was held in the old Corinthian hall on the evening of Nov. 14, 1849. A number of prominent citizens appeared on the platform with Mrs. Fish and her sister, Margaret Fox, the medium. The hall was filled. The phenomena were manifested freely and were subjected to many tests. A committee appointed to investigate the proceedings reported that it was unable to trace the phenomena to any mundane agency.

The report was a disappointment to the majority of those present, for the skeptics had expected a thorough exposure. A second committee was appointed, consisting of prominent men. The investigation was conducted at the office of Chancellor Whittlesey. Mrs. Fish and Margaret Fox were placed in a number of different positions, and every precaution was taken to prevent fraud, and as a result of the investigation it was the unanimous opinion of the committee that the sounds were "inexplicable."

By this time the excitement in the city was intense. Much dissatisfaction was expressed at the methods of the committee, and a third one was appointed, among its members being two physicians. This committee was even more exacting in its tests, but was unable to discover the cause of the sounds.

When it reported failure, there was almost a riot. Threats were freely made against the lives of the mediums, and the assistance of the police was asked. These precautions proved necessary, as the audience, frantic with excitement, made a determined rush for the platform, shrieking maledictions and hurling threats at the two slender, pale, but composed women, who seemed not to heed the angry surgings of the mob.

It required the utmost efforts of the squad of police to remove the Fox sisters to a place of safety. Never since those first days of spirit rappings has Rochester been in the throes of such wild and general excitement. During that first year it took a degree of moral and physical courage to be a spiritualist.

In 1850 the Fox girls gave seances in New York, and the alleged spiritual manifestations became the subject of extensive discussion. Mediums sprang up all over the country and were multiplied by thousands.

For years the Fox sisters startled the country, but as time passed the interest in spirit rappings and other alleged phenomena grew gradually less and finally seemed to die altogether. One of the Fox sisters married Dr. Kane, the arctic explorer, while the younger sister, Kate, married a Dr. Gruckon, a prominent physician.

"There should be some memorial of the Fox sisters in Rochester," said Mr. Kates, who was chairman of the convention, to the correspondent of the Chicago Record. "Next year will be the semicentennial of the discovery of the rappings, and we should have at that time some tangible evidence to offer of their faith. I suggest obtaining possession of the Fox cottage, in-

[illegible]

A WOMAN ... THE OUTLAWS

[illegible] From the ... Virginia.

[illegible]

They ... and Mrs. Gibson, being lonely ... with worldly life ... cottage ... the hill, and the ... there was rough. ... Mrs. Gibson fell in love with Clark Lewis ... and tired of her hardworking husband. She met Albert Viars, Wiley Lewis, another negro, Jerry Brown and William Slaughter. They frequently came to her home when Gibson was at work.

Eventually these people drifted into petty thieving, and from that they went into bolder and more serious crimes. There were four or five of the gang who came to Gibson's, and all of them were shiftless, dissipated people. In time Gibson became obnoxious to his wife, for he objected to the company she kept. Several times he came home and, finding his wife in bad company, threatened to kill those there.

On April 22, 1896, the boys decided to put Gibson out of the way. They planned it one afternoon, and Virgie, his wife, was favorable to the plan. Times had been dull, and they planned to get Gibson to go up the river to hunt work. They went to "Johnson's Tipple," at Crescent, having Gibson along, and were going to board a freight train. Their scheme was to knock Gibson off the train. No freights came, and the plan failed, all going home. On April 26 the gang formulated another plan. That night Viars, Wiley Lewis, Clark Lewis and Slaughter went to Gibson's and killed the husband of Clark Lewis' mistress.

Two stood guard while Clark Lewis and Albert Viars slipped into the house and strangled Gibson to death. Virgie was in bed with her husband and helped hold him while they killed him. Clark Lewis did the work, and Viars assisted. They took the body to an old coal mine.

With Gibson out of the way the house of the widow became the headquarters of the gang. It will never be known how many crimes were planned there. Burglaries, hold ups, robberies, murders and all sorts of imaginable crimes were done in Montgomery and the vicinity after Gibson was killed.

Wiley Lewis was the first of the gang to show the white feather. Detective Ash arrested Lewis and gave him whisky, of which he partook freely, and he began to

MRS. VIRGIE GIBSON.

talk. Wiley told the detective he would find some of the stolen goods in the old Coal Valley coal mine. He also said he would find something else there besides goods. Upon this clew Mayor Dunbar and Constable Brannigan went to the old mine, and in its dark chambers found Gibson's body. Wiley Lewis broke away from his keepers on the night he confessed about having committed robberies and burglaries and was recaptured. He denied being connected with the murders. He stands convicted of burglary, but sentence has been deferred until the next term of court, when the officials hope to indict and convict him of murder.

Virgie Gibson, widow of the first man murdered by the gang, confessed to murder in the second degree, having been implicated in her husband's murder, and Judge Brazie gave her the full limit of the law—a sentence of 18 years in the penitentiary. She took her sentence very coolly, as did the others. She is a morphine fiend, and after sitting for her picture for the New York World she said "she did not care how long they sent her up for, she would not live long anyhow, for she could not get along without her opium down at the penitentiary." Mrs. Gibson has a little girl, almost grown, and a 13-month-old baby.

Three others of the gang, Clark Lewis, Albert Viars and Jerry Brown, were convicted of murder and sentenced to be hanged June 25 at Fayetteville.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant, of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and today stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at Dreier Bros. drug store.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c and $1.00 per bottle at Dreier & Bros.' drug store.

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A GARRISON SCANDAL.

The Story of a Sensational Court Martial.

ALL ON ACCOUNT OF THE BICYCLE.

Lieutenant Bamford and Mrs. O'Brien Took Long Rides Awheel, and the Gossips Wagged Their Tongues—The Row That Ensued Aroused National Interest.

The bicycle has figured in a vast number of the myriad combinations which go to make up life, but it is now and in the United States that it appears for the first time in an army court martial.

In the chain of events which led up to the trial by a military court of Captain Romeyn of the Fifth United States infantry at Fort McPherson, near Atlanta, the bicycle is the central figure. This trial was watched with intense interest in army circles, and this interest gradually extended to the country in general.

The direct charge against Captain Romeyn was assaulting Lieutenant O'Brien and spreading reports detrimental to the good name of Lieutenant O'Brien's wife. It is a garrison scandal, in other words, and the scandal had its point of departure in the bicycle. It involves, directly or indirectly, the entire much mooted question of whether bicycle riding on the part of women has or has not a tendency toward a laxity of reserve which is not calculated to advance morality.

Briefly summarized, the facts leading up to the court martial are that Captain Romeyn has a daughter, a very beautiful and admirable young lady, who was engaged to a young lieutenant of the garrison, Lieutenant Bamford. There is also in the garrison Lieutenant O'Brien, who has a handsome wife—the type of woman sometimes called spirited and dashing.

Among the many other ways in which her effervescent sprightliness finds vent

LIEUTENANT BAMFORD AND MRS. O'BRIEN AWHEEL.

is bicycle riding. Lieutenant Bamford, Miss Romeyn's fiance, also was an enthusiastic bicyclist, Miss Romeyn herself never having mastered the mysteries of the wheel and having no desire to do so. The logical result of this state of affairs in the intimate, almost family, relations of garrison life was that Mrs. O'Brien and Lieutenant Bamford frequently took bicycle rides together.

These rides became frequent enough, and were now and then prolonged enough, to accomplish the not very difficult feat of starting garrison gossip. Captain Romeyn heard this and felt called upon, in view of the engagement between Lieutenant Bamford and his daughter, to call that young officer to account. Calling him to account consisted in telling him to get out of his (Captain Romeyn's) house and never enter it again.

Then Lieutenant O'Brien demanded an explanation from Captain Romeyn, and Captain Romeyn struck Lieutenant O'Brien in the face by way of a terse summary of all the explanation he had to give. This occurred on the parade ground. Hence the charges made by Lieutenant O'Brien and the court martial of Captain Romeyn.

In the course of the trial a great deal of testimony was given by the officers of the post and their wives upon the direct subject of the bicycle rides of Mrs. O'Brien and Lieutenant Bamford. Several of the officers' wives testified that they regarded such rides as improper. Others, on the other hand, expressed the opinion that they saw nothing out of the way in them.

Lieutenant O'Brien himself testified that he not only saw nothing improper in his wife going on bicycle excursions with Lieutenant Bamford, but that he heartily approved it and had frequently urged her to go. He did not ride himself, and he thought the exercise beneficial to his wife's health, and was very glad to have her go with his brother officer for an escort.

The whole question, in a word, turns on whether the bicycle rides warranted the broken engagement with Miss Romeyn and justified Captain Romeyn in the statements he had made, for which Lieutenant O'Brien demanded an explanation, with the consequent blow from Captain Romeyn, the charges and the court martial.

Some of the events in the trial were very dramatic as well as painful, and the feeling that has been aroused as a consequence is so bitter that grave consequences seem almost inevitable. Captain Romeyn conducted his own defense and examined all the witnesses both for and against him.

When he took the stand himself, he denounced Lieutenant O'Brien in the bitterest terms, characterizing him in a way that put him in a most contemptible light.

Still more painful was the scene when Miss Romeyn took the stand. It was a bitter thing for the young girl to have dragged from her all the humiliating details of her engagement with Bamford—her remonstrances with him about his attentions to Mrs. O'Brien, the final breaking off of the engagement and the stormy scene when her father ordered her fiance from the house. All this was about as cruel an ordeal as a sensitive, high spirited girl such as Miss Romeyn is could have to endure in a public courtroom, but her admirable loyalty to her father enabled her to bear it all, and she told her unhappy story with a gentle, womanly dignity

The old man was there, swinging from the limb of a tree, just as they had left him for three days. I went closer and saw that he had a disappointed look on his face. Things hadn't come out as he planned.

"Why don't you cut him down and bury him?" I asked of the officer.

"I will in a day or two more. There are two or three other fellows who talk of coming down to wake up Golden Hill and make business redhot, and it won't do no hurt to leave it hanging there for them to see." M. QUAD.

Revolutionary.

It was at a recent meeting of women, and a number of delegates had made earnest addresses, when a little woman in the rear of the hall arose, and, addressing the chair, said: "Mme. President, I am tired of so many squeaky sopranos. I want to hear a man."—New York Tribune.

WOMEN WHO SMOKE.

Their Number Growing Rapidly, Says a New York Tobacconist.

There is no use in making any bones about it. Cigarette smoking is on the increase among the women of this city, says the New York Sun. American women have been somewhat slow in taking up the habit, which is rather to their credit than otherwise. Those who use cigarettes now, most of them, got a start in some foreign country. The smokers are divided into two classes—the bohemians, who smoke openly, and the women of wealth, leisure and position, who indulge in a seductive puff in private. In speaking of the actual use of cigarettes by women, a dealer, who has occupied the same stand on Broadway for 22 years, said:

"Women smokers are undoubtedly increasing at a very rapid rate. I've been here over a score of years now, and when I first set up I used to be surprised when a woman came in and bought a package of cigarettes, it was such a rare thing. Now every few minutes a woman or girl drops in and buys a supply. In fact, tobacco dealers are catering for women's trade as much as for men's—more so, because we have men's secured.

"Some people have an idea that one should fight shy of a woman who smokes. Such people are grossly ignorant. Some of the best women in New York use cigarettes. In fact, dealers divide women cigarette smokers into two classes—the very, very good and the very, very bad, the smokers of good social position and the smokers of no position at all, the outcasts of society. Working women in America do not smoke. A great many well to do women have their cigarettes made to order, stamped with their monograms and crests and tipped with gold or silver. These never give their orders personally, but do so through their husbands, brothers or servants. And these women do not smoke to excess. A hundred cigarettes usually last them for ten days. I should say that they averaged about six a day, and, as a mild Turkish tobacco is used and the cigarettes are very small, that is really doing very little smoking. For my part, I think if women smoked more we would hear of less indigestion and dyspepsia among the sex, and if a woman smokes at home among her friends I can't see any objection whatever. Tobacco, I'm sure, aids digestion if taken in moderation after a heavy meal. American women will never smoke in public, I think, and neither will they smoke to excess. Where we used to have one woman customer who smoked fine cigarettes made especially for her, we now have 20, and the number is increasing."

Suicide Cemetery.

A London paper is responsible for the statement that in the suicide cemetery at Monte Carlo 65 new graves were filled in last winter. The cemetery is in barren, uncultivated land, and within it are buried any who have taken their lives through losses at the Casino.

Another Brand of Svengali.

Owing to the anti-Semitic agitation in Vienna "Trilby" has had to be somewhat modified. Svengali in the revised version is made up as a Hungarian gypsy band leader.

Hard to Please.

He—Well, what are you sulking about now?

She (severely)—Why were you so cool to Mrs. Masham this evening?

He—Was I? I didn't know it.

She—Oh, yes, you did, wretch. You were afraid of arousing my suspicions by showing your real feelings. Oh, you dissembler!—Truth.

Just Envious.

"He looks just like a fashion plate," said the youngest girl in raptured tones.

"That is it," said the man whose clothes only stay fit for about three hours. "That is exactly the sort of expression he has in his face."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

In Evidence.

O'Hara—You Americans go to the Irish for almost everything, don't you?

Gothamite—Oh, yes; you will find on almost everything the words, "Pat applied for."—New York Sunday Journal.

Deprived of Zest.

"Making calls by telephone will never be popular among women."

"Why not?"

"They can't see what each other has on."—Chicago Record.

At the Concert.

"There seems to be an awfully bad air in here."

"Oh, it is nothing. Just wait till you hear Miss Squeels try to sing."—Indianapolis Journal.

The Right Thing In the Wrong Place.

"And he kissed you?"

"Yes, and right under mother's eyes."

"I should think he would have preferred to do it under your own."—Tit-Bits.

Fooled Him.

"You can run a typewriter, can't you?"

"Well, I thought I could until I got her."—New York Journal.

Ginger With Jag.

The sale of "Jamaica ginger with jag in it" has been prohibited at Newton, Mass.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XI, SECOND QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, JUNE 13.

Text of the Lesson, II Tim. i, 1-7; iii, 14-17—Memory Verses, 3, 14-17—Golden Text, II Tim. iii, 15—Commentary by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

The second epistles are all suggestive of the last days, when the world shall have corrupted the church, and contain special instructions to God's servants for times of disorders, confusions, formality, etc. The faithful witness is taught how to deal with those who "turn away from," "err concerning" and "resist" the truth, or "will not endure sound doctrine" (II Tim. i, 15; ii, 18; iii, 8; iv, 3).

1. "Paul, an apostle of Jesus Christ by the will of God, according to the promise of life which is in Christ Jesus." He loved to think of himself as one sent forth by Jesus Christ and chosen for this honor by the will of God. Why God should choose any of us is certainly a great wonder, but if we have truly received the Lord Jesus Christ as our Saviour, resting wholly and only on His finished work of atonement, we need not fear to believe that we were chosen in Him before the foundation of the world (Eph. i, 4); that we should be holy before Him, and that He might send us forth in His name, even as the Father sent Him (John xvii, 18; xx, 21). The life that God gives is in Christ, and apart from Him there is no life (I John v, 12).

2. "To Timothy, my dearly beloved son: Grace, mercy and peace from God the Father and Christ Jesus our Lord." In I Tim. i, 2, he calls him "My own son in the faith," and in Phil. ii, 20 (margin), he wrote that he had no man so dear unto him as Timothy. We first read of him in Acts xvi, 1, as a disciple living at Lystra, his mother a Jewess, his father a Greek. And Paul on his second missionary tour took him with him. It is by the grace or undeserved favor of God through Jesus Christ that we are saved.

3. "I thank God, whom I serve from my forefathers with pure conscience, that without ceasing I have remembrance of thee in my prayers night and day." Before the council he also said that he had lived in all good conscience before God (Acts xxiii, 1), or as he puts it in Acts xxvi, 5, "After the most straitest sect of our religion I lived a Pharisee." He does not attempt to excuse his great sins against Jesus Christ and His redeemed, but says that he verily thought that he ought to do these things (Acts xxvi, 9).

4. "Greatly desiring to see thee, being mindful of thy tears, that I may be filled with joy." Paul prayed much for those whom God had given him, but he would pray, especially for such a one as his son Timothy. If Paul had the Philippian and other believers in his heart (Phil. i, 7) and prayed much for them, how much more does our Lord Jesus carry, love and pray for His redeemed ones. We are not told the cause of Timothy's tears, but if Paul was mindful of them how much more is our Lord of ours. There is comfort to human weakness in the thought that the joy of such a one as Paul might be increased by Timothy.

5. "When I call to mind the unfeigned faith that is in thee." Not in him only, but in both mother and grandmother; not that faith is hereditary, but children may be so taught and trained that from earliest infancy they may be true believers in the Lord Jesus Christ. Blessed are the mothers and grandmothers who so train the children. Unfeigned faith makes us think of the "most surely believed" and "know the certainty" of Luke i, 1, 4.

6. "Wherefore I put thee in remembrance that thou stir up the gift of God which is in thee by the putting on of my hands." He refers to this also in I Tim. iv, 14. The Spirit bestows gifts upon people severally as He, the Spirit, will, and God places the members in the body as it hath pleased him (I Cor. xii, 11, 18). He gives to every man his work and something to work with, and says, "Occupy till I come" (Mark xiii, 34; Luke xix, 13). Then at His coming He will reward every man according to his works.

7. "For God hath not given us the spirit of fear, but of power, and of love, and of a sound mind." Judging from the portion of the epistle following, such as i, 8, 12, 16; ii, 3, 10, 12; iii, 12; iv, 5, 16, we would infer that the fear referred to is a fear of what one might be called upon to endure; but thoughts of the perfect love of God cast out all fear (I John iv, 18).

8-14. "But continue thou in the things which thou hast learned and hast been assured of." Our Lord said, "Continue ye in My love," "If ye continue in My word, then are ye My disciples indeed" (John xv, 9; viii, 31). I like to remember that Luke said in the beginning of his gospel that he wrote concerning the things which were "most surely believed," that his friend might "know the certainty" of these things (Luke i, 1, 4), and that Abraham was fully persuaded that what God had promised He was able to perform (Rom. iv, 20, 21).

15. "And that from a child thou hast known the Holy Scriptures, which are able to make thee wise unto salvation through faith which is in Christ Jesus." These could be none other than what some despise as the Old Testament writings, in which Paul testifies there was wisdom unto salvation and the way of faith in Christ Jesus. I think the way of salvation, God's way, is nowhere in all the Bible more simply set forth than in Gen. iii, 21. The Lord Himself provided the clothing by the shedding of blood, and Adam and Eve had only to drop as useless their own works, the fig leaf aprons, and accept God's provision. Blessed are the children who from their youth are taught these things.

16. "All Scripture is given by inspiration of God and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness." While the Bible contains the very words of God and some of the very words of the devil, as well as some words of good and bad men, yet the whole book, from beginning to end, was written by the Spirit of God, He giving the men whom he used the very words to write, as is plain from such texts as Ex. iv, 12; II Sam. xxiii, 2; Jer. i, 7, 9; xxxvi, 2, 4, 6, 8; John xii, 49. The Spirit who wrote the book is still in the book, and its words are spirit and life (John vi, 63).

17. "That the man of God may be perfect, thoroughly furnished unto all good works." A man of God is one who is first a child of God by faith in Christ Jesus, and then fully yielded to God as His purchased property for His service, the Lord's messenger with the Lord's message, receiving his orders from God and responsible to God, seeking in all things His approval. While we are saved freely by grace, it is that we may walk in the works He has prepared for us (Eph. ii, 10), and the Scriptures alone are sufficient to qualify fully for all good works. It we will only yield fully, God will work in us both to will and to do of His good pleasure (Phil ii, 13; Heb. xiii, 21).

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by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

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is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives it.

SKETCHES BY M. QUAD

The Colonel's Drink.

As four or five of us sat talking and smoking Colonel Basil came up the steps and joined us and introduced himself. After some general talk he said:

"Gentlemen, I am rather absentminded at times, and I beg to be excused if I have met any of you before and failed to remember it."

We assured him in chorus that it was our first meeting, and he continued:

"I had an indistinct idea that I had been asked to drink with you, but I am not sure about it. If so, I probably accepted. If not, then I beg to be excused."

We assured him that none of us had ever asked him to drink, he having been a stranger to us until a few minutes before, nor did we invite him then to go in and take a nip. He seemed cast down for a moment, but finally rallied and said:

"Absentmindedness is a great failing of mine, and I really must try to overcome it. Now, that I look at you more closely, it seems to me that I was here this afternoon and introduced myself, and that the gentleman on the right rose up and asked us all in to take something. I say it seems so, but I can't be sure. If so"—

The "gentleman on the right" interrupted him to say that he arrived at the hotel at noon, and the colonel must therefore be mistaken.

"Then I beg your pardon," said our caller. "As a general rule, when I am invited to drink I remember the incident very clearly for several days afterward, but it seems that I am off in this instance. Memory is a treacherous thing when one gets to be my age."

Something was said about politics, but before the talk had gone far the colonel rose up and said:

"Gentlemen, I beg your pardon, but a thought has struck me. Did I ask any one in this crowd to change a $5 bill?"

He was assured that he had asked nothing of the sort, and, feeling about in his pockets, he continued:

"It somehow seemed to me that I had, and that none of you could do it and that the gentleman on the left handed me a quarter to get a drink with and said I could hand it in this evening. If I am in error"—

He was in error. The "gentleman on

"WHEN I AM INVITED TO DRINK I REMEMBER THE INCIDENT VERY CLEARLY."

the left" solemnly assured him that no such thing had happened.

"Well, I'll take your word for it," sighed the colonel. "Do you, gentlemen, usually take a nip about this hour of the day?"

We did not. Our hour for taking a nip had long passed and wouldn't come around again until the next forenoon. The colonel walked over and looked into the barroom and then came back to say:

"Gentlemen, I have an indistinct idea that I have met this crowd before."

"No, colonel, you haven't."

"But I insist that I have. At least, it was a crowd numbering the same and right here on this veranda, and though I gave them plainly to understand that I was as dry as cotton I was not invited to participate. Yes, gentlemen, I am sure we have met before, and that you are no gentlemen, and that I am the only gentleman here, and that you can all go to grass, and I will buy my own whisky, and be hanged to you!"

Betting on a Bear.

At Rawson Junction we found a man with a big black bear in a cage on the platform. He explained that bruin had been taken in a trap three days before and that he was going to take him down to Silver City to sell him to a saloon keeper for $50. While we were surveying the captive an old man rode up on a cayuse, followed by about the meanest looking dog ever seen in the glorious west. The canine was squint eyed, bobtailed and poor in flesh, and when rallied about the animal the old man explained that, while his looks were ag'in him, the dog was really a fighter of the first water. He lounged up and took a look at the bear and another look at his owner and finally said:

"Mister, I reckon you sorter brag on that b'ar o' yours?"

"There's no call to brag," was the reply.

"I didn't know but you was braggin and bluffin as to how he could fight. If you was, I was goin to say a few words."

"As to how?"

"As to that 're dog o' mine. I hev never put him up ag'in a b'ar as yit, but I think he could hold his own."

"You must be crazy," exclaimed the owner of the bear. "Why, he'd chaw your dog up at one gulp."

"Mebbe he would, stranger, mebbe he would, but somehow or t'other I can't believe that he would. I've knowed that dog fur three y'ars, and I don't believe your b'ar could chaw him up."

"Well, it stands to reason that he could. From the looks o' him I should say that almost any sort of dog could roll that dog o' yourn over. He's ready to run now."

"Yes, he looks that way," slowly remarked the old man, "but that's his deceivin p'int. What's the value of your b'ar?"

"Fifty dollars."

"Waal, I've got $50 in gold which says he can't chaw my dog up in no one minit, nor five nor ten minutes."

"What's that? You want to put your dog ag'in my bear?"

"I do, stranger, and my money is ready. We'll turn 'em loose on the platform, and if your b'ar chaws up my dog the cash is yourn."

The owner of the bear had but $20, but he put up his winchester for the balance, and as soon as the stakes were up we got into the station and left the dog and the bear man to arrange things. Some of the slats to the cage were loosened, and after a few minutes all was ready and the two men joined us inside. The dog scratched at the door and whined to get in, and after a look about him the bear left the cage and started for the canine.

"One gulp and your dog is gone!" shouted the bear man. But he wasn't out of the woods yet. The dog was off the platform and up the trail in a flash, while the bear followed at a slower gait. They had been out of sight five minutes when the bear man suddenly exclaimed:

"Why—why—that bear won't come back!"

"No, I reckon not," replied the old man.

"But—but"—

"But the bet was that he'd chaw up my dog, and he hasn't done it."

The bear man looked up and down and around, and the situation finally dawned upon him and he said to the old man:

"Stranger, did you ever strike a full blown idiot before?"

"Yes; two or three."

"And did you leave 'em dead broke and far from home?"

"Oh, no! I allus felt sorry fur 'em and left 'em suthin fur railroad fare."

And he handed the bear man $10 of the $20, took the rifle on his arm and rode away down the trail without looking back. M. QUAD.

Impatience.

"Whither are we drifting?" 'Tis the question of the day
And one that well may strike the stoutest heart with some dismay,
And it's hard to wait the answer and to watch the long hours pass
Till Mabel reads her essay to the graduating class.
—Washington Star.

Ready For Anything.

A tract distributor, the other day, in a new settlement in the west, popped his head into an Irishman's cabin and asked him "if he would accept a tract on the Holy Land."

"Yes, bedad," cried Pat, "I'll take a houl section if ye'll pay my passage right through."—Household Words.

A Puzzling Question.

Frances (four years old)—Mumma?

Mumma—What is it, dear?

"You never saw me before I was born, did you?"

"No, love."

"Then how did you know it was me?"—Harlem Life.

Bad News.

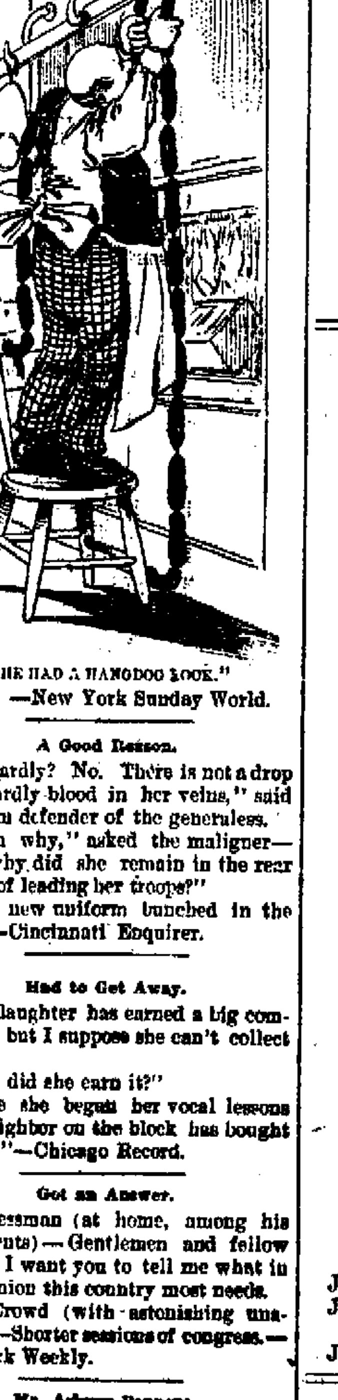
First Bank Director—Bad news.

Second Ditto—What is it?

"I heard the president's pretty typewriter call him 'uncle' today."

"Send for the bank examiner at once."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A Familiar Term Illustrated.



"HE HAD A HANGDOG LOOK."
—New York Sunday World.

A Good Reason.

"Cowardly? No. There is not a drop of cowardly blood in her veins," said the warm defender of the generaless.

"Then why," asked the maligner—"then why did she remain in the rear instead of leading her troops?"

"Her new uniform bunched in the back."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Had to Get Away.

"My daughter has earned a big commission, but I suppose she can't collect it."

"How did she earn it?"

"Since she began her vocal lessons every neighbor on the block has bought a wheel."—Chicago Record.

Got an Answer.

Congressman (at home, among his constituents)—Gentlemen and fellow citizens, I want you to tell me what in your opinion this country most needs.

The Crowd (with astonishing unanimity)—Shorter sessions of congress.—New York Weekly.

Mr. Asbury Peppers.

"Does the winner of a prizefight take all the prize?" asked the innocent boarder.

"No," said Asbury Peppers, always ready with information; "the loser is sure to get a whack."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

In a Whisper.

Cholly Shy—Say, I proposed to a girl last night.

Dick Oldboy—The deuce you did! What did she say?

Cholly Shy—She dud-dud-didn't hear me.—New York Sunday Journal.

A Literary Estimate.

"Penjab's novel is just the book to carry off to the woods with one on a summer afternoon."

"Ah, and read it there?"

"No—lose it."—Chicago Record.

How did it happen

that the old-fashioned, laborious way of washing was ever given to woman as her particular work? It's an imposition on her. She ought to have had only the easiest things to do—and men, strong, healthy men, ought to have taken up this washing business. Now, here is a suggestion. In those families that still stick to soap and make their washing needlessly hard and unpleasant, let the men do that work. They're better fitted for it. In the families that use Pearline (use without soap) and make washing easy, let the women do it. They won't mind it.

Millions NOW USE Pearline

"OH! THAT EASY TOUCH!"

EASY TOUCH A BIG POINT—MAKES OPERATION FASCINATING.

SMITH PREMIER HAS IT.

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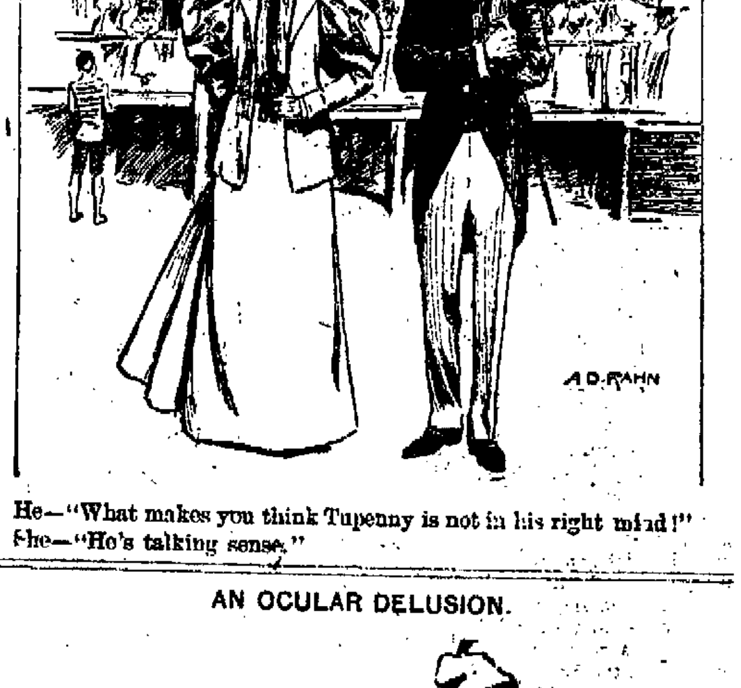
Catalogues and information at Indianapolis Office, No. 76 E. Market St.

AN UP-TO-DATE PAIR.

Jones—Your wife is a new woman, isn't she?

Dedswelle—Yes, and the doctor says bicycle riding will make a new Man of me.

OUT OF HIS HEAD SURE.



He—"What makes you think Tupenny is not in his right mind?"

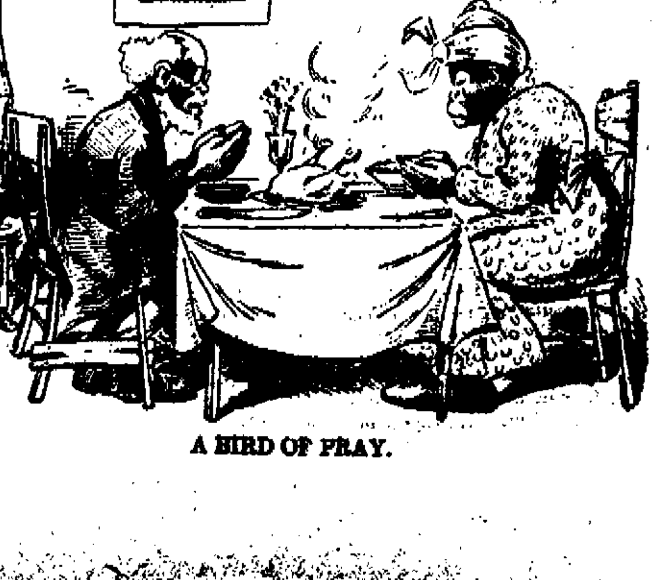
She—"He's talking sense."

AN OCULAR DELUSION.

Jake—(the town drunkard) Ur ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !

Joel—(just home from a trip to New York) What's the matter with ye, Jake?

Jake—When I first saw that shirt ye have on' I thought I had 'em again.



A BIRD OF PRAY.

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TALMAGE'S SERMON.

Words of Advice and Encouragement to the Doctors.

How God Has Honored the Profession—Why Doctors Should be Christians—Their Opportunities for Christian Usefulness.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage sends out the following sermon containing words of encouragement to the medical profession. It is based on the text:

And Asa, in the thirty and ninth year of his reign, was diseased in his feet until his disease was exceedingly great: yet in his disease he sought not to the Lord, but to the physicians. And Asa slept with his fathers.—II. Chronicles, xvi., 12.

At this season of the year, when medical colleges of all schools of medicine are giving diplomas to young doctors, and at the capital and in many of the cities medical associations are assembling to consult about the advancement of the interests of their profession, I feel this discourse is appropriate.

In my text is King Asa, with the gout. High living and no exercise have vitiated his blood, and my text presents him with his inflamed and bandaged feet on an ottoman. In defiance of God, whom he hated, he sends for certain conjurors or quacks. They come and give him all sorts of lotions and panaceas. They bleed him. They sweat him. They manipulate him. They blister him. They poultice him. They scarify him. They drug him. They cut him. They kill him. He was only a young man, and had a disease which, though very painful, seldom proves fatal to a young man, and he ought to have got well; but he fell a victim to charlatanry and empiricism. "And Asa in the thirty and ninth year of his reign was diseased in his feet, until his disease was exceedingly great; yet in his disease he sought not the Lord, but to the physicians. And Asa slept with his fathers." That is, the doctors killed him.

In this sharp and graphic way the Bible sets forth the truth, that you have no right to shut God out from the realm of pharmacy and therapeutics. If Asa had said: "O Lord, I am sick; bless the instrumentality employed for my recovery!" "Now, servant, go and get the best doctor you can find"—he would have recovered. In other words, the world wants divinely-directed physicians. There are a great many such. The diplomas they received from the academies of medicine were nothing compared with the diploma they received from the Head Physician of the universe, on the day when they started out, and He said to them: "Go heal the sick, and cast out the devils of pain, and open the blind eyes, and unstop the deaf ears." God bless the doctors all the world over! and let all the hospitals, and dispensaries, and infirmaries, and asylums, and domestic circles of the earth respond: "Amen."

Men of the medical profession we often meet in the home of distress. We shake hands across the cradle of agonized infancy. We join each other in an attempt at solace where the paroxysm of grief demands an anodyne as well as a prayer. We look into each other's sympathetic faces through the dusk, as the night of death is falling in the sick room. We do not have to climb over any barrier to-day in order to greet each other, for our professions are in full sympathy. You, doctor, are our first and last earthly friend. You stand at the gates of life when we enter this world, and you stand at the gates of death when we go out of it. In the closing moments of our earthly existence, when the hand of the wife, or mother, or sister, or daughter, shall hold our right hand, it will give strength to our dying moment if we can feel the tips of your fingers along the pulse of the left wrist. We do not meet to-day, as on other days, in houses of distress, but by the pleasant altars of God, and I propose a sermon of helpfulness and good cheer. As in the nursery children sometimes re-enact all the scenes of the sick room, so to-day you play that you are the patient and that I am physician, and take my prescription just once. It shall be a tonic, a sedative, a dietetic, a disinfectant, a stimulus and an anodyne at the same time. "Is there not balm in Gilead? Is there not a physician there?"

In the first place, I think all the medical profession should become Christians because of the debt of gratitude they owe to God for the honor He has put upon their calling. No other calling in all the world, except it be that of the Christian ministry, has received so great an honor as yours. Christ Himself was not only preacher, but physician, surgeon, aurist, ophthalmologist, and under His mighty power optic and auditory nerve thrilled with light and sound, and catalepsy arose from its fit, and the club foot was straightened, and anchylosis went out of the stiffened tendons, and the foaming maniac became placid as a child, and the streets of Jerusalem became an extemporized hospital crowded with convalescent victims of casualty and invalidism. All ages have woven the garland for the doctor's brow. Homer said:

A wise physician, skilled our wounds to heal,
Is more than armies to the public weal.

Cicero said: "There is nothing in which men so approach the gods as when they try to give health to other men." Charles IX. made proclamation that all the Protestants in France should be put to death on St. Bartholomew's day, but made once exception, and that the case of Pare, the father of the French surgery. The battlefields of the American revolution welcomed Drs. Mercer and Warren and Rush. When the French army was entirely demoralized at fear of the plague, the leading surgeon of that army inoculated himself with the plague to show the soldiers there was no contagion in it; and their courage rose, and they went on to the conflict. God has honored this profession all the way through. Oh, the advancement from the days when Hippocrates tried to cure the great Pericles with hellebore and flaxseed poultices down to far later centuries when Haller announced the theory of respiration, and Harvey the circulation of the blood, and Aseelf the uses of the lymphatic vessels, and Jenner balked the worst disease that ever scourged Europe, and Sydenham developed the recuperative forces of the physical organism, and cinchona bark stopped the shivering agues of the world, and Sir Astley Cooper and Abernathy, and Hosack, and Romeyn, and Griscom, and Valentine Mott, of the generation just past, honored God, and fought back death with their keen scalpels.

If we who are laymen in medicine would understand what the medical profession has accomplished for the insane, let us look into the dungeons where the poor creatures used to be incarcerated. Madmen, chained naked to the wall. A kennel of rotten straw their only only sleeping place. Room unventilated and unlighted. The worst calamity of the race punished with the very worst punishment. And then come and look at the insane asylums of Utica and Kirkbride—sofaed, and pictured, libraried, concerted, until all the arts and adornments come to coax recreant reason to assume her throne. Look at Edward Jenner, the great hero of medicine. Four hundred thousand people annually dying in Europe from the smallpox, Jenner finds that by the inoculation of people with vaccine from a cow, the great scourge of nations may be arrested. The ministers of the Gospel denounced vaccination; small wits caricatured Edward Jenner as riding in a great procession on the back of a cow; and grave men expressed it as their opinion that all the diseases of the brute creation would be transplanted into the human family; and they gave instances where, they said, actually horns had come out on the foreheads of innocent persons, and people had begun to chew the cud! But Dr. Jenner, the hero of medicine, went on fighting for vaccination until it has been estimated that one doctor, in fifty years, has saved more lives than all the battles of any one century destroyed!

Passing along the streets of Edinburgh a few weeks after the death of Sir James Y. Simpson, I saw the photograph of the doctor in all the windows of the shops and stores, and well might that photograph be put in every window, for he first used chloroform as an anaesthetic agent. In other days they tried to dull human pain by the hasheesh of the Arabs and the madrepore of the Roman and the Greek; but it was left to Dr. James Simpson to introduce chloroform as an anaesthetic. Alas for the writhing subjects of surgery in other centuries! Blessed be God for that wet sponge or vial in the hand of the operating surgeon in the clinical department of the medical college, or in the sick room of the domestic circle, or on the battle-field amid thousands of amputations. Napoleon, after a battle, rode along the line and saw under a tree, standing in the snow, Larrey, the surgeon, operating upon the wounded. Napoleon passed on, and twenty-four hours afterward came along the same place, and he saw the same surgeon opearting in the same place, and he had not left it. Alas for the battle-fields without chloroform. But now, the soldier boy takes a few breaths from the sponge and forgets all the pang of the gunshot fracture, and while the surgeons of the field hospital are standing around him he lies there dreaming of home, and mother, and Heaven. No more parents standing around a suffering child, struggling to get away from the sharp instrument, but mild slumber instead of excruciation, and the child wakes up and says: "Father, what's the matter? What's the doctor here to-day for?" Oh, blessed be God for James Y. Simpson and the heaven-descended mercies of chloroform.

The medical profession steps into the court-room, and, after conflicting witnesses have left everything in a fog, by chemical analyses shows the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, as by mathematical demonstration, thus adding honors to medical jurisprudence.

This profession has done wonders for public hygiene! How often they have stood between this nation and Asiatic cholera, and the yellow fever! The monuments in Greenwood and Mount Auburn, and Laurel Hill tell something of the story of those men who stood face to face with pestilence in southern cities, until, staggering in their own sickness, they stumbled across the corpses of those whom they had come to save. This profession has been the successful advocate of ventilation, sewerage, drainage and fumigation, until their sentiments were well expressed by Lord Palmerston, when he said to the English nation at the time a fast had been proclaimed to keep off a great pestilence: "Clean your streets or death will ravage, notwithstanding all the prayers of this nation. Clean your streets, and then call on God for help.

See what this profession has done for human longevity. There was such a fearful substraction from human life that there was a prospect that within a few centuries this world would be left almost inhabitantless. Adam started with a whole eternity of earthly existence before him; but he cut off the most of it and only comparatively few years were left—only 700 years of life, and then 500, and then 400, and then 200, and then 100, and then 50, and then the average of human life came to 49, and then it dropped to 18. But medical science came in, and since the sixteenth century the average of human life has risen from 18 years to 44; and it will continue to rise until the average of human life will be 50, and it will be 60, and it will be 70, and a man will have no right to die before 90, and the prophecy of Isaiah will be literally fulfilled: "And the child shall die a hundred years old." The millenium for the souls of men will be the millenium for the bodies of men. Sin done, disease will be done—the clergyman and the physician getting through with their work at the same time.

But it seems to me that, the most beautiful benediction the medical profession has been dropped upon the poor. No excuse now for anyone's not having scientific attendance. Dispensaries and infirmaries everywhere under the control of the best doctors, some of them poorly paid, some of them not paid at all. A half-starved woman comes out from the low tenement house into the dispensary, and unwraps the rags from her babe, a bundle of ulcers, and rheum, and pustules, and over that little sufferer bends the accumulated wisdom of the ages, from Esculapius down to last week's autopsy. In one dispensary, in one year, 100,000 prescriptions were issued. Why do I show you what God has allowed this profession to do? Is it to stir up you vanity? Oh, no. The day has gone by for pompous doctors, with conspicuous gold-headed canes and powdered wigs, which were the accompaniments in the days when the barber used to carry through the streets of London Dr. Brocklesby's wig, to the admiration and awe of the people, saying: "Make way, here comes Dr. Brocklesby's wig." No, I announce these things not only to increase the appreciation of laymen in regard to the work of physicians, but to stir in the hearts of the men of the medical profession a feeling of gratitude to God that they have been allowed to put their hand to such a magnificent work, and that they have been called into such illustrious company. Have you never felt a spirit of gratitude for this opportunity? Do you not feel thankful now? Then I am afraid, doctor, you are not a Christian, and that the old proverb which Christ quoted in His sermon may be appropriate to you: "Physician, heal thyself."

Another reason why I think the medical profession ought to be Christians is because there are so many trials and annoyances in that profession that need positive Christian solace. I know you have the gratitude of a great many good people, and I know it must be a grand thing to walk intelligently through the avenues of human life, and with anatomic skill poise yourself on the nerves and fibers which cross and recross this wonderful physical system. I suppose a skilled eye can see more beauty even in malformation than an architect can point out in any of his structures, though it be the very triumph of arch, and plinth, and abacus. But how many annoyances and trials the medical profession have. Dr. Rush used to say, in his valedictory address to the students of the medical college: "Young gentlemen, have two pockets, a small pocket and a big pocket; a small pocket in which to put your fees a large pocket in which to put your annoyances.

In the first place, the physician has no Sabbath. Busy merchants and lawyers, and mechanics, can not afford to be sick during the secular week, and so they nurse themselves along with lozenges and horehound candy until Sabbath morning comes, and then they say: "I must have a doctor." And that spoils the Sabbath morning church service for the physician. Beside that, there are a great many men who dine but once a week with their families. During the secular days they take a hasty lunch at a restaurant, and on the Sabbath they make up for their six days' abstinence by especial gormandizing, which before night makes their amazed digestive organs cry out for a doctor. And that spoils the evening church service for the physician.

Then they are annoyed by people coming too late. Men wait until the last fortress of physical strength is taken, and death has dug around it the trench of the grave, and then they run for the doctor. The slight fever which might have been cured with a footbath, has become virulent typhus, and hacking cough, killing pneumonia. As though a captain should sink his ship off Amagansett, and then put ashore in a yawl, and then come to New York to the marine office, and want to get his vessel insured. Too late for the ship, too late for the patient.

Then there are many who always blame the doctor because the people die, forgetting the Divine enactment: "It is appointed unto all men once to die." The father in medicine who announced the fact that he had discovered the art by which to make men in this world immortal, himself died at 47 years of age, showing that immortality was less than half a century for him. Oh, how easy it is when people die to cry out "malpractice." Then the physician must bear all the whims, and the sophistries, and the deceptions, and the stratagems, and the irritations of the shattered nerves and the beclouded brain of women, and more especially of men, who never know how gracefully to be sick, and with their salivated mouth curse the doctor, giving him his dues, as they say—about the only dues he will in that case collect. The last bill that is paid is the doctor's bill. It seems so incoherent for a restored patient, with ruddy cheeks and rotund form to be bothered with a bill charging him with old calomel and jalap. The physicians of this country do more missionary work without charge than the other professions put together. From the concert room, from the merry party, from the comfortable couch on a cold night, when the thermometer is five degrees below zero, the doctor must go right away; he always must go right away. To keep up under this nervous strain, to go through this night work, to hear all these annoyances, many physicians have resorted to strong drink and perished. Others have appealed to God for sympathy and help, and have lived. Which were the wise doctors, judge ye?

Again: The medical profession ought to be Christian because there are professional exigencies when they need God. Asa's destruction by unblessed physicians was a warning. There are awful crises in every medical practice when a doctor ought to know how to pray. All the hosts of ills will sometimes hurl themselves on the weak points of the physical organism, or with equal ferocity will assault the entire line of susceptibility to suffering. The next dose of medicine will decide whether or not the happy home shall be broken up. Shall it be this medicine or that medicine? God help the doctor. Between the five drops and the ten drops may be the question of life or death. Shall it be the five or the ten drops? Be careful how you put that knife through those delicate portions of the body, for if it swing out of the way the sixth part of an inch the patient perishes. Under such circumstances a physician needs not so much consultation with men of his own calling as he needs consultation with that God who strung the nerves and built the cells, and swung the crimson tide through the arteries. You wonder why the heart throbs—why it seems to open and shut. There is no wonder about it. It is God's hand, shutting, opening, shutting, opening, on every heart. When a man comes to doctor the eye, he ought to be in communication with Him who said to the blind: "Receive thy sight." When a doctor comes to treat a paralytic arm, he ought to be in communication with Him who said: "Stretch forth thy hand, and he stretched it forth." When a man comes to doctor a bad case of hemorrhage, he needs to be in communication with Him who cured the issue of blood, saying: "Thy faith hath saved thee."

I do not mean to say that piety will make up for medical skill. A bungling doctor, confounded with what was not a very bad case, went into the next room to pray. A skilled physician was called in. He asked for the first practitioner. "Oh," they said, "he's in the next room praying." "Well, said the skilled doctor, "tell him to come out and help; he can pray and work at the same time." It was all in that sentence. Do the best we can, and ask God to help us. There are no two men in all the world, it seems to me, that so much need the grace of God as the minister who doctors the sick soul, and the physician who prescribes for the diseased body.

But I must close, for there may be suffering men and women waiting in your office, or on the hot pillow, wondering why you don't come. But before you go, O, doctors, hear my prayer for your eternal salvation. Blessed will be the reward in Heaven for the faithful Christian physician. Some day, through overwork, or from bending over a patient and catching his contagious breath, the doctor comes home, and he lies down faint and sick. He is too weary to feel his own pulse or take the diagnosis of his own complaint. He is worn out. The fact is his work on earth is ended. Tell those people in the office there they need not wait any longer; the doctor will never go there again. He has written his last prescription for the alleviation of human pain. The people will run up his front steps and inquire: "How is the doctor to-day?" All the sympathies of the neighborhood will be aroused, and there will be many prayers that he who has been so kind to the sick may be comforted in his last pang. It is all over now. In two or three days his convalescent patients, with shawl wrapped around them, will come to the front window and look out at the passing hearse, and the poor of the city, barefooted and bareheaded, will stand on the street corner saying: "Oh, how good he was to us all!" But on the other side of the river of death some of his old patients, who are forever cured, will come out to welcome him, and the physician of Heaven, with locks as white as snow, according to the Apocalyptic vision, will come out and say: "Come in, come in. I was sick and ye visited me!"

Even the laziest man can usually see some work that another fellow ought to do.—N. Y. Weekly.

You can tell a preacher's letter by the odd stationery they all use.

TEMPERANCE NOTES.

DOROTHY'S CRUSADE.

How It Opened Her Father's Eyes to the Evils of Cider Making.

"Mamma, was it right for a lot of ladies to go into saloons and pray and break up whisky barrels and beer kegs, as they did in the c... de?" asked Dorothy Lyons, anxiously.

"They thought they were doing right, my dear; they were Christian women," answered Mrs. Lyons.

"But the whisky and beer belonged to the saloon keepers, didn't they?"

"Yes, Dorothy, but they were used only to make drunkards and paupers of men, so those brave women were determined that no more of it should be sold to ruin their husbands and sons. They believed it right to destroy it, just as much so as to kill rattlesnakes that had been turned loose in a community," Mrs. Lyons explained, glad to have her little daughter so much interested.

"Bessie Ayres' father and brothers get drunk all the time on cider that they buy from papa; Bessie says so. And she says plenty of other people do, too. Don't you think papa ought to be crusaded, then, the same as the saloonkeepers?"

"I- I don't know, dear. I have never thought about it. It certainly is wrong for papa to make cider, but I can't coax him to quit."

"Why not, mamma? Doesn't he think it is wrong?"

"I'm afraid not, Dorothy, or he wouldn't go on making it. He says he must have the money he gets for the cider, and that it is perfectly harmless if people do not drink too much of it. I feel very sorry and very much ashamed, but I cannot help it," Mrs. Lyons said, sadly.

"What made those ladies think of going out crusading, mamma?"

"I suppose God put it into their hearts, dear."

"Then it isn't wrong to do what God puts it into our hearts to do?" questioned Dorothy, eagerly.

"Not if we are sure God really wants us to do it to make people better. I think your kitten must be hungry, dear. She mews so pitifully you ought to feed her."

"I'M GOING TO BE A BETTER MAN."

Dorothy obeyed and no more was said about the crusade.

A week later Mr. Lyons came home from the field where he was plowing, after a piece of leather to mend some broken harness.

As he entered the barnyard he was surprised to see a dozen or more little girls hurrying into the barn.

"They are up to some of their monkey tricks, I suppose; going to play school, like enough, for Dorothy has a book," he said to himself.

He was very fond of children, and he followed them quietly, curious to see what they were going to do.

The little girls had surrounded the old cider-press, and Dorothy was making a sort of speech.

"It is wrong for people to get drunk, and it is wicked for my papa to make cider and sell it, because it makes people just as drunk as whisky or beer. And mamma and Tom and I are so ashamed of papa, and so sorry, because we know God doesn't love drunkard-makers any more than He does drunkards. That's the reason I want all of us to crusade him, and make him behave himself. So we'll just go to work and break up the cider-press, then he can't make any more cider. That's the way a lot of good ladies did to the saloon keepers one time, only they smashed up whisky barrels and beer kegs, instead of cider-presses.

"But I guess we'll have to get Tom to do the breaking, because we are not strong enough, and we might cut our toes off, and Tom won't, because he's a boy and knows how.

"Come on down out of the loft, Tom! We're 'most ready, only I have to read the One Hundred and Twenty-third and One Hundred and Forty-sixth Psalms first. Those are the ones they always read when they go crusading. Then Bessie will pray, because she's had the most troubles and whippings when her papa gets drunk on my papa's cider. Hurry up, Tom!"

So Tom came down the ladder, Dorothy read the Psalms, and Bessie, though a little embarrassed, said: "Let us pray:"

"Dear God, we know you love little children and don't want them to have troubles. And we know you don't want Mr. Lyons to make any more cider for my papa and Hal and Charlie to get drunk on, besides Will Wood and Harlow Eaton and Mr. Davis. And, dear Father, please make Mr. Lyons be good, and don't let him whip Tom and Dorothy for helping to crusade him.

"And mamma cries 'most all the time about papa and the boys, and my shoes are all wored out, and I can't get new ones, 'cause papa and the boys are drunk so much and won't work for money to buy things with.

"And, dear Father, we all wish there wasn't any cider in the world; and that folks would can the apples or dry them or make jelly of all they can't eat raw, or feed them to the pigs. And now help us to crusade Mr. Lyons' cider press, 'cause Tom's going to split it all into splinters. Amen!"

The children arose from their knees soberly, feeling very earnest and solemn over the important business before them.

Mr. Lyons had been much amused at first, but his little daughter's speech and Bessie's quaint prayer soon strangely changed his heart. He had never before felt that he was really doing wrong in making and selling cider to his neighbors. The idea of being ranked with saloon keepers in the minds of these innocent children, especially of his own son and daughter, was appalling to him.

He stepped into the barn and walked hastily up to the half-frightened children.

They stood their ground resolutely, though, the spirit of martyrdom at work in their brave little hearts.

Tom said respectfully, but without faltering: "We're sorry, papa, but we're obliged to crusade the cider-press. We want you to be good so God can love you, but He can't if you keep on making cider. It doesn't make any difference if you don't make so much money. Dorothy and I can wear our old clothes and go barefooted this summer. And mamma'll be gladder than any of us, she's so ashamed and so sorry for you to be a drunkard-maker."

"Wait a minute, Tom!" Mr. Lyons said, hastily, then hurried from the barn.

"He's going to get a switch—you'll catch it, Tom!" said one of the girls.

Tom turned a little pale, but showed no sign of turning away.

In a few minutes Mr. Lyons came back with Mrs. Lyons. He carried an ax, and going up to the cider-press, laid his hand upon it.

"My dear children, I am indeed going to be a better man. Your strange little crusade has opened my eyes and reformed me. I shall never again manufacture or sell cider to make my neighbors' children unhappy, and with God's help I will undo, as far as I can, the mischief I have already done. Go to work, Tom—I'm going to help you!"

And, raising his ax, Mr. Lyons gave the first strong, sharp cut into the cider press. Tom followed his example, and soon there was only a pile of kindling wood and s... iron where the cider press had been.

The little girls looked on with shining eyes, while Mrs. Lyons, with grateful heart, said: "Thank God!"

And thus the one great curse of that neighborhood was removed, and happiness and sobriety took the place of drunkenness, through the influence of little Dorothy's crusade.—Laura J. Rittenhouse, in Youth's Temperance Banner.

NOTES BY THE WAY.

It takes some time to age whisky, but it does not take long to age the man who drinks it.—Ram's Horn.

To rescue perishing drunkards is to do Christ's work. When men had evil spirits He cast them out.—Lever.

Let the battle cry and determination of the church be that the saloon must go.—National Temperance Advocate.

"Hath a dog money?" Hath a drunkard friends? Be rather "a dog and bay the moon," than a drinking man and obey the devil.—Ram's Horn.

The city council of Millersburg, O., has passed an ordinance against the proprietors of saloons, pool rooms and bowling alleys permitting minors to enter. A heavy penalty is attached.

Every saloon in Winneshiek county, Ia., has been closed on account of the decision of Judge Hobson that there was not a necessary per cent. of signers to the mulct petition to permit the operation of the law.

Where do the police of Chicago or of any large city go when they are searching for criminals? In the dry goods stores and groceries? No, but in the saloons. In nine cases out of ten they are sure to find their game in a saloon.—Lever.

When Spain would found a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals, she raised the required sum by revenue from her bull fights. We laugh at this idea, and yet Americans deem it quite the thing to run city, state and national governments on revenue derived from a traffic that brutalizes and demoralizes the people.—National Temperance Advocate.

At a recent service in St. Mary's Catholic church at Bismarck, N. D., 116 members of the congregation responded to a call made by their pastor to take the total abstinence pledge, signing a card in which they promised to honor their Saviour by abstaining from all intoxicating drinks, and thus, by word and example, discountenancing the drinking habit of society.—Union Signal.

OPINION OF CANON FARRAR.

Scathing Terms in Which He Denounces the Drink Evil.

The stream of horrible profits which drunkards pour into the enormous reservoir of the drink trade is a stream swollen by untold misery to the innocent and a stream which everywhere leaves the slime of its overflow over devastated areas of society. But, apart from drunkenness and all its ruinous incubus upon the well-being of the country, the amount of hopeless waste caused by the drinking habits of our poorer population is the main cause of pauperism and demoralization with which, for so many weary years, the best have struggled in vain. If there were no other and deeper grounds for temperance efforts, they would be amply justified by the immediate prosperity which the working classes might achieve for themselves if they would divert into the channels of useful trade the vast mass of wealth—amounting according to some calculations to £60,000,000 a year—which they spend on an article of consumption which is not food but a needless stimulant, and which even in measures that are deemed moderate is to large multitudes of men a source not of strength, but of weakness; not of health, but of widespread anguish and disease.—Canon Farrar.

THE CIGARETTE FIEND.

Pitiable Case of Little Girl in St. Louis Hospital.

A dispatch from St. Louis the other day says:

Zelda Tourville, only 15 years old, a pretty, black-eyed little girl, is in the city hospital in a precarious condition, both mentally and physicially. The child is a cigarette fiend, and twice she has attempted suicide within a week because she was deprived of cigarettes.

The girl was taken to the Young Girls' home ten days ago, and because she was not allowed to have cigarettes she seized a tableknife and tried to cut her throat. Then she was sent to Betheseda home, but not until they had promised to let her have as many cigarettes as she wished. The promise was not kept, and Zelda was caught by her skirt as she w... about to plunge out of the third st... dow. She was maniacal, and sent to the city hospital, where I saw her. I asked her how many cigarettes she smoked a day.

"All I can get," she said. "Never less than four or five boxes. I buy them if I have money; if not, I beg 'em. I've been smoking about six months."

Only a few weeks ago a young lad in New York became insane from the use of cigarettes. He admitted he used some fifteen packages a day.

No Show for the Doctor.

A good anecdote is told of the late Sir B. W. Richardson. He was travelling in England, and had come to a town of 4,000 inhabitants, in which was no public house, and the village doctor was nearly starving. While there a young physician sought his advice as to taking up practice in the village. The good doctor, placing his hands on the young man's shoulders, said: "Take my advice, and don't. These wretched teetotalers not only shirk accidents, but when wounded heal so fast that there is neither pleasure nor profit after the first dressing."

Help the Young Men.

After you got that young man to sign the pledge and give his heart to God, did you inquire his address? And have you gone to his home? Sometimes it is a good plan to invite him to your home also. Perhaps he is asked a dozen times a day to break his pledge. He needs the arms of human love and sympathy thrown around him.—Lever.

RELIGIOUS MATTERS.

FAITH AND RESIGNATION.

Thy mercies, Lord, still fall ... dew upon
Thy servant here.
In all my devious wanderings Thy guiding hand I see.
And when unscathed I pass through scenes
my soul had cause to fear,
I cannot fail to recognize the Love that aided me.

When shelterless I ... the cur... fierce,
blazing ... and l... ...
Life's stony path, with panting breath
and fever-heated brow,
I know that soon the grateful clouds will
gather o'er my head,
And break in cooling showers upon my
drooping soul below.

Or, when upon the raging sea my feeble
craft is tossed
By wayward winds that try the soul and
baffle human skill,
Above the tumult and the roar, when all
seems well-nigh lost,
I hear Thy gentle, calming voice still saying: "Peace, be still."

No mundane cares, not death itself, shall
fill my soul with fear,
Since Thou, O Lord, dost succor me, since
Thou my refuge art,
And when the hour for parting comes from
all I hold so dear,
Thy brightness will eclipse the gloom that
gathers 'round my heart.

—Robert Raymond Lampa, in N. Y. Observer.

"APPLIED CHRISTIANITY."

What the Term Means—A Practical Question Raised.

These words assume the existence of Christianity, together with an object or objects to which it is to be applied. Within the limits of this article the word Christianity is intended to mean the Divine law of love to God and man, which was perfectly taught and exemplified only in the person of Jesus Christ, the incarnate Son of God, who became "son of man in order that sons of men might become sons of God." The object to which Christianity was intended to be applied is "society." This word, derived from the Latin "socius," means, in its largest sense, the whole human race, whose members are of necessity companions not only to their own immediate relatives and neighbors, but also to the whole world by literature, trade and commerce. There are but very few remote tribes of imperfectly civilized people who have not been brought within touch of the influence of others formerly foreign to them.

This vast society rests upon three great pillars—the family, the church and the state. These things being so, the standard of manners and customs and religious faith and practice will be high or low, within any given section of society, according to the public sentiment of those composing it. The public sentiment is the general sentiment of the aggregate of individuals composing the great body of the people. It is self-evident, therefore, that in order to produce a desired public sentiment it is necessary to begin with the individual, and by convincing one individual after another gradually convince the aggregate of individuals composing the nation, and when that result has been accomplished it will find expression in the making and enforcing of law, which will express this sentiment. From the standpoint of the writer, Christianity applied to the family, the church and the state in any section of society is the only way in which injustice, oppression and social unrest can be rectified, and true and lasting peace established.

If these premises are admitted, the question may well be asked: Why is it that, in these United States of America, whose citizens for the most part profess to believe in Christianity, there is so much complaining about injustice and oppression and so much social unrest? It seems to me that the answer is: Because we profess the theory of Christianity, but do not really apply it in the family, the church and the state for fear of the results which would follow its fair and honest application. Jesus Christ taught that God is the Father of all men, and that consequently all men are brothers. He commanded men to love God with all their being, and their neighbors as themselves. How does a man manifest his love for himself? He manifests his love for himself by obtaining the best shelter, food and clothing within his power to procure, and giving the same advantages to his family; then, having provided for his material needs, he tries if he has any high aspirations at all, to surround himself with an environment which will be most helpful in developing his mental and spiritual nature. Having done this, he will not be satisfied if he honestly believes in applied Christianity until he has done all he can to give his fellow-men equal opportunities, at least, to reach the same height to which he has attained, and is ready and willing to extend aid to all who are struggling upward.

As society is constituted this seems to be impossible, because public sentiment apparently believes that vested property rights are more sacred than "human rights;" and that the wealth of a nation consists in the amount of money it possesses, although this money be controlled by a few. It is the intention of the writer of this brief article to try to make those who read it carefully and prayerfully ponder over the question: How can Christianity best be applied to the family, the church and the state?—Joseph Reynolds, in N. Y. Journal.

CURRENT RELIGIOUS THOUGHT.

—The man who knows how to live well will not have to learn how to die well.—Ram's Horn.

—The hardest things to believe are those most true. The perception of things everlasting is hard. So are things in nature, but they are true.—Rev. P. S. Henson.

—Thinking men have made the world what it is. All the works of man around us are but the material form through which the thought of men is expressed.—Rev. Dr. Rogers.

—To have a bad reputation is bad; to deserve it is worse; but to accept a bad reputation and undertake to live a life consistent with it is the worst of all.—United Presbyterian.

—There are certain atmospheres which, when brought into contact with certain conditions of mind and heart, will result in sin and crime as sure as fire starts from a tinder box.—Rev. G. W. Briggs.

—There are many lessons that we need to learn over and over again. One of these is the lesson of trust and patience. Every fresh trial is a schoolmaster sent to drill these lessons into the very fiber of our being.—Chicago Standard.

—How often we look up from and away from things by which we are surrounded and long for the ability to do. Even when we are most neglectful our minds are filled with fair visions of what we think we would do if we were only differently situated.—Rev. W. M. Reilly.

—However good the past may have been, however much we may love it and cling to it, yet the time will surely come when we must leave behind the limitations of our earliest ideas and beliefs and go on to find others nobler. Blessed are they who revere the old, but who are ready also to welcome the new.—Rev. B. J. H. Shaw.

WE CAN.

Every Opportunity a Command—Brings with It Power to Do.

In every man there lie dormant powers which he does not know he possesses. Every man has more ability than he thinks he has. However self-conceited he is, he has more ability than he thinks he has, although he may not have the kind of ability which he thinks he has. There is in every man, potentially, power that he never suspects—power that will never come to anything unless it be quickened by a power without himself, as the seed in the ground will come to nothing unless the sun shines on it. To this power in every man Christ appeals. To everyone waiting for some external gift, dreaming what he would do if he only had some one else's powers, lying idle in the expectation that some angel will come down and trouble the water, and then his time will come, Christ says, as to the cripple of olden time: "Rise, take up thy bed and walk." In every miracle He gave the healed something to do. The only way to receive help is to help ourselves. The only way to help others is to help them to help themselves.

The best word of Christian philanthropy, generally to the unfortunate, is: "Silver and gold have I none, but such as I have give I unto thee. In the name of Jesus of Nazareth, rise up and walk." There can be no love without thought, without labor, without some measure of self-sacrifice. To fling a quarter to a beggar in the street is not love, it is laziness; it is at best but an idle, inefficient and indifferent good nature.

The spirit has more power over the body than we have been wont to think. There is an effect of body on soul, but there is also an effect of soul on body. There is a power in the human will to control the nerves and to minister to the physical organization. There are not a few persons who really need no medicine but this—a vigorous, emphatic command: "Rise, take up your bed, walk." There are invalids who need nothing more than this: "In the name of Jesus Christ I command thee, Rise!" and then a helping hand to put them on their feet.

But these are only illustrations of the higher truth: Every one of us can do the work he ought to do. Opportunities are commands, and when the command comes the power comes also. No man can tell what he can do by consulting his own self-consciousness. The only way is to try. There are some men who sit so long wondering whether they can do a thing or not that the next-door neighbor, who is not so strong, has arisen and accomplished the task. The mere attempt accomplishes something. The mere endeavor creates the power. Could Moses have imagined, when he was the herdsman at Mount Sinai, that he was to be a great statesman? Could David have imagined, when he was feeding his father's flock on the hillside of Judea, that he was to be the organizer of the kingdom of Israel? Could Paul have imagined, when in Jerusalem, that he was to be the founder of European Christianity? Could Abraham Lincoln have imagined, when he was splitting rails, that in him was the power to lead a nation through the travail of civil war? The conduct of Israel through the wilderness made Moses; the kingdom made David; the apostles' preaching made Paul; the reformation made Luther; the civil war made Abraham Lincoln. We are made by what we do; our activity creates us. The man who sits with folded hands until the angel has come down and troubled the water never accomplishes anything. Endeavor does not always achieve success; but it can always achieve the greatest of all successes—character. The door of opportunity is always an invitation from God, and with that invitation comes the command, and with the command the power. There is in every church in America a great deal of latent force not set to work. If only a Christ could come through our churches, and, looking in the face of every waiting disciple idly receiving instruction and serving in nothing, could say to him: "Rise, take up thy bed, and walk," and everyone into whose eyes he looked should attempt to serve, we should see a very different church from the church we see now. Nothing that ought to be is impossible. To Christ's question: Can you drink of the cup that I shall drink of, and be baptized with the baptism that I am baptized with? the Christian's answer should always be: We can. For God's child can always bear the burden the Father puts upon him, can always accomplish the task the Father sets him.—N. Y. Outlook.

INTEMPERATE SPEECH.

Mischievousness of Words Spoken in Hot Temper.

Strong language is not always to be condemned. Sometimes there is occasion for it. The man who never feels intensely or speaks otherwise than in measured phrase generally is a poor sort of a fellow. But such strong language is not necessarily intemperate. Intemperate speech is that which is not justified by its cause. It is this lack of correspondence between the utterance and the occasion which we recognize as a fault.

One peril attending it is that of the loss of influence. It reveals some lack of poise, some error of judgment or of accuracy in statement, which inevitably subtracts from confidence in the speaker. His influence thereby is diminished, or, at any rate, is altered for the worse. This means to him also some loss of good reputation. We do not respect him as highly or refer to him as an authority in the same manner as before.

But a graver peril involved is that of losing something of one's own self-respect. Many a sin causes us humiliation, but there is hardly another after which we are apt to feel so foolish as this. It is realized too late that to have bartered dignity and influence for a momentary indulgence in passion, which has afforded no lasting gratification and was not truly enjoyable, even for the moment, does not pay. This is true too not only of hasty, hot-tempered words, but also of those exaggerations which are become so customary to many that ordinary terms hardly seem to them to have much meaning. They are at once absurd and mischievous. They injure our friends and ourselves, and they are unworthy of every courteous and well-bred, not to say every Christian, man or woman.—Congregationalist.

Love to God and Man.

Loving one trait of God tends to the love of all of God's traits. Every quality of God is a center of the entire universe of which God is the center. Being at the center gives one an interest in all that is within the limitless circumference that surrounds that center. As with God's traits, so with God's creatures. True love for one of God's creatures gives an added interest in every creature of God.

"The love for one, from which there doth not spring
Wide love for all is but a worthless thing."
—S. S. Times.

A Life More Than a Sermon.

The man who can tell all he knows of religion, knows very little.—Ram's Horn.

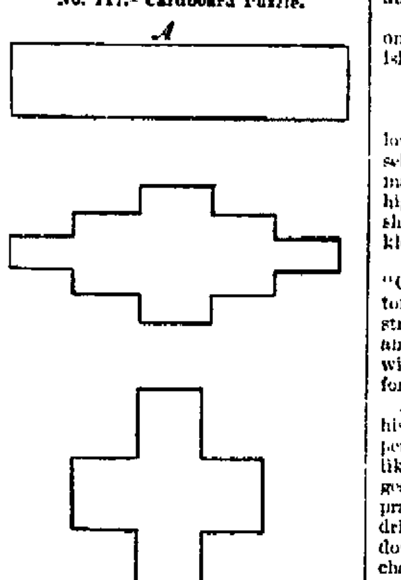
THE PUZZLER

No. 116. Terminal Amputation.

The two's as full of mischief
As a ... is of ...,
Its delight, in ... or spite,
The other is to tease.

The children he amuses
As round and round he struts,
Dressed as a clown, with joy he's wild
And funny as ... cuts.

No. 117.—Cardboard Puzzle.



Cut a piece of cardboard in the shape of Fig. A. Then cut this into 11 pieces and use these 11 pieces to form first one and then, by changing the position of the pieces, the other of the figures given.

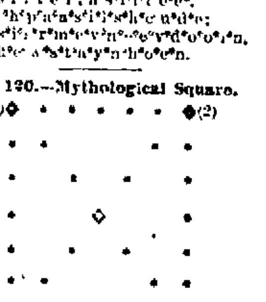
No. 118.—Decapitations.

1. Behead a fish and have "to listen."
2. Behead a fish and have "to dissolve."
3. Behead a fish and have "20 quires."
4. Behead a bird and have a boat.

No. 119.—Missing Letter Puzzle.

N*s*t*t*e*s, n*s*t*e*o*e,
T*e*h*p*a*s*i*s*h*e n*d*e;
*.*e*i*r*m*e*v*n*e*y*d*o*o*n,
*o*h*e a*s*t*y*n*h*o*e*n.

No. 120.—Mythological Square.



From (1) to (2), whom Bacchus found deserted on the island of Naxos, and to whom on their wedding day he gave a golden crown which was immortalized by being placed as a constellation in the sky. From (2) to (3), a city in Asia Minor sacred to Diana. From (1) to (4), the friend and inseparable companion of Æneas. From (4) to (8), the mountain where stood the statue of Niobe. From (1) to (8), the Greek name of the goddess of the moon and the chase. From (4) to (2), a word meaning "knowledge."

No. 121.—Charade.

When you are old and first, my boy,
With glasses on your nose,
You'll cease to laugh at winter's cold
And winter's drifting snows.

Your heart, now young and eager, longs
To second in life's race.
When you are old and lame, like me,
You'll move with slower pace.

Your cheeks are like a rosy whole,
That apple fair and bright.
When you are old like me, my boy,
They'll wrinkled be and white.

Then laugh away the livelong day,
Be happy while you can.
No word from me shall check your glee,
My happy little man.

No. 122.—Hidden Proverbs.

There is a dot for each letter and a line between each word

1. ...
2. ...

No. 123.—Divided Words.

Divide a kind of roof and have a human being and a mineral.

Divide to ... each upward and have a poisonous serpent and wrath.

Divide ... ing outward and have to study and to ...

Divide one of the United States and have to dye and trouble.

Divide forgiveness and have equal value and to put ...

Divide united in growth and have one on the negative side of a question and an island much mentioned of late.

Slips of Tongue and Pen.

The Morning Post in 1812 made the following statement: "We congratulate ourselves most on having torn off Corbett's mask and revealed his cloven foot. It was high time that the hydra head of faction should be soundly rapped over the knuckles."

An English lecturer on chemistry said, "One drop of this poison placed on the tongue of a cat is sufficient to kill the strongest man," and an English lieutenant said that the Royal Niger company wished to kill him to prevent his going for the river until next year.

A clergyman in an eastern town warned his hearers lately "not to walk in a slippery path, lest they be sucked, maelstrom-like, into its meshes." The metaphor suggests that of another clergyman who prayed that the word might be as a nail driven in a sure place, sending its roots downward and its branches upward.—Exchange.

Key to the Puzzler.

No. 107.—Numerical Enigma: Anarchist.

No. 108.—Anagram: Masterly.

No. 109.—Charade: Band-age.

No. 110.—Hidden Proverb: "A little learning is a dangerous thing."

No. 111.—Ten Fishes: Ling, sole, scup, skate, tope, parrot fish, sunfish, pipefish, moonfish, rosefish.

No. 112.—Progressive Enigma: Arbitration.

No. 113.—Crossword Enigma: Paper.

No. 114.—Poetical Pi:

Cease, rude Boreas, blustering railer!
List, ye landsmen, all to me!
Messmates, hear a brother sailor
Sing the dangers of the sea.

No. 115.—Geographical Anagrams: 1. St. Helena. 2. Deal. 3. Damietta. 4. Niger. 5. Persia. 6. Agra. 7. Rosetta. 8. Madeira. 9. Algeria.

Beneath Him.

Lawyer—So you didn't rob Gotrock's cottage?

Jim the Cracksman—Nit. My standin in do perfesh don't allow me to crack no crib under four stories high. Dat lets me out.—New York Sunday Journal.

No Cause For Jealousy.

The Maid—Mr. Blank mistook me for his wife last night.

The Policeman—Ah, gave you a kiss, eh?

The Maid—No, gave me a scolding.

Fruit House Prices for 1897.

1896 is gone, and with it much of the doubts and fears of the business world. Certainly things can get no worse, on the contrary we have every hope and reason to believe that they will improve. In the ups and downs of merchandise many changes have taken place. A great many goods are now at low water mark. Any change from now on will, in all likelihood be upwards. All staple goods are lower than they have been for years. Sugars are now ½c lower. Coffee is 2c lower: Teas are firmer but no higher: Evaporated Apples 3c lower: so cheap are they that the packers get little for their labor: only 5c per lb. the regular Dried Apples 4c lb.

Sugars 1-2c Lower on all Grades.

Good Yellow Sugar, 3c lb — Standard Granulated, 5
Extra C 4c lb — Finest Powdered, 5½c
Standard Coffee A 4½c lb — Best Cut Loaf, 5½c

Coffee is Down Another Cent Per Pound. This Makes a Reduction the Past Year of 5c Per Pound.

We now make a specialty of roasting our best Rio Coffee here at home, in this way our customers get a much fresher roast than in packages, besides you can see what you are buying as it is loose, not in packages. It is quite a saving to our customers and a much better article.

Our Best Roasted Rio, 16c — Green Rio, very best, 13c
Mail Pouch in packages, 14c — Good Rio, Green, 11c
Other brands in packages, 17c — Government Java, 29c
Rich Mocha, Green 27c; Roasted, 32c — Java, Roasted, 31c

Teas—Young Hyson, Gun Powder and Japan Teas.

No change in prices' they have advanced on a few grades, but our prices are no higher. Our sales in Teas increase year after year; this is in consequence of keeping good Teas at a regular uniform price. Also in consideration of the fact that we purchase in large lots direct from the importer, in this way we save to our customers the profits of the jobber and wholesale dealers which is at least 10 to 15c per pound. This saving we give to our customers.

Young Hyson, best, 50c — Gunpowder, good, 30c
Young Hyson, good, 30c — Gunpowder, best, 50c
Young Hyson, fair, 20c — Imperial, good, 30c
Oolong Black Tea, 25c — Imperial, best, 50c
Oolong best Tea, 50c — Japan, very best, 50c
Tea in 1 lb Packages, 15c — Japan, good, 30c

Canned Goods—Home Pack And California.

Tomatoes are away up, much higher than we are selling at, we bought early during the packing season and give our customers the benefit of our purchase.

Best Warsaw Tomatoes, 7c can — California Gages, 12½c can
Best Baltimore Pie Peaches, 7c can — California Peaches, 15c can
Illinois Sweet Corn, 6c can — California Egg Plums, 12½c can
Mistletoe New York Corn, 10c can — California Apricots, 14c can
Gallon Pie Peaches, 20c, can — Baltimore Peaches, 10c can,
Gallon Apples, best, 12½c per can — Early June Peas, 10c can

Dried Fruits—Domestic and California.

California Raisins, best, 9c — Evaporated Apples, 5c
California Raisins, extra, 7c — Domestic Apples, 4c
California Nectarines, 9c — Pitted Cherries, 7c
California Apricots, 12c — No. 1 Raspberries, 20c
California Prunes, 5c and 10c — Best Blackberries, 10c
California Peaches, 9c — Zantee Currants, 6c

Maple Syrup, Other Syrups And New Orleans Molasses.

Maple Syrup, per gallon, 60c — New Orleans Molasses, gal., 15c
Lyndon Maple Syrup in Bottles 35c — Best New Orleans, gal., 35c
Golden Drips, per gallon, 25c — No. 1 Sorghum, gal., 25c

Oils—Harness, Neatsfoot, Linseed and Machine.

Harness Oil, 50c Gallon — Machine Oil, bright, 30c Gallon
Neatsfoot, 60c Gallon — Linseed Oil boiled, 40c Gallon
Fish Oil, 60c Gallon — Linseed Oil, Raw, 40c Gallon
Machine Oil, dark, 20c Gallon — Lard Oil, No. 1, 50c Gallon.

Cheap Sugar Has Made Cheap Candy.

Pure Stick, per lb, 7c, — Bon Bons, Extra, 10c lb
Pure French Mixed, 7c lb — Bon Bon Fruit, 18c lb
French Mottoes, 14c lb — Cinnamon Drops, 10c lb
Gum Drops, 5c lb — Peppermint Lozenges, 10c lb

These are the lowest candies have ever been sold at in the history of the trade.

Fine Cut And Plug Tobacco, Cigars, Etc.

Fine Cut, good, 20c — Plug, Battle Ax, pound, 24c
Fine Cut, extra, 35c — Plug, Horse Shoe, pound, 40c
Fine Cut, best, 75c — Plug, J. T., best pound, 32c
The Boy's Delight Cigars, 45c per box — Smoking Tobacco, pound, 15c
Artistic Cigars, 65c per box — Sweet Conqueror, pound, 19c
C. C. Cigars, $1 15 per box — Mail Pouch, pound, 30c

Liquors And Wines, for Medical use only.

Domestic Wines are extremely low this season.

Kelley Island Catawba, 70c Gallon — California Angelica, 80c Gallon
Kelley Island Port, 80c Gallon — California Muscatel 80c Gallon
Kelley Island Sherry, 80c Gallon — Wines in bottles, 30c Bottle
German Kummel, $1 50 Gallon — Whiskies, New, $1 and $1 25 Gallon
German Kummel, bottles, 60c — Whiskies, old, $1 40 and $2 50 Gallon

Carpets, Mattings, Linoleums, Window Shades and Floor Oil Cloths.

We have a large line and nice assortment of Oil Cloths, Carpets and window Shades. We keep all grades and prices. Our whole ... room is devoted to these goods so you can always find a good display at low prices.

Window Shades, good, 10c each — Linoleum, good, 42½c square yard
Window Shades, extra, 25c each — Linoleum, best 70c square yard
Window Shades, best 35c each — Floor Oil Cloth, good 20c square yard,
Rag Carpet, home made, per yard, 30c — Floor Oil Cloth, best, 25c square yard
Brussels Carpet, good, yard 40c — Ingrain Carpets, good, 25c yard
Brussels Carpet, best, yard, 70c — Ingrain Carpets, best per yard, 32c yard
Extra Supers, per yard, 50c
Tru. Brussels, 55c yard

Be sure and call on us for your Carpets, Oil Cloths and Window Shades, we beat all others. You can save at least 20 per cent. on the dollar at the Fruit House.

FORT WAYNE FRUIT HOUSE

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

A REMARKABLE FEAT.

Crossing the Cataract of Tequendama, in Bogota, on a Rope.

SEVERAL American papers a series of pictures taken from photographs of the most remarkable feat performed by Mr Harry Warner, a Canadian equilibrist, in Bogota.

The falls of Bogota is 60 miles long. The river Funza traverses the plain in a southwesterly direction for about 6 miles, where, through a rent not over 60 feet wide, it leaps over a rocky ledge and at one place high, forming one of the most magnificent cataracts on the globe, and then rushes down to join the Magdalena. The height of this prodigious leap is so great that the roar of the falling waters is terrified by the daring and audacious act of Mr. Warner, who crossed the abyss of the Tequendama in imitation of the act of Blondin at Niagara.

From the most ancient antiquity there have always been equilibrists, many of whom

CROSSING TEQUENDAMA CATARACT.

were extraordinarily daring and skillful and have astounded the spectators by their deed of prowess. History tells us that in 1385, upon the entrance of Isabel of Bavaria into Paris, a Genoese allowed himself to slide, singing, from the tops of the towers of Notre Dame to the Pont de Change, over which the queen passed and entered through an opening in the blue taffeta sown with golden flowers-de-luce with which the bride was covered. After having placed a crown on young Isabel's head, the equilibrist continued his aerial journey When it was nearly night, the Genoese ascended to the towers, carrying a lighted torch in each hand, which must have caused a singular appearance from a distance, and doubtless gave rise to more than one store of fantastic apparitions.

If history has preserved for us through five centuries the tradition of this descent from the towers of Notre Dame to the Pont de Change as a marvelous feat, what can we say of Blondin and his imitators, especially of Warner, who has dared not only on a wire to cross the cataract of Niagara, but has just performed the wonderful feat of crossing the terrible abyss of Tequendama on a rope?

The crossing of Niagara gave Blondin a universal reputation, he being the first to try this daring act, but if considered conscientiously, that is nothing compared with the crossing of Tequendama, for the conditions of the two cataracts are quite different. At Niagara an acrobat who became dizzy and lost his equilibrium would fall into waters that are perfectly tranquil and very deep, circumstances which, taken in connection with the fact that the fall would not be more than about 100 feet, would give the equilibrist the assurance of salvation, for he would not encounter rocks, and, if he knew something of swimming, he would rise to the surface and swim to one of the banks or to a boat, which would land him safely.

At Tequendama all the conditions of the abyss are against the equilibrist, who, in case he experiences the slightest dizziness and falls, would be very certain of breaking his neck, for he would fall into a raging torrent from the terrible height of 479 feet! What would be the size of the large fragment of the acrobat that could be picked up at the bottom of such an abyss?

HE TURNS ON THE GAS.

The Queer Mania of a Midnight Marauder in San Francisco.

THE residents of what is known as the western addition of San Francisco are up in arms against a most unusual and inconsiderate house breaker. This nocturnal visitor seems to have a mania for turning on the gas, and although he very seldom takes the trouble to steal anything he never fails to make an insidious assault on the property and health of his victims by tampering with the gas fixtures.

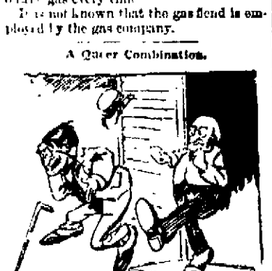
As last accounts this cunning rogue had entered no less than a dozen houses and

THE GAS FIEND AT WORK.

turned on the gas in every room he entered. There is no doubt that it is the work of a midnight visitor, for he has been seen several times making his escape over the garden walls. Fortunately no fatalities have yet occurred as a result of his operations, but gas bills in the western addition have been enormous. The gas fiend seems to have a particular grudge against Mr. Isador Goodman, for he has entered Goodman's house three times and turned on the gas every time.

It is not known that the gas fiend is employed by the gas company.

A Queer Combination.



Cholly—This is the first time I ever heard of a man's getting a raise after he's fired.—New York Journal.

"Seems ter me," said Uncle Eber, "dat some er de folks dat talks de mos' 'bout how po' business is is dem as neb-ber didn't hab no business nohow."—Washington Star.

FASHIONS OF NEW YORK

The Revived Popularity of Accordion Plaiting.

SUN PLAITING IS SOMETHING NEW.

All Sorts of Flounces Find Favor Early Victorian Fashions Have a Certain Vogue. Novelties In Summer Gowns the New Trimmings.

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Every new fancy in fashion is produced in such profusion that it does not take long for people to tire of it. Yet accordion plaiting has had several seasons of popularity and now it is revived with great vigor. There are several widths and kinds shown just now, one being fine and even, another in clusters of four fine plats and one wide one. Still another design has plats all of one width, and that an inch and sometimes a little more. But the greatest novelty is what is called "sun plaiting." This has the skirt cut in a perfect circle, and the plats are laid in it in such a way as to adjust it to the figure like any skirt. The plats are narrow at the top and wide at the bottom. The effect is very pretty. One style of gown made up in this manner had the folds laid from the top to bottom. About four inches from the bottom a band of ribbon was run through the plats, holding them closely to the lining of the skirt, to which I fancy it must have been tacked at intervals. Ribbon was also woven in and out of a central fold down the whole arm and in two rows across the bust, and also around the neck. The worst of these sun plaited skirts is that they are at the mercy of every wind that blows.

The open meshed grenadines, the shining mohairs, the silk muslins and the coarse nets all look beautifully plaited in this way. With reasonable care one ought to remain in place a whole season. Cotton goods do not keep in folds long enough to pay for being done. While I am speaking on this subject I may as well say that many waists are plaited in this way, and pinafore guimpes and no end of ruffles for the decoration of waists. Light silks also go through this process well and look very pretty when done. I think I mentioned the rage for bias folds and narrow ruffles recently. I may add that at the present moment there is a great liking for all sorts of flounces, and the triple skirts are shown in several places.

All of a pretty dark blue figured lawn dress which I saw there was a flounce at the hem and one just eight inches wide. Above this was a white linen lace flounce of the same width, and so on up to the waist. There was an elegant black lace gown over black taffeta. The bodice plaid of black and white satin stripes which showed up sharply over the black lining. There were two bias ruffles of the gown's put on the skirt in a small point in front and back. The lower ruffle was four inches wide and set on with a cord. The upper one was the same width, but part of it was taken up with the spanish heading. There was a row of white valenciennes at the upper edge of this ruffle, and a row of lace at the edge of both at the bottom, and a line of valenciennes insertion sewed about half an inch above the edge. The waist had a puffed guimpe of white silk muslin, the puffing done very closely. The rear view of the grenadine, with wide velvet ribbon around the top trimmed to match the ruffle on the skirt. The effect was very beautiful and dressy. Valenciennes lace and insertion are very popular for such trimming. There is, in fact, no other lace that looks so delicate and summery as that, particularly for edgings.

The early Victorian fashions are certainly to be worn to some extent, though it does not seem to me that they will become general. The idea shows itself most in the wide capes, bretelles and flounces, bias folds and quillings also bayadere fancies. These consist mostly in stripes, running around the skirts. Where the goods have no such stripes they are simulated by rows of velvet ribbon, wide at the bottom and narrowing as they go up, or with in the center with narrow rows on each side. There is black velvet ribbon with a heavy, round, corded edge in white or colored silk. When there are rows of this ribbon, in graduated widths, are sewed along the bottom of a skirt, the effect is quite brilliant. Another fancy is to have a deep border of some floral design printed, embroidered or painted around the bottom of the skirt. One in this style was of pale pink silk mull, with exaggerated violets printed upon it in a design reaching quite to the knees. The skirt was accordion plaited, and had an underskirt of coral pink taffeta. The waist was blouse style, with violet appliqué of velvet over the taffeta. The belt was violet.

I notice another novelty in the making up of summer gowns, and that is that many have the entire sleeves made of lace, and also guimpes and yokes. These have no linings. A model in this style was an ivory and pale pink taffeta in hairline stripes. Three knife plaited ruffles of the same were placed around the bottom and near the top, with a narrow, round fold of sage green satin as heading. The waist was of sage green china crape laid across the front in graceful surplice folds outlining a rounded point in front and coiling in a double bow with long tabs in the back. These tabs were bordered all around with a narrow ruffle of the taffeta. The sleeves and yoke were of cream lace, bordered with narrow plaited ruffles of sage green silk muslin. The sleeve caps were also made in the same way, and the whole was delightfully summery, if old fashioned.

Some odd and yet stylish effects are produced by the guimpes of shirred and puffed mulls and muslins. These, as a general rule, have a lining of pale pink silk, which gives an effect of coolness, as it makes the white transparent stuff above it appear unlined. One illustration of such a fancy was found in a dark, blue corded poplin, the skirt untrimmed. The waist was Louis shaped, with a wide draped belt of satin a shade darker than the dress. The blouse was cut away on the shoulders and to a V in front on the bust. Two fancy gilt buttons were placed on each side of this opening. Bows of the satin were set on each shoulder above the still little puff to the sleeve. All the rest was filled with the pinked guimpe of white silk mull over flesh colored silk. The collar was of a

FRENCH WEDDING TOILETTE FROM HARPER'S BAZAR

fine lace insertion over the silk, and the lace was also used in the form of a fichu. The lace was arranged in the form they now have. It is not every lady that is able to pay for such rare old lace, but there are other laces made of the modern machine laces quite as pretty to look at. Wide and narrow insertions are made of white and black chantilly. White and cream chiny point de genes and ecrus, bordered the eternally low and valenciennes. Black lace of the same insertions and edgings to match is used on gowns made with ecrus flounces for their garniture, and some to complete with the insertion and others have it. There was a very pretty waist in linen dark dress for a young lady, and it had three rows of point de venise insertion in rows shaded around the skirt. The waist was entirely full at both top and bottom and had two rows of the same around it. Another low waist sewed the entire length of the sleeves, and it showed up beautifully against the neat white of the dark. The belt and stock were of dark green velvet. The whole costume was exceedingly pretty. Jabots of silk or any kind of white lace are fleur ive, graceful and dressy and are seen very often. There are some very odd ones where the lace is laid in double cascades from the left shoulder to the waist line, crossing the bust.

I cannot call to mind now any gown that has no lace at all on it, except perhaps the most rigid of the tailor suits. Many of these have a small lace jabot or frill at the neck. The muslin and other thin gowns for summer have all the lace they can hold upon them and comparatively little ribbon. Still I saw one dress today where three rows of ribbon to match the grenadine work were set clear around the skirt, making a sharp shawl corner in front. At each point there was a bow of the same. Another style was where there were two lace flounces, each having a bow, the lower one with ends reaching the bottom of the skirt. There was a quilling of this ribbon around the edge of the skirt, and the belt and stock were both made of it. Full vest fronts are made of the light batistes, silk mulls and nets and are trimmed lavishly with lace. Russian laces, duchess and renaissance in black or white are frequently run with colored silk threads. A new idea, adapted from some old and forgotten fashion plate, shows bretelles of puffed white crepe lisse crossed by a latticework of very narrow black velvet ribbon. At each end of a lattice point is a little loop of the velvet. Some of the applied laces are almost marvels. A foundation is made of fine white net, and on that is an application of the design from chantilly, and this is sewed down with gilt thread and outlined with colored ones. It is very expensive, and while pretty it will not long remain in favor. Mexican and Spanish laces are also disguised and outlined.

MATE LEROY.

REVILED HIS ADMIRERS.

A Wandering Hindoo Made a Sensation at the Woman's Congress.

"The women of the west are savages. Will you tell me what is the difference between an Indian who puts war feathers in his hair and a woman who puts feathers and flowers in her hat?"

Those words fell like a bombshell on the recent woman's congress at San Francisco, where their author had been coddled

BRAMACHARIN BOBHABHISKSHU.

and lionized with the admiring deference which impressionable women are prone to pay to handsome young men who wear a strange garb and an air of romance and mystery.

To say that the women were startled when Bramacharin Bobhabhiskshu, the Hindoo hero, opened his vials of wrath upon them is putting it mildly. He said the congress was a humbug and the women were insincere. "You build fine churches," he said, "but merely through vanity. You go to church to display your clothes. The religious motive is lacking. You put fine organs in the churches, and the aim is to have the best and biggest organ, in order to draw the biggest crowd. These things are not so in India. Whatever is done by the Hindus is done in the spirit of religion and without the desire to show off."

It is safe to say that it will be a long time before the women of the congress again take up a wandering oriental, however picturesque his garb may be.

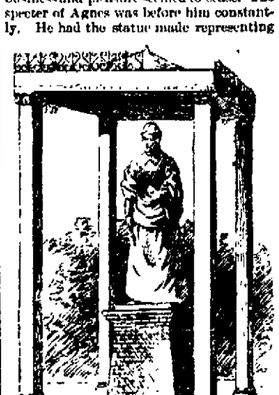
A SIREN IN MARBLE.

Captain Smith Will Demolish a Monument to a Guilty Love.

On the spacious grounds surrounding the old Smith mansion at Smithville, N. J., stands a unique statue. It is a beautiful specimen of the sculptor's art, chiseled in Italy and brought to Smithville at an expense of $10,000 to perpetuate the memory of Agnes Gilkerson. For a quarter of a century Agnes Gilkerson passed as the wife of Hezekiah B. Smith, yet she was bound to him by no legal tie. Back in Woodstock, Vt., where Smith was born and laid the foundation of his great fortune, lived his legal wife.

It was there that Smith met Agnes Gilkerson, a beautiful girl of 16, who worked in his mill. He became infatuated with her, deserted his home and family and went with his charmer to New Jersey, where he settled near Mount Holly. There he built up a large manufacturing business, became a millionaire and was elected to congress.

Thirteen years ago Agnes Gilkerson died, and the light went out of Hezekiah Smith's life. His interest in all affairs of business and pleasure seemed to cease. The specter of Agnes was before him constantly. He had the statue made representing



AGNES GILKERSON'S DOOMED STATUE.

her as in her youth, wearing a gown that finely sets off her figure. It was placed on a pedestal of brick 8 feet high, an iron canopy protecting the whole. Smith used to spend hours in contemplation of the image.

In 1887 Hezekiah B. Smith died, and then began a long contest over his estate, which has just ended in a victory for his son, Captain Elton A. Smith. Captain Smith has taken possession of the property and has ordered his workmen to tear down and cast into Rancocas creek the telltale monument to his father's guilty love.

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Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

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THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Insects in Cold Storage.

Cold storage companies derive a large income in summer from keeping valuable furs, woollens and rugs, which might be injured by the larvæ of clothes moths, clothes beetles and other insects which feed on such goods. It has been the common practice of the companies to keep the goods at a temperature of 12 degrees to 20 degrees F. during the summer.

Dr. L. O. Howard, entomologist of the United States department of agriculture, made a number of experiments with destructive insects and froze them to death at various temperatures up to 45 degrees or 50 degrees. As the insects died at a moderately low temperature, it is evident that the cold storage companies which put their stores in 20 degrees or 12 degrees temperature are wasting a good deal of energy, as a 40 degree temperature is low enough to protect the goods.

The insects which shivered in the interests of science and cold storage companies were the common clothes moth, the cabinet beetle, the black carpet beetle, the dark meal worm and the leather beetle. It is said that the black carpet beetle on feeling the temperature going down wrapped itself in a Turkish rug, hoping to weather the unusual frost. It was frozen stiff in the rug, having the general appearance of a mummified beetle when unwrapped. The meal worm was equally unfortunate. It tried to keep up its circulation by eating wheat.—New York Sun.

They Worshiped Serpents.

In paganism the serpent was an emblem of deity. Plutarch says: "It feeds upon its own body. Even so all things spring from God and will be resolved into deity again."

AN EXCELLENT SCHEDULE.

The Nickel Plate Road Starts an Improvement and Special Service.

The new train service on the Nickel Plate road is a great improvement on fast service, and is a special benefit to Fort Wayne people. Three through trains daily for all points east or west. Hereafter passengers for Cleveland or Chicago may go and return on the same day with ample time for business at either Chicago or Cleveland.

Read the time of arrivals and departures in another column.

Elegant drawing rooms, sleeping cars to New York city and Boston, Nickel Plate express east at 3:27 p. m., carriage coaches, baggage cars and sleeping cars through to New York city without change of cars. East bound train leaving Fort Wayne 3:30 a. m. via Nickel Plate road arrives at New York city at 7:40 a. m., at Boston at 10:15 a. m. the following day. Train leaving Fort Wayne at 3:27 p. m. reaches Cleveland at 8:40 the same evening, New York city 3:30 p. m., Boston 5:30 p. m. following day. The train leaving Fort Wayne at 8:30 p. m. reaches Buffalo at 8:00 a. m., at New York at 8:50 p. m. of the following day. Also at convenient hour for Saratoga Springs, Troy and other interior New York state points. 2-3-4-5-9-12-16-19-23-26-30

Michigan in Summer.

Northern Michigan has increased in popularity as a place for summering, not only on account of the climatic conditions but because it provides such a variety of pleasures for such a variety of people. With the opportunities so great for the enjoyment of congenial society, the fishing, boating, bathing, the excellence of the hotels and clubs, the comforts of cottage life, there is no chance for monotony. The climate, owing to the proximity of the great lakes and the latitude, is no where equalled for the invigoration of tired and worn out humanity.

Send for illustrated discriptive matter giving information about the different points, lists of hotels, rates of fare and train service of the Grand Rapids and Indiana R'y, the line reaching all the resorts, the route of the Northland Express, the fast vestibuled train carrying through sleepers from St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and Chicago to Petoskey and Mackinaw. Address

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HIRONS' VEGETONE.

It can be Procured at Your Druggists.

The Effective Vegetable Tonic for Constipation, Indigestion, Malaria, Liver, Kidney, Nerve Troubles, and Headache.

Use Hirons Double Treatment for Catarrh and Hay Fever.

Use Hirons New Asthmand Cough Cure for Asthma, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung Troubles.

Vegetone is purely vegetable in its composition. It is a reliable and permanent cure for diseases of the liver and kidneys, constipation, chills, malarial fever, loss of appetite, and a sure and effectual cure for headache and dyspepsia.

Vegetone acts by giving tone to the stomach, strengthening the liver and kidneys, and assists these most important organs in throwing off the impurities in the blood. Every person, in the spring of the year, needs a good, safe tonic for the replenishing of the system after a winter of inactivity, and Vegetone will produce the desired effects, being purely vegetable and a mild, pleasant laxative, thus throwing off the bile from the stomach, producing new vigor.

CATARRH.

One of the most troublesome and dangerous diseases known to mankind, can in the large majority of cases, be permanently cured. Many who were victims to that disease have been cured, and many more are being cured. Double treatment for Catarrh does its work effectually; clearing it out of the head, driving it out of the blood, where it exists, and ever will exist, unless the health destroying virus is eradicated from the system. Cure it. For it is not only a constant discomfort, but a perpetual menace to life. Use the New Asthma and Cough Cure as the blood purifier, and the Speedy Catarrh Cure for the nasal treatment for Catarrh, and soon those troublesome and distressing symptoms will disappear. The constant dripping of the mucous into the throat, and the pain in the head will cease. The hearing, sight, smell, and taste will be restored.

HAY FEVER.

Hay Fever, or Hay Asthma as it is often called, is a combination of Bronchial and Nasal affections. The immediate cause and source of irritation being of external origin, attacking individuals during the months of May, June and August. The pollen of hay, dried grasses and rag-weed comes in contact with the nasal and bronchial membranes, involving all the air passages, causing immediate irritation, frequently disabling persons afflicted therewith. The great discomfort and suffering, say nothing of the the loss of life caused by this terrible disease, may be avoided by using Hirons' Double Treatment, which is a sure, safe and permanent cure. Commence using the medicine at once, and get your system in condition to resist the effect of these agencies upon the mucous membrane, thereby keeping the tissues in a healthy condition.

ASTHMA.

Asthma is a contraction of the nerves connected with the lungs, and is produced by three causes. First, by sensitive area of mucous membrane. Second, an abnormally sensitive nerve center, and third, by an external irritant. With all three of these factors simultaneously, an attack of Asthma is produced. The disease often arises from Heart trouble, nasal catarrh and dyspepsia. Some of the symptoms, short, quick, difficult breathing, wheezing, with spells of coughing and suffocation. Asthma is supposed by some to be incurable, but the use of a few bottles of Hirons' New Asthma and Cough Cure will prove to the contrary.

A Hay-fever Victim Made Happy.

The Hirons Medicine Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.

GENTLEMEN:—I have been afflicted with Hay-Fever in its most malignant form for years. The first attack would appear in June. During August and September My sufferings were intense. Water would run from my eyes and nose, the paroxysm of sneezing were uncontrollable, and I had terrible burning pains in my head. I learned of your Double Treatment for Catarrh and Hay-Fever and procured it at once. After having used three bottles of the remedies I was entirely cured. I heartily endorse your valuable medicine, and advise all Hay-Fever sufferers to give it a trial. (SIGNED.)

ANDREW LUTHY, 279 Hanna St.,
Fort Wayne, Ind.

Believes It Saved Her Life.

The Hirons Medicine Co.

GENTLEMEN:—I wish to tell you how thankful we are for the great good your medicine has done for our daughter, Mrs. John Metcalf. We sincerely believe that it saved her life. In November she had a bad case of LaGrippe, it left her with an awful cough. Our family physician informed her husband that she was threatened with consumption. We knew not what course to pursue, until one day when Mrs. Metcalf was reading your advertisement in the WEEKLY SENTINEL she resolved to try a bottle of your new Asthma and Cough Cure. After using the remedy for a short time she was able to sit up in bed. In two weeks she was up and around. Her cough ceased, and now she is entirely cured, and advises all who have lung or throat trouble to give your medicine a trial.

Yours Truly,
SAMUEL DISLER.

CEDARVILLE P. O., Ind.

Price of all Hirons' remedies $1.00 per bottle. Six bottles for $5.00.

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An artistic brochure entitled "Summer Outings," as published by the Nickel Plate Road, describing vacation resorts along that line. Address B. F. Horner, General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, Ohio, for a copy. may 14-fri-sat-18t-w9t

WHERE MINES GROW.

Of late years silver production has outstripped gold. A different condition of affairs exists in the now renowned Kootenai country. While silver predominates in some localities there, yet the streams have placer gold in paying quantities, and at Rossland, in the Trail district, gold is king. Copper and iron are found and coal also, at some places.

The recent development of this region and of that contiguous thereto in Washington, has been phenomenal. Mines of exceeding richness, from the grass roots down, have been opened all over the mountains; railroads have been built into and through the country; steamboat lines on the lakes and rivers have been increased and expanded, and towns sprung up as if by magic.

The country is good for rich or poor, the climate is mild and bracing, and the scenery grand beyond description.

Among the prominent mining camps are Rossland, Nelson, Ainsworth, Kaslo, Slocan, Salmon River, Cariboo and Deer Park.

The mountains are well timbered, rendering fuel cheap, and living expenses are reasonable.

Smelters are located at several points contiguous to the mines.

The year 1896 witnessed a wonderful emigration to the Kootenai country, and it will be eclipsed by the record of 1897.

The direct route to this land of gold, from the east, is via the Northern Pacific railway to Spokane, Wash., and Spokane Falls and Northern railway from that point north.

West of the Rossland region lies the Boundary Creek country—practically a continuation of the former—of very rich promise but as yet of meagre development. South of the Boundary line, in Washington, is the "Reservation" country, a land also of promise.

A full description of the Kootenai region can be obtained by sending to Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, N. P. Ry., St. Paul, Minn., for their new Kootenai Folder and elaborate relief map. This is the best map published of the Kootenai. m20-tf

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Undertaker and Embalmer.

17 West Wayne Street.

MAJOR GENERAL BROOKE.

A Volunteer Officer With a Fine Fighting Record.

Major General John R. Brooke, who has recently been promoted from the rank of brigadier general, appears every inch a soldier, and his war record confirms it. He was just 23 when the civil war broke out, and entered the army in Pennsylvania, his native state, as captain in the Fourth Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry on April 20, 1861. Less than a year later he went into action for the first time, having in the meantime been promoted to colonel of the Fifty-third Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry.

It was in the Virginia peninsula and at the battle of Fair Oaks that he received war's christening of blood and fire, which gave him the right to wear the title of soldier ever after. He emerged from the smoke of that Sunday morning battle with a severe wound, but with the consciousness that he had done good service. His commanding officer highly complimented him in the official reports. It was at this battle, too, that Nelson A. Miles, then a staff lieutenant fresh from civil life, first won recognition.

For four years General Brooke served with the Army of the Potomac, being engaged in nearly all the prominent battles and winning promotion steadily. He participated in the siege of Yorktown, the second battle of Bull Run, Antietam, Fredericksburg and Chancellorsville. At Gettysburg he was again wounded in leading a gallant charge across the slaughter pen of the wheatfield. For this meritori-

MAJOR GENERAL JOHN R. BROOKE.

ous action he received the brevet of brigadier general, U. S. A., and was made brevet major general of volunteers.

At the close of the war he entered the regular army, with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He was assigned to the command of the Thirty-seventh infantry and for many years served at western and southern posts. During the labor riots of 1877 he was sent with his regiment to his native state, after which duty he was transferred to Montana. In 1879 he was promoted to colonel and assigned to the department of the Platte. He took an active part in the Sioux campaign of 1890 and 1891 and was present at some of the exciting scenes which occurred in the vicinity of the Pine Ridge agency.

In May, 1895, General Brooke was assigned to the command of the department of Dakota and took up his residence in St. Paul. He staid there until about two months ago when he took command of the department of Missouri, and during the absence of Generals Miles and Merritt abroad he was called to Washington, where he was practically in charge of the whole army.

PRESIDENT'S SUMMER HOME

To Spend the Dog Days at Cherry Farm In Virginia.

While in winter Washington is delightful, in summer it is a good place to get away from. But not all of the residents of the Capital City can do it. As congress threatens to remain in session until well into the hot season, President McKinley will be one of the unfortunate ones, but he has made arrangements to get as far out of the city as possible during the coming dog days and still be near enough to attend cabinet meetings and be within reach of messengers from congress. He has chosen for his summer residence an estate located about seven miles southwest of Washington and known by the pleasant name of Cherry Farm. The property is owned by ex-Senator Henderson of Missouri, who purchased it about four years ago.

Cherry Farm is a most picturesque and secluded place which will give the curiosity seekers much trouble to find. It is reached by a narrow lane which leads from the main road about half a mile below the village of Ballston. This lane is one of the worst features of the place. It is full of twists and turns and ruts and rocks. If the president drives over it very much this summer, he will learn to appreciate the smooth but sun baked asphalt streets of Washington even in August.

The house stands well back from the lane and is surrounded by an extensive fruit orchard in which there are hundreds

CHERRY FARM.

of peach, cherry, pear and apple trees. The house is a medley of architecture, for originally it was an old fashioned southern farmhouse, but has been remodeled and modernized to some extent. It is two stories in height and on all sides extend piazzas which look cool and inviting.

The furnishings of the house are handsome throughout, although the Hendersons have spent but little time there. The furniture is principally of rattan and cane, and all the other appointments are those of a model summer cottage. In every room are open, tiled fireplaces.

Near the main house is a cozy little four room cottage which ex-Senator Henderson had built when he bought the place. This will be occupied by Mr. Porter and his family, for the private secretary is of necessity a member of the presidential family and goes wherever the chief executive does. Both cottages and all the outbuildings have been freshly painted of late and everything put in readiness for occupancy. Among other good features of the place there is on the grounds a well of excellent water which is celebrated for miles around for its purity and coolness.

His Preference.

The Savage—You shall be executed at once. By what means do you prefer to die?

The Victim—I should like to be burned.

The Savage—That was our—

The Victim—In effigy, if you please.—New York Journal.

She Was Bred in Boston.

Oh, I loved my lover more
Than the cowbird loves the mare
Or the honeybee the flowers of the lea.
For he was young and healthy,
Handsome, gentle, loving, wealthy,
But, alas, alas, he used to say, "It's me."
—New York Sunday Journal.

FREE TO EVERY MAN.

THE METHOD OF A GREAT TREATMENT

WHICH CURED HIM AFTER EVERYTHING ELSE FAILED.

Painful diseases are bad enough but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental forebodings are ten times worse than the most severe pain. There is no let up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are scarcely responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and tossed on the troubled sea of sexual weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to his aid in the shape of a combination of medicine that not only completely restored his general health but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the prescription of this wonderful remedy free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost because I want every weakened man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist nor do I pose as an enthusiast but there are thousands of men suffering the mental tortures of weakened manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a remedy as the one that cured me. Send me your name and address today. Do not try to study out how I can afford to pay the few postage stamps necessary to mail the information but send for the remedy and learn that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get they are worth a fortune to some men and mean a life time of happiness to most of us. Write to Thomas Slater, Box 210, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain sealed envelope.

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"The crowning glory of a woman is her hair."

May20-26t

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

...ALL RAIL...

Niagara Falls EXCURSION.

Wait for the old Reliable

Lake Erie & Western

Personally Conducted

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION

Leave Fort Wayne 7:10 a. m.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1897,

RATE $6.50.

ALSO

Sandusky, Put-in-Bay, Cleveland and Buffalo,

With Side Trips to

Lewiston, Toronto, Thousand Islands, Etc.

For tickets, rate, time and pamphlet containing general information, call on any ticket agent of the above route, or address

C. F. DALY,
General Passenger Agent,
Indianapolis, Indiana.

The Pennsylvania Station.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time

AS FOLLOWS:

*Daily. † Daily, except Sunday.

FROM FT. WAYNE TO — LEAVE — ARRIVE

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

East Bound	West Bound
2 [illegible] a.m.	*3 45 a. m.
4 00 a.m. from Chi	*5 10 a.m.
11 30 p.m.	*8 00 a.m.
2 45 p.m.	†11 40 a.m.
4 [illegible] p.m., Limited	* 4 30 p.m.
10 [illegible] from Chi	* 5 40 p.m.

GRAND RAPIDS & INDIANA R. R.

In effect Sept. 27, 1896.

NORTH BOUND.

*For Grand Rapids and north ..... 7 40 am
..... 8 15 am
..... 2 55 pm
*From Richmond arrives ..... 8 25 pm

SOUTH BOUND.

*For Richmond and Cincinnati ..... 12 45 am
..... 5 45 am
..... 12 25 pm
*From Grand Rapids arrives ..... 7 15 pm

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

WABASH RAILROAD.

Trains from Fort Wayne as follows. Effective May 23, 1897.

No.	GOING EAST.	DEPART.
2.	N. Y. & Boston Lim., daily	5 33 a.m.
10.	Toledo Local Express daily	8 20 a.m.
6.	N. Y. & N. Eng. Flyer, daily	11 48 a.m.
4.	Fast Mail & Ex., ex. Sunday	7 38 p.m.
	GOING WEST.	
5.	Pacific Ex., ex. Sunday	8 00 a.m.
7.	Kan. City Cannon Ball, daily	12 35 noon
1.	Government Fast Mail, daily	6 30 p.m.
3.	St. Louis Vestibule Lim., daily	8 10 p.m.
11.	Toledo Accom., ar. ex. Sunday	12 15 noon
9.	Toledo Accom. ar. Sundays only	10 20 p.m.

Phone No. 6. R. G. THOMPSON, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Fort Wayne, Ind.

NICKEL RATE

Uniformed Colored Porters attend first and second class day coaches on through trains, making service only clean cars enroute. An Unequalled Dining Car Service.

Nickel Plate Passenger Trains Daily.

LEAVE FT. WAYNE	DEPART
Nickel Plate Express, No. 2	3 27
Boston Express, No. 6	4 30
Mail and Express, No. 4	7 30
Local Freight	12 25

ARRIVE FT. WAYNE	ARRIVE
Western Express, No. 1	11 20
Nickel Plate Express, No. 5	4 15
Mail and Express, No. 3	2 50
Local Freight	10 00

Meal service a la carte. Elegant Dining Cars on Nickel Plate Express, No. 2 daily. Lunch type A. M. Dining type P. M.

Through Sleeping Room Sleeping Car on Nos. 2, 5 and 6 to Cleveland, Erie, Buffalo, New York and Boston; on Nos. 1, 3 and 5 to Chicago.

L. S. & W. TIME TABLE.

	SOUTH.	
No. 41 leaves (except Sunday)		7 10 a m
No. 43 daily		4 15 p m
No. 171 Local Freight		5 30 a m
	NORTH.	
No. 40 arrives daily		11 40 a m
No. 42 (except Sunday)		10 30 p m
No. 170 Local Freight		4 40 p m

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Fort Wayne Branch.

	SOUTHWARD.	ARRIVE.
No. 46 Way Freight		5 25 pm
No. 38 Chi. Express and Mail		11

Globe CHALLENGE SALE

Will again be inaugurated by us to begin to clear out our first and second purchases of Men's, Boys' and Children's Spring Clothing. Our past method of conducting our "CHALLENGE SALE" is all the guarantee the fair minded people of Fort Wayne need that no other firm in this city will offer them such choice styles, in High Grade Clothing at our challenge prices.

As usual this sale will draw us heavy trade, so before the best styles are gone come in and make your selections.

Men's and Boys' All Wool Suits	Men's and Boys' All Wool Suits,	Men's and Boys' Novelty Styles Suits,	MEN'S SUITS,
in Cassimeres, Scotch Plaid Cheviots, that sold at $7.00 to $7.50. CHALLENGE PRICE.... $5.65	Newest Effects, Plain and Plaid, that sold at $8.00 to $9.00, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $7.35	Mostly Exclusive Pat terns, sold at $10.00 to $12.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $9.65	Equal to the Best Merchant Tailors' Work in fit and style, that sold at $15 to $20, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $13.75

CHILD'S SUITS	CHILD'S SUITS,		
in Double Breasted, or Reefer Styles, ages from 3 to 14, that sold at $1.00 to $1.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... 83c	Midays, Reefers or Double Breasted, 3 to 14, that sold at $2.00 and $2.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $1.38	Child's Suits, all styles, that sold at $3.00 & $3.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $2.65 Those that sold at $4.00 and $4.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $3.15	Child's Suits that sold at $5.00 and $6.00, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $3.35 Those that sold at $6.50 to $8.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... $4.75

Men's and Boys' Pants worth $1.00, CHALLENGE PRICE 50c.
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $1.50, CHALLENGE PRICE 98c.
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $2.00, CHALLENGE PRICE $1.38
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $2.50, CHALLENGE PRICE $1.85
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $3 and $3 50, CHALLENGE PRICE $2.25

Child's Knee Pants, worth 25c, CHALLENGE PRICE 14c.
Child's Pants, worth 50c, CHALLENGE PRICE 25c.
Child's Pants, worth 75c, CHALLENGE PRICE 18c.

Come and see what special values you can buy for

25 Cents

of any of the following articles:

Suspenders, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Balbriggan Underwear, Working Shirts, Unlaundried Shirts, Belts, Straw Hats, Caps, Child's Blouse Waists, Boys' Heavy Cotton Sweaters and many more articles too numerous to mention in this "ad."

Come and see what you can buy during this Challenge Sale in

High Grade Hats and Furnishing Goods....

Manhattan Shirts, colored bosom, white bodies, that sold at $1.50 and $2, CHALLENGE PRICE $1.15
Youman Hats, agency price $5. CHALLENGE PRICE $3.50
Many more articles in high-class Haberdashiery and Hats marked down.

Do not miss Our great Challenge Sale. If you need Anything for Yourself and boys.

GLOBE M. K. Hurst & Co.

The most complete Men's, and Boys' outfitters in Fort Wayne.

Coupons issued with every sale for the useful Furniture which we are giving away.

BESIDE THE SAD SEA WAVES.

Cholly—"Ignorance is bliss."
Maude—"Then you should be supremely happy."

Graceful—

- Waverley Bicycles are pleasing to the eye. Their mechanism is perfect. What more could be wanted than the famous '96 Waverley greatly improved at such a price?

Better than them all is the 1897 WAVERLEY—with absolutely true bearings—built on a new principle—which sells at the fixed price of **$100**.

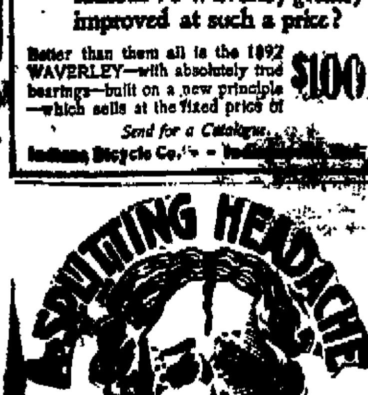
Send for a Catalogue.

Indiana Bicycle Co.

A GRAND CLIMAX.

1—Teacher—"Now children, let us give three cheers for the kind gentleman who has permitted us to occupy this beautiful grove today, and then we will disperse to our several homes, happy in—"

2—But his cane had stirred up a hornets nest, and without cheers, they dispersed to their several homes mightily lively.



SEE DR. KILMER'S SURE HEADACHE CURE. Mf'd. at SOUTH BEND, IND
Cents a Box. 25 Doses. Sample Free.
Worth $1.00 a Tablet.
"Dr. Kilmer's Sure Headache Cure is worth $1 a tablet to me when I have sick headache." High ..., Va. Mrs. Berryman.
For sale by Gross & Pellens, 94 Calhoun St.

KILLED BY THE CARS

Michael Wagner Struck by a Pennsylvania Train.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the B. of L. E. Preparing for a Picnic—Office, Shop and Hall.

Michael Wagner, a farmer residing near Delphos, Ohio, was struck and instantly killed by Pennsylvania train No. 6 this morning. He was driving into the town in his buggy and did not heed the warning whistle of the engine as he was about to cross the tracks. The deceased was seventy-three years old.

THE RECEIVER RESIGNS.

A change in the receivers of the Fort Wayne, Terre Haute and Southwestern railroad was accomplished in a very brief space of time yesterday afternoon. The receiver in charge, appointed about a year ago, was Frank P. Welch. He grew tired of his job, which was not of the most remunerative character, and through Attorney Kappes of Terre Haute he yesterday petitioned Judge Baker to relieve him of the position, showing by a report of the master in chancery that his accounts were square and that he had discharged the trust imposed on him without fault. The judge discharged him and appointed in his place Frank L. Winsor, who was suggested by the complainant. The latter's appointment will take effect upon the filing of a bond for $10,000. This is one of the few instances on record of a receiver resigning his position.

WILL HOLD A PICNIC.

At a regular meeting of the ladies' auxiliary to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers yesterday, it was decided to have a picnic at Robison park, Tuesday, June 29, and the ladies want all their friends to remember the date and go. They will send invitations to the lodges at Huntington, Bellevue and Garrett. No doubt there will be a large attendance. All members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and their families are invited and expected to be in attendance.

TO CORRECT A FALSE IMPRESSION.

It having come to the notice of the Pennsylvania excursion committee that advertising is being solicited from the business men of this city for an excursion program under the impression that this program was being gotten out by the committee and that the net receipts therefrom were to be applied towards defraying the expenses of the excursion and picnic, THE SENTINEL has been requested to say that any such statements are unauthorized by the committee, who are not engaged in any advertising scheme whatever. The coming shopmen's excursion is a free affair, given by the company to its employes. If an advertising program is being gotten up, it is a private enterprise, in which those having in hand the management of the excursion are not interested.

BRIEF MENTION.

Joseph Studer, Nickel Plate engineer, is taking a few days' rest.

The Pennsylvania pay car will be in this city next Wednesday morning.

Henry Dryer, an employe of the Pittsburg shops, is sick and off duty.

Nickel Plate engine 93 has been sent to the shops for a general overhauling.

A. Girard, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, is off duty on account of the death of a friend.

Geo. W. Benus, traveling freight agent of the Queen and Crescent, is registered at the Wayne.

Frank Roblin, of Pana, Ill., an electric light man, is here to select some lamps for the Pana plant.

Emanuel Zorbaugh, machinist at the Pittsburg shops, has gone to Pennsylvania to visit his aged mother.

R. M. Shaw, the St. Louis representative of the Electric corporation, is here on business with the local officials.

Ed F. Klotz, of Van Wert, Ohio, is in the city to remain over Sunday. He is an agent of S. F. Bowser & Co.

Superintendent P. S. O'Rourke, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road, is confined to his home by a very painful carbuncle.

The report that the Norfolk and Western contemplates a 10-per cent. reduction in the wages of the employes is officially denied.

Indications point to a big crowd of strangers in the city tomorrow, when excursion trains will be run on the Pittsburg and Wabash roads.

Nickel Plate engine 95, just out of the shops, has re-entered the freight service with George Dunann at the throttle and Joe Harber at the scoop and pick.

I. C. Allen, bridge inspector for the Grand Rapids and Indiana railway, will arrive in the city today to spend Sunday with his son, George H. Allen.

John Miller, teamster for Rhinesmith & Simonson, has resumed work, after being quarantined two weeks. One of his children had diphtheria.

General Manager L. F. LoRee, of the Pennsylvania company, will pass through the city tomorrow morning, on No. 6, bound for his home in Pittsburg.

John Michael, a machinist employed in the Lake Shore round house, had some fingers so badly crushed last evening that amputation of one or more of them may be necessary.

Every passenger coach, baggage car, parlor car and dining car of the Royal Blue line, between Washington and New York, has been repainted and refurnished during the past six months.

The Christian Endeavor business from this territory is going to be enormous, if present indications point in the right direction. It is believed that there will be at least 200 tickets sold at this point.

Randolph Breese, the unfortunate Pittsburg machinist who had a finger amputated a short time ago, will go to Bellefont, Pa., to remain with his parents until he is able to resume his duties in the shops.

Foremen Hugh Hogan and Daniel Petgen, of the Pittsburg shops, have returned from a business trip to Chicago. Mr. Petgen brought with him a new bicycle, which he will soon be riding on our streets.

J. F. Courson, general foreman, and J. E. Eyman, master painter, of the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania railroad, are the guests of the local railway officials today. The gentlemen reside in Walls, Pa.

J. A. Holsworth, of the Pittsburg planing mills, is off duty looking after some affairs in which he and a most estimable young lady of New Haven are the most interested parties. The marriage will take place next Tuesday.

Superintendent of Motive Power G. L. Potter, of the Pennsylvania, who is attending the Master Car Builders' association's meeting at Old Point Comfort, has been made chairman of a committee to determine the proper gauge of wheels for the standard American track of four feet, eight and one-half inches. A portion of the tracks of the Cincinnati and Muskingum railroad have been selected as the place for holding the meeting and making the tests.

Ten years ago the running time from Cincinnati to Chicago over the Big Four was twelve hours, and that of freight trains thirty-two hours; now the White special makes the run in eight hours, and freight trains make the run in sixteen hours.

All of the interested roads have agreed to make a low rate into Chicago for the ceremonies incidental to the unveiling of the Logan monument on July 25. A rate of one fare for the round trip will be made from all points within two hundred miles of Chicago.

The Erie management has ordered that its shops commence running nine hours a day, and at the shops at Huntington, Ind., twenty men who were dismissed a few weeks ago have been re-employed. In the car repairing department, especially are the men busy.

Cashier J. J. McCracken, Ticket Receiver J. C. M. Baker and Medical Examiner E. F. Wagner, of the Pennsylvania, have safely returned from a fishing expedition to Pike lake, bearing thirty small sunfish which, judging from appearance, had been on ice several days.

A stone wall almost a mile in length with an average height of eighteen feet, has been built along Second avenue, in Pittsburg, by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company. This is part of the half million dollar improvement that the company is making at that point.

Engineer Theodore Gould, of the Pittsburg, has gone to Fostoria, Ohio, in response to a telegram informing him of the death of his brother, Frederick Gould, which occurred in that city last night. Mr. Gould was shocked by the receipt of the message, as he was not aware of the illness of his brother.

Bellevue Gazette: "General Superintendent A. W. Johnson, of Cleveland, Division Superintendent W. L. Blair and Trainmaster Mitchner, of Conneaut, Division Superintendent C. D. Gorham and Trainmaster S. K. Blair of Fort Wayne, Nickel Plate officials, held a meeting in this city on Wednesday."

It is stated that there are over four thousand books out, sold by the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking Valley road, most of which were sold to scalpers at $18. The refusal of several roads to accept this mileage means a loss to many innocent parties, people who never will use the mileage on the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking Valley. It is stated that there is so much of a scare over the matter that it is probable that the interchangeable mileage of some of the other roads in the hands of receivers may receive similar notice to that given the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking Valley, as receivers can do as they please about paying for such mileage when sent in.

Strawberries 5c quart, $1.50 bushel at The Greatest Grocery.

Milwaukee and Return—Low Rates.

On July 3, 4 and 5, account National Educational Association meeting, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets at all its stations to Milwaukee, Wis., and return, at half fare, plus $2.00. Tickets good for return, leaving Milwaukee until August 31st. Apply to ticket agents or write to A. J. Smith, G. P. and T. A., Cleveland, O., for pamphlet of information about this and other cheap excursions. 12 15 19 22 26 29

Lost.

Strayed from 77 West Wayne a St. Bernard bitch; ten months old; orange color, with white blaising; goes by the name of Joe. A suitable reward will be given for returning to 77 West Wayne St. 5tf

4th July Excursions.

On July 3, 4 and 5 the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets at half rates at all its stations to points within 200 miles of selling station, good returning until July 6th inclusive.
12 15 19 22 26 29.

DR. PRICE'S

Above represents the official Medal awarded Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder by World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago, '93.

The fame achieved at all the Great Fairs rests solely on its merits as the strongest, purest and best of all the baking powders, and truly stamps Dr. Price's as

"The foremost baking powder in all the world."

The United States Government officially reports,

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Superior to all others in leavening strength.

(Bulletin 13, Ag'l Dept, p. 599.)

HOSTILE NATIVES

Attack British Troops at the Town of Simla.

Two Officers and Twenty-five Privates Killed and Three Officers and Twenty-five Men Wounded.

BOMBAY, June 12.—A dispatch received here from Simla, the residence of the Indian government officials during the heated periods of the year, announces serious trouble on the northern frontier and the massacre of a number of British officers and native soldiers in the government employ. From the particulars obtainable at present it seems that two guns belonging to a Bombay mounted battery, escorted by three hundred men belonging to the First regiment of Sikhas and the First Punjab infantry, were treacherously attacked in the Tochi valley by a large force of hostile natives. The first report said that Colonel Bunny, two officers and twenty-five privates had been killed and that three officers and twenty-five men had been wounded. In addition, numbers of mules and horses are reported killed. Indications are that the affair is more than a mere conflict with warlike natives, and that the notorious Mullah of Powindah is at the bottom of the trouble. The latest advices are that a political officer, Mr. McGee, was visiting Shurani with an escort of troops when he was attacked at Maiza by vastly superior forces. The British troops were compelled to retreat and were followed for several miles by overwhelming numbers of the enemy. The fighting was desperate. All the British officers were severely wounded. Captain Browne, of the first Sikhas, a son of the late Sir James Browne, and Lieutenant Crookshank, of the Royal Artillery, were killed and Surgeon Higginson, Lieutenant Higginson, of the First Sikhas, and Lieutenant Seaton-Browne, of the Punjant infantry were wounded. The second dispatch does not mention the death of Colonel Bunny, but from the fact that it says that Colonel Gray, from Mirinshah, has taken command of the British forces engaged, it is inferred that Colonel Bunny is also among the dead, as at first announced.

Tochi Valley lies north of Gumal and on the road to Ghuzni and Waziristan. It has been controlled by the British since the delinitating of the Indo-Afghan frontier, but the tribes there have always been turbulent and fear is felt lest the other tribes rise against the British.

The Mullah of Powindah is well known to the British Indian authorities. He is a notorious fanatical priest, and has always been hostile to British influence. Owing to an attempt which the Mullah recently made to stir up a rebellion, he was expelled from British territory. This caused him to be deserted by his own people, and he has since lived in Afghanistan, and is understood to have been actively plotting against the British. While Col. A. H. Turner, the British commissioner, was engaged in 1894 in delimitating the Indo-Afghan frontier, his camp at Wano was attacked on November 3 of that year by a large force of Waziri tribesmen. The British lost about twenty private soldiers and twenty camp followers were killed before the Wiziris were repulsed. The latter left over 250 dead on the field.

REFORMATORY SALARIES.

Suit to Test the Law to be Appealed to the Supreme Court.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 12—The suit involving the right of the board of managers of the Jeffersonville Reformatory to pay salaries out of the receipts of the institution will be appealed to the supreme court. The contention of the state auditor is that the instution has no right to pay salaries out of receipts until after the beginning of the next fiscal year, November 1, when the new appropriation of $56,000 a year for the reformatory will be available. He holds that it was not intended by the legislature that the institution should receive the old appropriation of $85,000 a year, and at the same time pay the salaries out of the earnings of the institution. The state officers, as a rule, express the belief that the legislature made a mistake when it set the precedent of allowing an institution to pay salaries out of earnings. "It is a pernicious practice," said one state officer, "and ought never to be permitted. Under such a law the institution is not responsible to any one. The next legislature ought by all means change the law so as to make the salaries payable through the state auditor's office, as all other salaries are payable."

MAY LYNCH HIM.

Citizens Disgusted With the Jury In the Foley Case.

When the Twelve Men Disagree the Mob Holds a Session, But Arrives at No Conclusion.

LIBERTY, Mo., June 12—After once reporting a disagreement and being sent out again to deliberate, the jury in the Foley double-murder case reported a second time that they were unable to reach a verdict. They were discharged and Judge Broaddus set the second trial for the fall term. The crowd of spectators were visibly disappointed when the jury disbanded and after court adjourned there was some talk of lynching the prisoner. It is believed, however, that no trouble will result. Foley was much relieved at the turn the case had taken and confidently expressed the opinion that he would be acquitted at the next trial.

The Greatest Grocery will give you a bargain in Strawberries this afternoon and evening. Price 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

A very enjoyable and successful surprise party was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Albert Barts, at their home at 108 Buchanan street, Thursday evening, it being the anniversary of his birth. A mandolin club furnished music for the occasion. Progressive pedro was the feature of the evening.

Half Rates—Fourth July.

Excursion tickets at half rates will be sold by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. at all stations on July 3, 4 and 5 to points within 200 miles of selling point, good returning until July 6th inclusive. 12 15 19 22 26 29

NO. 10

Homeopathic Cure for Weak Stomach.

Squeamishness.

A squeamish or easily turned stomach is settled by No. 10.

A weak or easily nauseated stomach is strengthened by No. 10.

A sour stomach is sweetened by No. 10.

Dyspepsia is cured by No. 10.

Indigestion yields to No. 10.

Heart-burn disappears before No. 10.

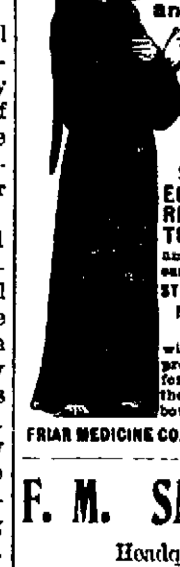
You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds, now try No. 10 for Dyspepsia.

Use Specific No. 3 for Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness of Infants.

All druggists, or sent for 25c, 50c or $1.
MEDICAL BOOK.—Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of all Diseases mailed free.
Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York

LE BRUN'S G & G CURE FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00. Sold only by
For sale by Gross & Pellens, 94 Calhoun street, Otto G. Klinkenburg, 33 E. Berry street, corner Clinton street.

TRUTH WINS!



THE FRIAR FRANCIS **Blood Purifier** and SYSTEM TONIC, KING of BLOOD PURIFIERS.
The Medical World Challenged to Produce Its Equal
CURES
SYPHILIS, SCROFULA, ECZEMA, FEVER SORES, RHEUMATISM, OVARIAN TUMORS, CATARRH, and all Blood and Skin diseases, hereditary or acquired. STUBBORN CASES SOLICITED.
Not for Sale at Drug Stores.
Shipped direct to patient, with full directions, by express prepaid, for $2. Send for descriptive circular. Read the verdict of users. One bottle convincing. Write to
FRIAR MEDICINE CO., 66 Euclid Av. Cleveland, O.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

Headquarters For

Lawn Mowers.

Continential, New Quaker City, Run Easy LAWN MOWERS.

Don't buy until you have seen them.

F. M. SMITH & CO.

22 Calhoun Street.

THE LEADER

19 and 21 West Main Street.

Refrigerators, all kinds, $5.00 and up.
Screen Doors, with hinges, 75c and up.
Lawn Mowers, 1 to 18 inch, something fine.
Quaker Bicycles, the best in the city.
Rubber Lawn Hose, 8c per foot and up.
Ice Cream Freezers, White Mountain, Arctic and Ohio.
The Ohio Freezers are something fine.
White Mountain cannot be beat.
Tin and Slate Roofing.
Gravel Roofing, etc ,
Tin and Galvanized Iron Spouting.
Good Butcher Knives 10c.
Screen Wire Cloth, all widths.
Wire Lawn Fence, all heights, also Wire Field Fence.
Garden Rakes, Hoes, Shovels and Spades,
Washing Machines, Self-wringing mop pails.
You do not have to put your hands in the water to wring the mop.
17 qt. Dish Pans 10c. Gas and Gasoline Stoves, etc., etc.

Seavey Hardware Co.,

19 and 21 West Main St

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 126 West Jefferson street.

WANTED House cleaning of any kind. Address 149 Wallace street. 11tf

WANTED—A position as hostler. John D. Williams, 323 West Washington street.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family at 125 South Calhoun street. 11t2

WANTED—Salesman; salary paid weekly, experience unnecessary, permanent. Brown Brothers Co., Chicago. a14wasJ9

WANTED—A competent lady to take charge of a set of books and act as cashier. Reference. Address Box 7, this office. 11t2

WANTED—To rent or lease soda fountain; must be in first-class condition and cheap. Address Jno. G. Ryan, Hicksville, O. 27-12t

WANTED—Two young men to learn the merchant tailoring business as city salesmen. The Three Little Tailors, 38 Harrison street. 11t2

WANTED—Agents. For useful novelty; sells alike to men and women; large profits; sample 10 cents. Rand Bros., Boston, Massachusetts. may22eod13t

WANTED—Salesmen in every district; new season, samples free; salary or commission, with expenses from start. Luke Bros. Co., Chicago. m27-was t jn 23

WANTED—Two summer boarders in front room; large, shady yard; first-class table; nice house, near car line. References. 306 Maumee avenue. 11t2

WANTED—Agents—We manufacture those great money-making slot machines you see everywhere. Write for catalogue of 25 different styles. Samuel Nafew Co., 167 Dearborn St., Chicago.

WANTED—Eastern manufacturing house wants canvassers for article of merit; no competition; profits large, retails at 25c. Room 31 Schmitz block, corner Calhoun and Washington streets, Fort Wayne, Ind. 7t6

WANTED—Young man, well recommended, to take charge of business; must deposit $600 to partially cover stock carried; salary $1,200 per year and commission. Pease-Taylor Co., 121 Hartford Bldg., Chicago.

WANTED—Everywhere men to advertise "Lustro," the modern scouring soap; tack signs, distribute circulars, place samples, orders, etc., steady work, salary $10 weekly and expenses. The Lustro Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Young man about 18, who understands stenography and has some knowledge of bookkeeping. One having own typewriter preferred. Address, in own handwriting, "Assistant," care Sentinel, stating salary expected. 11t2

WANTED—High-grade man or woman of good church standing to act as local manager and state correspondent here, after having thoroughly learned our business; salary, $900, if qualified. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope to A. T. Elder, General Manager, care Daily Sentinel. 28-tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A furnished front room. Reference required; at 64 W. Main st. 5-tf

FOR RENT—One large, nicely furnished front room, first floor, centrally located. Inquire 61 West Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms; modern conveniences; finest location in the city. Inquire at 108 E. Berry St. 5-tf

FOR RENT—One half of nicely furnished suite of offices with modern conveniences. Inquire at No. 29 Pixley & Long block. 11tf

FOR RENT—With or without board, two well furnished rooms, one a large front room, suitable for two. 25 West Lewis street. 12t2

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping, and one front room, with conveniences. Call, 126 East Wayne. m26tf

FOR RENT—A five room house at 59 East Third; newly papered; hard and soft water and gas, key next door east. Inquire 38 West Williams. 10t3

FOR RENT—First-class barn in every respect; four box stalls, water and gas connections, harness room, etc., etc. F. W. Sihler, Meyer Bros. & Co. 28-tf

FOR RENT—One handsome furnished room in private family, lovely location. Reference required. For particulars address A. G., care Sentinel. 9t4

FOR RENT—With board, desirable front parlor on first floor in house with all modern improvements, in west end of city. Address Box 5, care Sentinel. 10t3

FOR RENT Nicely furnished room with conveniences for light housekeeping if desired. Especially suitable for two young ladies. Apply at 51 East Washington 12t2

FOR RENT—Two new houses on Grant ave., opposite Berghoff brewery; 5 rooms each, bath room complete; soft water and natural gas in house; rent $8 per month. Inquire at No. 58 Grant ave. 7-tf

FOR RENT—Property No. 211 Webster street, corner Highland, seven room, brick house, has been newly papered and put in first-class order, well, cistern and city water. Inquire at No. 153 Broadway. satatuetf

FOR RENT—The handsomest flat in the city, southwest corner Berry and Harrison street; bath room complete; electric light and natural gas. Inquire at Wayne Produce Co., cor. Harrison and Berry. 20tf

FOR RENT—Elegant suite of rooms in the heart of the city, containing three rooms, bath room and artificial gas, suitable for husband and wife, or single gentlemen, located at 26 West Wayne street. D. C. Fisher, 32 East Berry street. 12t3

FOR RENT Second floor No. 9 East Wayne street, opposite Fruit House; flat of six rooms, very desirable for business, or residence combined with business, $23 per month. Inquire southwest corner Clinton and Berry streets, over drug store. 28-tf

FOR RENT Dwellings Nos. 210 and 212 West DeWald St., 7 rooms each, 73 Gay street, 5 rooms, 97 Hugh street, 5 rooms; 158 Metz street, 5 rooms, new 8 room dwelling, Putman street, store rooms, 135 and 209 Calhoun street, 11 Pontiac street, 4 rooms, 395 Lafayette street, 6 rooms; 52 St. Mary's ave., 4 rooms. 244 St. Mary's ave., 8 rooms and stable; No. 52 Maple ave, half acre of land, 7 rooms and stable.
B. SCHRADER & WILSON,
tf No. 7 Court St.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE Two horses, 2 delivery wagons, 2 cash registers. 240 Calhoun St. 9t6

FOR SALE Complete family rig, gentle horse, harness and new carriage. Cheap. Address Box E-12, this office.

FOR SALE Gentle, safe family mare also phaeton, all for $80. Inquire (evenings) at Paff & Co.'s livery barn, 20-22 Holman St. 12t4

FOR SALE Business lots on the corner of Broadway and Wall street, at half their value, at half cash and half on time. Inquire at H. Hostmeyer, No. 30 Savilla ave. city 20tu

FOR SALE A seven room, brick house with large barn, well, cistern and natural gas. Corner lot 70 x 30 feet. Will sell cheap if sold soon. Inquire at premises, 5?9 South Broadway. May 24mo

FOR TRADE—I have a large assortment of farms, ranging from 5 to 400 acres, which I will trade for city property; also a few good bargains in city property for trade or sale on monthly payments. S. Freistoffer, Rooms 5 and 6 Bank block. 5tf

LOST.

LOST On Berry between Webster and Court streets, two table doilies, worked heavily with silk. Finder please return to 50 Pearl street and receive reward.

FOUND.

FOUND A bill of money. Owner can have same by calling at 34 West Main street and paying for advertisement.

Lawn Mowers,

Lawn Mowers.

We have just received a full line, and a great variety at that. We have the

Wayne, Columbia, New Quaker City and the Pennsylvania.

Also a full line of Garden Hose, Hose Reels and Rakes.
Call and see our large line of Mowers before you buy

Pfeiffer & Schlatter.

PHONE 86.

Bicycle repairing and FINE BAKED ENAMELING in any color, nice and good as new.
A. F. Welsell, 135 Broadway
Bell Phone 431.

J. F. ZIMMERLY & CO.,

Practical Plumbers,

Gas and Steam Fitters.

NO 135 CALHOUN STREET.

YOUNG WOMEN desiring to make their home at the new
Y. W. C. A. Rooms,
49 and 51 W. Berry Street.,
Should apply at once. Miss Johnson has charge of the rooms to be rented and may be seen after 5 o clock at the association house, West Berry Street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MUSICAL DIRECTOR.

MRS. N. B. MATHERS,

TEACHER PIANO AND GUITAR

49 East Lewis Street.

Piano music furnished for all occasions.

DRUGGISTS.

GROSS & PELLENS,
DRUGGISTS,
Corner Calhoun and Wayne Streets. Phone

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital $200,000. Surplus $225,000.
The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit if left four months.
President—Charles McCulloch,
Cashier—John Mohr, jr.

White National Bank,

CAPITAL $200,000.
SURPLUS $45.000.

Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $5 per annum.

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM,
...LAWYER.
ABSTRACTOR OF—
Titles, Insurance, Collectin and Loan Agent.
Rooms 28 and 29 Bank Block, Fort Wayne, In

S. C. LUMBARD.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER.
Insurance, Real Estate, Loans.
No. 32 East Berr Street,
Fort Wa Indiana

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. H. SMITH.
Ocular, Private and Chronic Diseases,
Special attention to Diseases of Women.
12 W. Wayne St., Fort Wayne, Ind.
BELL PHONE 31

DR. B. G. CARD To ladies suffering from ailments peculiar to their sex, may consult me free of charge at my office, 13 W. Wayne Street. Telephone 245.

2 New Comers

And the Prettiest Of Them All.

32-inch Striped Linens at 18c.
Charming New Lappets at 15c.

These two new lines are going to make a peck of trouble for the salespeople at this counter, as they are going to keep them busy.

These three popular prices, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.50 are going to be placed on those splendid well lined

Figured Black Brilliantine Skirts

For to-morrows special sale in Cloak room. They are unusual bargains, worthy immediate attention.

The Art Counter

Will exhibit to-morrow another line of those superb Porch and Couch Pillows - - 50c each.
New lines 36-inch Tinsel Draperies 15c
New lines Printed Art Denims 15c
New lines Figured Silkolenes 10c and 12 1-2c.

Possibilities in Floor Coverings.

This department is full of bargains, great reductions in single room lengths. Hall and Stair lengths, in all grades of Carpetings. These have all been picked out and set aside for this special clearing sale.

Root & Company.

WEAR
OUR OWN
MAKE....
--OF--
MEN'S SHOES,
TAN OR
BLACK....
M. APP,
106 Calhoun Street.

All the Latest Soda Drinks
Root and Birch Beer
and Mineral Waters.
FREESE & RANKE,
88 Calhoun St.

YOUR
SUMMER
....SUIT

Is the topic of our thoughts as well as yours just now. In fact we've been thinking about it for some time and have been getting ready for you.

The result is we are showing today the finest line of high-grade and up-to-date styles you ever saw.

Our Clothing is not the Ordinary, Ready Made, but Made at Our own Factory.

It is different from other clothing, we don't buy what the generality of Manufacturers make. The clothes that are turned out like shingle nails.

We select our own styles, patterns and have our Suits made to order. We dictate what shall go inside our Suits for linings and have all cloths SPONGED and SHRUNK, so we know what we are getting.

And You Know what You are Getting When You Buy of Us.....

That is why there is as much Style, Fit and Character in our $10 and $12 Suits as you find in Merchant Tailor $25 and $30 Suits.

Just step in and see what we are able to do for you on your

....SUMMER SUIT....

We Make a Specialty of BICYCLE CLOTHING.

PIXLEY & CO.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office - - - - - - - No. 173.
Editorial Rooms - - - - - - No. 650.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—For Indiana: Showers in south portion this afternoon; generally fair tonight and Sunday; warmer in central and north portions tonight; warmer in east portion Sunday; southerly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Mr and Mrs. C. D. Gorham are at Indianapolis.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Fox, of Huestis avenue—a boy.

Mrs. Jennie Ray Ormsby left yesterday for the east to spend the summer.

L. S. Plummer, representing the National Supply company, of Toledo, is in the city.

Oscar Lutz, a South Bend contractor, is here on business with Stewart & Co., the court house contractors.

J. S. Smith, a prominent millinery man of Cincinnati, is in the city to call upon the house of J. A. Armstrong & Co.

Adolph Wermuth, who was a student at the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, has been appointed interne at the St. Joe hospital.

S. G. Painter, a drummer of New York city, is at the Wayne. Mr. Painter witnessed the Maher-Sharkey fight. He says that Maher would have finished his opponent in one more round.

E. B. Newton, a prominent lumberman of Grand Rapids, is in the city and will be the guest of Louis Diether over Sunday. Mr. Newton is the inventor of a new system of house lighting by manufactured gas.

Oscar Gorden was in Huntington yesterday.

Tomorrow will be "children's day" at the Berry street M. E church

Miss Clara Graffe, of West Jefferson street, entertained at high tea last evening

Simon Cohen, of the Hebrew Union Theological seminary at Cincinnati, is in the city for a vacation

Miss Grace Kohler, of Columbia City, is the guest of Miss Daisy J. Jones, of 22 Brackenridge street, over Sunday.

The marriage of Louis West and Miss Maggie Guth will occur on Thursday evening at Zion's Lutheran church.

The teachers of the Miner street school are talking of celebrating the close of school by a supper at Robison park on the last day

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Gaude and Mr. and Mrs. Harry M Geiger are now occupying the north half of the double house at 13 Webster street.

L. G. Bowman, the telephone contractor who has been doing some work for the Home Telephone company, returned to Chicago last evening.

City Y. M. C. A. Sunday 3:30 p. m., Secretary Wight will speak to men. This is the last service Mr. Wight will be with to young men. Every man invited.

The board of public works will let a contract next week for hauling sand from the bed of Spy Run creek, near the entrance to North Side park, to Reservoir park.

Mrs. R. C. Kelley and daughter, Miss Carrie Kelley, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Costigan, of 147 Shawnee avenue. The visitors reside in Cumminsville, Ohio.

Miss Katie Braunmeyer, who has been the guest of Miss Lillie Fox for some time, will return to her home at Davenport, Iowa, next week Miss Fox will accompany her for a brief visit.

Announcements are out for the nuptials of Warren David Calvin, M. D., and Jessie Lorena Carrithers, M. D., the ceremony having taken place last Thursday at Toluca, Ill. They will be at home after July 1 at 57 West Wayne street, this city.

The farm house of William Fitzgerald, in St. Joe township, was burned to the ground Thursday night. The fire started in the house and spread to the adjoining farm buildings, wrecking everything The loss will amount to several thousand dollars.

Monday, June 14, the first anniversary of the opening of Robison park will be celebrated with an extra musical dance program, both afternoon and evening. The grounds will be beautifully illuminated at night and every effort will be made to make the affair a grand success.

About three car loads of excursionists went to Maxinkuckee yesterday on the high school excursion. Just before the train left the Nickel Plate depot in this city in the morning a class rush was made. A delightful day was spent and in the evening a banquet was spread at Culver college.

The Huntington News-Democrat: "Union B. Hunt, grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Indiana, has appointed Mayor S. T. Cast to be deputy grand chancellor for this district for the ensuing year. The district is composed of Huntington, Allen, Whitley and Kosciusko counties and the honor conferred is no small one."

A very pleasant wedding occurred at the country residence of Mr. and Mrs. Bufink, of Nine Mile, Tuesday, June 8. The bride was Miss Mary L. Bufink and the bridegroom was Louis A. Lopshire. Rev. C. M. Hollopeter of the M. E. church of Roanoke, officiated. A large number of guests partook of a bountiful repast. The music was was furnished by the Union Cadet band, of which Mr. Lopshire is instructor. There were about 100 guests.

Dan Gordon has been elected chairman of the committee on arrangements for the coming convention of the Catholic Benevolent Legion to be held in this city, and John G. Noll has been chosen secretary of the same committee. Next Tuesday a meeting will be held to appoint other committees and make further plans. The meeting, which is a state affair, will be held August 10 and 11. Every branch of the order in Indiana will be represented and assurances have been received from Huntington, Garrett and several other neighboring cities that delegations of the entire memberships of these branches will attend. The committee will prepare ample entertainment so that after the business part of the meeting is over the visitors can enjoy themselves. The pleasures will consist of an excursion to Robison park, a social reception, a banquet and other features.

Ohio Cheese Down Another 1c.

Best Ohio Factory, from Wellington, 9c lb
Best Wisconsin Limburg, 9c lb
Best Wisconsin Brick, 10c lb.
FRUIT HOUSE.

This evening at The Greatest Grocery nice Strawberries will be closed out at 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

Strawberries For This Afternoon.

Large shipment of Illinois and Indiana Berries received at 2 o'clock.
Fine Illinois Berries, extra, 7c qt.
Indiana Berries from Ridgeville, also nice and large, 6c qt.
Nice Fresh Green Peas, 25c peck.
Mississippi Tomatoes, 8c lb.
Large Cucumbers, 3c each.
Beets and Carrots, 3c bunch.
New Orleans Cabbage, 3c lb.
New Southern Potatoes, 25c peck.
Best Large Lemons, 15c dozen.
FRUIT HOUSE.

Frank Tinkham is on the sick list

Charles Seymour was in Columbia City yesterday

Judge Lowry attended court in Huntington yesterday

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Seaney, of West Main street—a son.

The Fort Wayne Cycling club will go to Leo tomorrow if the weather permits

George Rhune, of Pontiac and Winter street, is at Larwill for treatment

John Chellis, of Maysville, has arrived to accept a position in the Singer sewing machine office.

Professor and Mrs. C. H. Rowe, of the University of Colorado are the guests of Mr and Mrs. N. B. Rowe.

Miss Mabel Tinkham will return Thursday from Delaware, Ohio, where she has been attending school

The Centennial club will give a lawn social on June 24th at the corner of Fulton and West Washington streets.

Mrs. J. A. Brown, of Jackson, Mich., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Gruber, of 108 Jackson street.

A. A. Durand, of Luna, Ind., will be the guest over Sunday of H. P. Moses, of the Allen County Farmers' building and loan association.

Mr. Springer, of Indianapolis, is in Fort Wayne in the interests of the Union, an Indianapolis labor paper, published by Edwin Gould.

W. R. Emery, with Lord & Thomas, of Chicago, was in Fort Wayne yesterday. Mr. Emery was formerly an editor on THE SENTINEL.

Invitations have been issued for a song recital to be given by the pupils of Mrs. Per Dahl at Sons of Columbus hall Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock

Mrs. R. Cummerow, of Toledo, and Mrs. Luetta Tegtmeyer, of Bloomington, have returned to their homes after a visit with relatives on Caroline street.

Wabash Tribune: "Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Eagle went to Fort Wayne to meet Mrs. Frederick, of New Bloomfield, Pa., who will visit Mr. and Mrs. Eagle in this city."

Mr. and Mrs. C. Youse, prominent farmers of Madison township, have deeded to two of their sons, Christian L. and Charles W., 120 acres of land each in Madison township.

Last night several officers were shifted to different beats. Officer Heller was sent to Pappert's beat, the latter going to Elliott's, whose rounds are taken by Stevens. Stevens goes to Heller's beat.

Mrs. Lizzie Sheehan, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. L. Norris, and other relatives in this county, has returned to her home at Frankfort, Ind. She was accompanied by Mrs. James Sheehan, who will remain as her guest for some time.

Full sheet posters announce a coming grand event in the way of the second annual picnic to be given by the St. Rose Catholic congregation, of Monroeville, at Rosworm's orchard, three miles north of Monroeville, on the Ridge road, on Wednesday, June 30.

J. A. Grimes, special supreme deputy of the Fraternal Mystic Circle, is in the city to build up the order. The ranks will be materially strengthened before he departs, as the membership is increasing at a lively rate. Mr. Grimes is a resident of Dayton, Ohio, and is an old insurance man. While here he is the guest of Horace Mariotte.

The I. O. O. F. order of Monroeville made arrangements for their decorating exercises tomorrow. A. Johnson, superintendent of the state institution, will be the orator of the day and the brass band from that institution will be present and furnish the music. Delegations from Fort Wayne, New Haven, Maples, Decatur and other places will attend.

The Monroeville Dramatic association, composed of a number of young people of that town have organized a most excellent company. Their first rendition of a play will be "The 'Squire's Daughter," at Jr. O. U. A. M. hall, in Monroeville, on Tuesday, June 15. On Wednesday evening the same company will produce the same drama at the opera house at Hoagland.

Dr. J. M. Dinnen, member of the state board of registration and examinations, yesterday returned from Indianapolis, where he attended a meeting of the board. Over 2,000 applications for licences were passed upon and reported favorably. The certificates will be issued the latter part of the month. It is necessary for all physicians in the state to forward to the board a certificate from the county clerk stating that the person in question has complied with the laws of the state relating to the practice of medicine, surgery and obstetrics. Upon this proof the state board issues a license to the applicant.

The supreme officers of the Catholic Knights of America will be in this city on July 3 to close the books of the retiring supreme secretary, W. S. O'Rourke, who is to be succeeded by Richard Walsh, of St. Louis. The officers will also transact such other business as may come before them under the laws of the order. Those in the party will be Edward Feeney, of Brooklyn, supreme president; Charles S. Ott, of Galveston, Texas, supreme vice president; Charles J. Kirchner, of Toledo, supreme treasurer; Richard Walsh, of St. Louis, supreme secretary-elect; Gerard Reiter, of Vincennes, supreme treasurer elect; Joseph C. Carroll, of Norfolk, Va., supreme trustee; R. Edwin D. McGuinness, of Providence, R. I., supreme trustee; W. A. Smith, of Louisville, Ky., supreme trustee-elect. After the meeting Mr. O'Rourke will entertain the distinguished gentlemen as his guests.

Little Annie Hart, of 60 Runion avenue, is very sick with lung fever.

L. F. Curdes and son, Arnold, have returned from a week's visit at Milwaukee, Wis.

Miss Ida Nagely, of Toledo, will be the guest over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Beach, jr.

Edward Leitz and Clyde Snowberger have returned from the south, where they have been on business.

Frank Milligan, of Chicago, is at the Wayne He says that he expects to make Fort Wayne his future home.

T. C. Warner, formerly a type machine operator on the Journal, has taken a position as compositor on the News

Rev. J. L. Leepot has returned from a visit to Pennsylvania to see his aged father, now eighty-six years old, and will speak at Westminster church morning and evening.

Among the guests at the Randall: S. A. Kerman, Cleveland; George R. Syfert, Columbus, Ohio; A. Oppenheimer, Bluffton; George Ehastey, Cleveland; E. J. Edwards, Chicago.

Rabbi Frederick Cohn, of the Hebrew Synagogue, has been granted a vacation, and will leave this evening for Cincinnati, where he will attend the graduating exercises of the Hebrew college, of which he was a student.

Miss Cramer closed her kindergarten for the summer last evening, and will leave next week for Chicago. A party was given for the children at the home of Mrs. Ohnhaus, who was assistant instructor in the school.

Among the guests at the Wayne: L. S. Plummer, Toledo; W. E. Marsh, jr., Muncie; L. P. Duffey, Kalamazoo; L. A. Lewis, Cincinnati; A. D. Holland, W. M. McDonald, Chicago; Oscar Lutz, South Bend; J. H. Serff, W. W. Rider, Indianapolis.

Among the guests at the New Aveline: R. M. Shaw, St. Louis; Frank Roblin, Pana, Ill.; Ed. F. Klotz, Van Wert; James Joray, Kendallville; F. W. Bush and wife, Gelena, South Dakota; A. Wilhelm, Defiance, Ohio; M. Ashuler, Waukegan, Wis.; J. E. McElfatrick, Detroit.

The board of health has removed a card from the residence at 232 West Jefferson street, it having been found that the case is not one of diphtheria as at first supposed. The neighbors who have been needlessly alarmed over the removal of the card will feel relieved at this explanation.

A number of Fort Wayne's best wheelmen are in training for races to be held on several circuits this summer. Among the riders are Messrs. Will Sheppard, Phil Hess, Ed. Mohr, Art Greenick and Lee Heller. Sheppard will enter the twenty mile road race at Lima, Ohio, on July 5.

Miss Della Rarig, an operator at the office of the Central Union telephone company, was pleasantly surprised by her associates of the exchange and a few other friends, last evening. The affair was given in honor of her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in cards and other social pleasures, and an elegant luncheon was served.

An exchange recently gave notice that in case a buggy whip was not returned to a certain place before its next issue it would publish the name of the party who took it. The place designated was the back yard of a certain place. The next morning after the notice came out—the night having been very dark—seventeen whips were picked up in the said back yard. Yet there are people who do not believe in advertising.

The Huntington News-Democrat: "Miss Laura A. Scott, of the city schools, was a departure today for Fort Wayne, where she will remain a few days, then go to her home in Dublin, Ind., to spend her vacation. —Mr. and Mrs. C. Brunka and two children, Herman and Willie, of Marion, drove over Thursday and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Grape, until today when they went to Fort Wayne."

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, June 12.—Wheat—June, 70c; July, 68¾@¾c; Sept., 64¾c; Dec., new, 65¾c; old, 65¾c.
Corn—June, 24¾@¼c; July, 21½@¾c; Sept., 25¼c.
Oats—June, 17½c; July, 18c¼; Sept., 17½@18c.
Pork—June, $7.50; July, $7.52; Sept., $7.62.
Lard—June, $3.60; July, $3.65; Sept., $3.75; Dec., $3.82.
Ribs—June, $4.35; July, $4.35; Sept., $4.40.

This evening at The Greatest Grocery nice Strawberries will be closed out at 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

Steck.

Steck is the name of the sweetest toned Baby Grand Piano in the world. There is a purity of tone coloring in the Steck Piano that is almost human in sweetness and is the favorite piano of the leading musicians of both hemispheres and is without a rival. Don't fail to to see the new styles.
C. L. HILL, Agent,
38 Clinton St.

Call early and avail yourself of the opportunity to buy nice Strawberries at 5c a quart or $1.50 bushel.

FOR RENT—Rooms at the Y. W. C. A. at very reasonable prices. Inquire after 5 o'clock any afternoon. No. 49-51 West Berry Street. 1-tf

The Greatest Grocery will give you a bargain in Strawberries this afternoon and evening. Price 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, Rooms 5-7, Bass Blk. 24tf

Human skill and the perfection of appliances can produce nothing better than Libbey Cut Glass the world's Standard. This trade mark is cut on every piece of genuine

See our $1.90 chevoit man's suit; its good. The Fair. 9tf

Dr. Jno. J. Ogle, office 287 East Creighton avenue. 'Phone, 352. 1 tf

Accordion Plaiting.

We have the only plaiter in city, and will do your plaiting for 10 to 20 cents per yard. Any width up to 9 inches.
MALLOY'S,
Seod3t **12 and 14 Arcade.**

Minneapolis and Return at Half Rates.

Account of the meeting of the B. P. O. E. the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets at all its stations to Minneapolis and return at half rates, plus 50 cents, on July 3 and 4, tickets good returning to leave Minneapolis until July 31st. Write to A. J. Smith, G. P. and T. A., Cleveland, O., for pamphlet or information about this and other cheap excursions, or apply to ticket agents
12-15-19-22-26-29

Attention, Musicians.

There will be a public meeting of the musicians of Fort Wayne at the city band hall, No. 12 West Main street, next Wednesday evening, June 16, at 8 o'clock.

The purpose of the meeting is to organize a musician's union, to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

All musicians of the city are very earnestly urged to attend the meeting and participate in the new organization. FRED J. REINEKE.
11-12-15

We have 1 doz. suits of boy's unfinished worsted, 14 to 19; to close them out quick, at $5.00 The Fair.

Insecticides, Bug Killers, Slugshot, Hellebore, London Purple, Church's Bug Finish, Tobacco and Sulphur Thrip Juice, Automatic Spray Pumps.
24 tf S. BASH & CO.

Bicycle repairing of all kinds at Baxter & Tarmon. Oldest and most reliable firm in the city. 16 West Columbia street, opposite Wayne hotel. 27eodtf

St. Augustine's Academy.

The commencement exercises of St Augustine's academy will be held in Library hall Friday, June 18, at 7:30 p. m.

Tickets of admission can be procured at Aurentz's Confectionary, Baldwin's Music store, Jocquel's book store and at Library hall door on evening of the 18th.

Reserved seats can be procured at A. C. Aurentz Wednesday, June 16, at 9 a. m.

The parents of the pupils and the friends of the Academy are kindly invited to attend the commencement.

The Art Exhibit will be open to visitors June 21st and 22nd at the Academy. Respectfully,
SISTERS OF PROVIDENCE.

Look at our light plaid worsted. Something new at $5.50. The Fair.

Less Than Half Rates to San Francisco.

On June 28, 29 and 30 and July 1, 2 and 3 the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and return at less than half rates. Tickets will be good to return to leave San Francisco until August 9th. Stopover privileges apply at certain points in the west both going and returning. For full particulars call on ticket agents or write to A. J. Smith, G. P. and T. A., Cleveland, O., for pamphlet of information.
12-15-19-22-26-29

SAVE YOUR MONEY
By Depositing it With the
Allen County Loan & Savings Association,
32 East Berry Street.
Try our New Plan. Shares $1.00 each per month. Matures in seventy-seven months.
No Fines or Membership Fee.

What the Moon Saw

as she came from behind a sheltering cloud made the old girl blush for a minute—Biker kissing Miss Cycler—but she smiled out beamingly when she saw the wheel the happy couple rode. You see it was a MONARCH and Venus and Mars had long ago told the moon what a great wheel it is. Pass the word down the line, the MONARCH is the best.

Sold Only By The

OLD'S CYCLE CO.,
27 Calhoun Street.

Arnold's Bromo Celery. Don't forget that this remedy cures headaches, neuralgia, sleeplessness. 10 cents. For sale by Gross & Pollens.

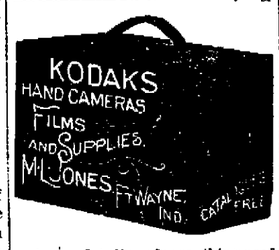
Call on Madam Wing the only reliable clairvoyant and fortune teller in the world. All correspondence promptly attended to. Office and residence, No. 28 Chicago street. Price, 50 cents. 20tf

See the splendid line of summer suitings at unusually low prices at G. Schmidt's, merchant tailor, 70 East Main street. 7 tf

Strawberries 5c quart, $1.50 bushel at The Greatest Grocery.

We will sell you a boy's knee suit for $1.00 at The Fair. 9tf

Don't forget to give us your order for ice. Consumers' Ice Co. Phone 594. 5tf



A complete line of everything used by amateur photographers.
Can furnish any camera made.
44 Calhoun Street,
Second Floor, over Hamilton National Bank.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

NO. 1.
Equity in lot Numbered 75, Brackenridge's Addition, with two-story brick store building, (and two-story stick warehouse) No. 240 Calhoun St.
NO. 2
Equity in lot No. 11, Mechanicsburgh, together with two frame houses, No. 30 and 32 Leith St., and large factory building in the rear.
NO. 3.
Equity in lots No. 29 and 30 Grayston's addition to the city of Huntington, Ind
NO. 5.
Book accounts and notes; face value exceeding $10,000.
NO. 6.
85 metal mail boxes, (known as the "Bell" mail boxes,) retail price of which is $2.70 each.
NO. 6.
100 dozen cartoons, of "handy royal blue tablets."
NO. 7
A lot of second-hand machinery and one dynamo, with apparatus etc.
NO. 8.
The entire stock groceries, provisions, etc. fixtures and good will together with horses, harness and wagons, the former belonging of J. D. Gumper, all situated in and about the store room, No. 240 Calhoun street.
Any of the above items can be purchased at private sale or at public sale, on the premises to the best acceptable offers, at 9 o'clock a. m. July 1, 1897.
John Dreibelbiss, Trustee.

Robison Park Theatre.

2 Performances Daily.
2:30 p. m and 8:15 p. m.
An Entire New Company....
900 FREE SEATS.

ROBISON PARK B. B. LEAGUE.
Keystones vs. Rifles.
Shamrocks vs. Spy Runs.
First Game Called 1:15 p. m.

MONDAY, JUNE 14.
First Anniversary of Robison Park. Concert and Dancing afternoon and evening.

SATURDAY, JUNE 19.
2nd ANNUAL SCHOOL CHILDREN'S OUTING.
Fare for all children under 16 years of age **10 cents.** Tickets for sale at the STREET CAR OFFICE and all DRUG STORES.
Tickets must be purchased in advance. Full fare will be collected on the cars.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

We have **$50,000** on hand to loan on Farm and City Real Estate, in sums of $100 and upwards at the lowest rate of interest. No delay. Money ready to close loan at once.
THE J. F. SCHELL LOAN and INVESTMENT CO.,
24 to 27 Pixley & Long Blk., 16 and 18 East Berry Street.

THE 3 LITTLE TAILORS.
...GOING SLOWLY BUT SURELY....
The public is beginning to find out that THE 3 LITTLE TAILORS give better values than anybody else in High-Grade Custom Work.

SUITS TO ORDER $15.00. NO MORE NO LESS.
PANTS TO ORDER $4.00. NO MORE NO LESS.

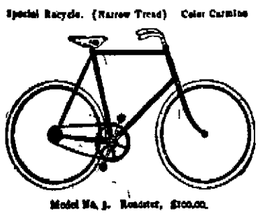
Goods used only from the best Fabrics, and workmanship and trimmings the best.
Samples and self-measuring guide mailed on application.
OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9 O'clock.
THE 3 LITTLE TAILORS,
38 Harrison Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE
Racycle
NARROW TREAD

Do You Know A Good Thing When You See It?

Notice the large Sprocket Wheels. They afford many special advantages found on no other Bicycle. There is very much less friction at any one, on chain or sprocket, consequently much more durability No side lashing of the chain consequently, no loss of power in this respect. 20 per cent. less strain upon chain, increasing safety. Can be propelled with very much less power than ordinarly constructed wheels.

Large sprocket wheel is located between the bearings, consequently crank shaft is always at right angle with alignment and sprocket parallel. An important feature found exclusively on the Racycle.



The Manufacturers challenge the world as to finish and mechanical construction.

Consult your own interests by examination of this wonderful Bicycle.

Found Only at

J. C. Peters & Co.,
9 E. Columbia Street.

Best Teeth $8.

Painless Extracting free when Plates are ordered.
ACENO FOR EXTRACTING.
J. H. ADAMS, D. D. S.
16 Years Experience.
140 Calhoun Street.
5 Doors North of Jefferson.

WHEN PASSING OUR STORE.....
STOP
And look into the window. You will find many suitable articles for
Commencement Presents.
We also take orders for Engraving Cards, Invitations and Stationary, etc.
LEHMAN BOOK and NEWS CO.,
81 Calhoun St.

South Side Photo Parlors.
We can suit you in styles and prices, as we are prepared to do all kinds of work on short notice. All work guaranteed FIRST-CLASS.
CORLETT & MEYER,
264 and 266 South Calhoun St.

MONEY TO LOAN
At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave the property in your possession.
Payments arranged on the monthly installment plan or to suit you.
Loans placed same day application is made.
No charges taken out in advance.
Business confidential. No publicity
Fort Wayne Mortgage Loan Co.,
Room 2 Seidel Block, up stairs, 22½ Calhoun St.

FOR RENT.
Store room located at 107 Calhoun street. Inquire at this office. tf

IF YOU WANT | To Buy, Sell, Rent or Trade a house, employ help or secure help simply try a Want adlet in THE SENTINEL want column.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

People Who Buy Read the Sentinel.
Advertisers are sure of good returns on their investments.

ESTABLISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897. ——PART FIRST—— PRICE FIVE CENTS.

The MATCHLESS ELGIN.

How to Save Money....

You know "a penny saved is as good as a penny earned." We will sell you the ELGIN SHIRT, made of Wamsutta Muslin and Richardson Linen, fit guaranteed, and equal to any other Shirt usually sold at $1.50.

For only $1.00....

Very Respectfully,

DeWALD & COMPANY.

FINANCIAL—LOANS.
LOANS—$10, $20, $30, $50, $100.
LOANS—ANY AMOUNT.
LOANS—YOUR OWN TIME.
LOANS—ON DAY OF APPLICATION.
LOANS—ON ANY AVAILABLE SECURITY.
LOANS—ON FURNITURE & PIANOS.
LOANS—WITHOUT REMOVAL.
LOANS—GET OUR RATES.
LOANS—INDIANA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.
LOANS—36 CALHOUN, ROOM 5 & 6.
LOANS—DON'T FORGET THE PLACE.
LOANS First flight of stairs on West side of street, north of transfer corner.

WHY

Do so many people take our VITALIZED AIR to have teeth extracted

BECAUSE

It is painless. It does not make you sick. It is harmless. It is a boon. It's pleasant to take. It is wonderful. It causes no sleep. It is used only by us. We Manufacture It Ourselves.

A Set of the best teeth only $8.00.

No dentist can make you a better set than these, no matter what you pay for them.

Our prices for all kinds of Dentistry are very reasonable—examination free.

All Work Guaranteed. Open Evenings.

U. S. Dental Parlors,
24 Calhoun Street.
(Over Baldwin's Music Store.)
Dr. J. A. Williams, Mgr.

For Sale or Trade.

Farms of all sizes for trade on city property. Also city property in all parts of the city for sale or trade. Some elegant lots, very cheap, east of Taylor street, bridge, very cheap. Several other great bargains.
Money to loan on mortgage security.
LOUIS F. CURDES,
Rooms 1 and 2 Pixley-Long Block.

A GOOD PIANO....

Is a well made piano. Careful attention has been seen that every detail is right down to the screws. It is this care and thought which makes the tones sweet and full, which makes touch elastic, which guarantees the long life of the piano. It isn't always necessary to pay a high price to get a good piano. The Packard Piano is sold at prices you can't afford to pass by without investigating.

Fort Wayne Organ Co.,
120 Calhoun Street.

TWENTY NEW SIDEBOARDS.

Within a short time we have received twenty new and nobby Sideboards. Make your selection from our mammoth stock. Sideboards are now so cheap that everybody can afford one. Greatest concentration of Furniture bargains you ever saw.

FOSTER FURNITURE COMPANY.

SPANISH INSULT.

Particulars of the Little Affair Off Cuba.

A Spanish Cruiser Fired Upon the American Steamer, Valencia, Without Provocation.

NEW YORK, June 12.—The Ward line steamer Valencia, Captain Skilling, arrived here today from south side Cuban ports. In relation to the firing on the Valencia by the Spanish cruiser, Mercedes, it is learned that shortly after noon on Thursday, May 27, as the ship was leaving the harbor of Guantanamo, having already saluted the ports and taken down her colors, the Spanish cruiser, Maria Mercedes, bore down and fired a blank shot across the Valencia's bow. This was quickly followed by a solid shot, which dropped close under the ship's stern. The Valencia then showed her colors, and the cruiser quickly withdrew and steamed away to Santiago. Captain Skillings, while not willing to make any statement regarding his encounter with the cruiser, said that the Valencia was no stranger to the cruiser, whose commander was well aware that she was engaged in the service of the Ward line. It was publicly reported at Santiago that the cruiser's captain openly stated that he knew the Valencia was an American steamer, but that he fired on her purposely to compel her to show her colors.

FOUL PLAY.

Millionaire Singer Believed to Have Been Murdered.

The Suspicion of His Immense Wealth Supposed to be the Incentive to the Deed.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., June 12.—A sensation has been caused in Pasadena by the investigations being made in that city by E. T. Singer, of Chicago, into the manner of the death of his father, H. N. Singer, the aged millionaire. The elder Singer died in Pasadena last December, some time after sustaining an accident in falling from a moving street car.

The remains were sent to the former home of the deceased at Lockport, N. Y., for interment. The widow and the two children of the aged millionaire remained in Pasadena, but there was a divorced wife at Lockport, where the remains found a lodgment. It is the first wife of Singer, together with his son, who will make a thorough examination into his final taking off. E. T. Singer, the son, asserts that the remains of his father, after being interred five months, had been taken up at Lockport and examined, with the result that the traces of poisoning were discovered. The son is convinced that the old man's death was hastened, if not actually brought about by foul play. The disposition of the millionaire's property is the incentive for the investigation.

McCARTHY GETS CONTRACT.

Fort Wayne Man Given "Corporation Paving" Without Bidding.

The corporation paving contract at Chicago was given yesterday to John McCarthy, formerly of this city, the democratic leader in the Second ward and commissioner of public works under the Hopkins administration, without the usual formality of advertising for bids. The contract, which was held by Thomas Sennott under Mayor Swift, is said to be worth $75,000 a year, and gives McCarthy the privilege of repairing the pavements of all streets and alleys torn up by gas companies and street car companies. The expense of the work is paid by the corporations. The prices paid are considered liberal. Where old cedar blocks are used forty cents per square yard is charged and where new blocks are required the price of seventy-five cents per square yard. The prices for repairing asphalt, granite and macadam are in proportion. Mr. McCarthy is a brother of Bart McCarthy, of the Indianapolis Sentinel. His parents reside in Colerick street.

ASSASSINATED.

Father Welsh Killed by the Kaffirs.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 12.—A cablegram received from Cape Town, South Africa, last night, announced that Rev. Father Welsh, a highly respected Catholic priest, formerly of the Pittsburg diocese, has been been assassinated. The cablegram was addressed to Policeman Edward Welsh, a brother of the priest, and gave no details of the killing. The family will put themselves in communication with the Cape Town police and arrange for the disposition of the remains.

A VIGILANCE COMMITTEE

May be Organized to Punish Highway Robbers.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., June 12.—There is talk among the people of this city of forming a vigilance committee, similar to the one which has proven so effective at Butte, Mont. Every pay day there are hold ups all over the camp. It is believed that the only way to rid the community of the nuisance is by a vigilance committee.

Slowly Tortured to Death.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., June 12.—The case of Henry Huff, of Bennett, this county, is claiming the attention of the medical fraternity. Huff was stung on the head by a bee. Dizziness developed, followed by total blindness, and to add to his terrible sufferings his entire body is in a state of convulsions. Physicians have been unable to afford relief, and he is being slowly tortured to death.

YELLOW FEVER

Carries Away an Entire Party of Gold Hunters.

The Last One Died in Quarantine—They Searched for the Yellow Metal in Bolivia.

DENVER, Colorado, June 12.—The death of Wm. H. Korn, of Leadville, Colorado, from yellow fever, in quarantine at New York yesterday marks the total extinction of one party of prospectors who left Colorado last March to dig for gold in Bolivia. The other members of the party, Thomas Quayle of Aspen and Frank O'Keith and Wm. Hahn of Leadville, died of the fever in Bolivia. Of another party of four who went from Colorado to Bolivia about the same time, only Wm. Harley survives and he is reported to be ill in quarantine at New York. The fate of these adventuresome gold seekers will probably stop emigration from Colorado to South America for some time. Korn's father worried so much about his son's trip that his mind became unbalanced and since that memorable day and has been missing from home in Buffalo, N. Y. It is feared that he he committed suicide.

"Cy" Swaim Farmed Out.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—Swaim, the loftiest twirler in the league, as measured from sole to scalp, has been farmed out to Richmond, of the Atlantic league. Great things were expected of Swaim, who was to be a Rusie No. 2. He was discovered by Wm Mercer and may yet develop.

LOCAL LINES.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Hoffman, of East Wayne street—a daughter.

Wayne lodge, F. and A. M., will hold a meeting this evening to confer the second degree.

Cleat Schrader returned to Kenton, Ohio, after a visit with her brother, Dr. Schrader.

The Berry Street Sunday school will give a concert and entertainment tomorrow night.

Mrs. Alex Lauferty entertained the Saturday club this afternoon at a special business meeting.

Mrs. J. O. Ward has returned to her home in Peru after a pleasant visit with Fort Wayne friends.

Mrs. L. Schiandroff, accompanied by her daughter, Sadie, are visiting her son, Henry, at Huntington.

The W. R. C. will be entertained at tea by Mrs. J. Kress, No. 317 South Broadway, Tuesday, June 15.

Mrs. John Shea has returned to Chicago after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Ed McDonald, of Suttenfield street.

The Young Ladies' society of the Emanuel Lutheran church have postponed their social until the 25th of June.

Miss Cora Whitney, of South Webster street, will leave Monday for New York, to visit friends and relatives.

Misses Clara Carnahan and Julia Hanna returned today from their respective schools in Connecticut and New York.

There will be a strawberry festival at Lake chapel in Lake township on next Thursday evening. All are invited. The object is to raise funds for the church.

Today Manager Will Geiger, of the Adams Express company, received two large bears from Philadelphia, consigned to a man at Montpelier. They were genuine black bears.

Rev. Henry Lewellen, a Unitarian minister, will occupy the platform of the First Spiritual society, both morning and evening at their hall on West Berry street, I. O. O. F. building. All are welcome.

The new organ for the West Jefferson street Church of Christ comes from Hagerstown, Md., instead of Indiana, as stated in last evening's SENTINEL. It will be in place ready for the dedication services June 20.

In Plymouth church, the baptism of children will be a feature of the children's day exercises at 10:45 a. m. Sermon by the Rev. James S. Ainslie at 7:45 p. m., on "Whatever is Right May Be," with special music. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. and Christian Endeavor at 6:45 o'clock sharp.

The indications are that the brick to be used in the new court house will be furnished by a firm at Anderson, Ind. The lowest bid received from local manufacturers is $4.40 per thousand. The Anderson brick can be delivered for $5.20. The Anderson brick is considerably larger than the one manufactured here and the price quoted is equivalent the Fort Wayne brick at $4. In a large contract of this kind the company figures closely. If the Fort Wayne brick men meet the price of the Anderson firm the contract will stay at home—otherwise not.

Everybody are troubled sometimes, some people are always in trouble. Others when in need of legal advice or counsel call on J. D. Williams, Lawyer and Promoter, Arcade. 10-12

OLD SOLDIER HURT.

J. S. Ludwick Run Down by a Careless Driver.

Otto Noll's Foot Badly Cut by Glass—The Chapter of Accidents for Today.

Shortly after 12 o'clock today J. S. Ludwick, an old soldier from Philadelphia, was run down by a careless driver at the corner of Calhoun and Berry streets. The man was knocked down and his leg was severely injured. He was taken in to Woolworth's drug store where it was ascertained that he was a stranger here but that he had come with the expectation of finding work at his trade, that of a machinist. He was conveyed to the headquarters of the Soldiers, Sons and Citizens club, where comrades made him comfortable and will look after his welfare. Later he was taken to hospital.

BROKE HIS JAW.

Joseph Miller, a farmer residing near Maysville, while hunting yesterday, shot a squirrel and while in the act of climbing a tree to get his game he fell to the ground, a distance of thirty feet. His jaw was broken and the bones of one wrist shattered. Drs. Adams and Swift, of Maysville, attended the injured man, who suffers considerably from the effects of the accident.

OTHER ACCIDENTS.

Joseph Chapman, of 30 South Wayne avenue, fell and fractured his left arm. Dr. A. J. Boswell reduced the fracture.

Otto, the seven year old son of George Noll, of 40 Bass street, while running around barefooted, stepped on a broken beer bottle and the ragged edge of the glass inflicted a deep and painful wound.

FARMER KILLED.

James Weaver Stricken Down Without Warning.

Takes Refuge Under a Tree During the Prevalence of a Storm and is Struck by Lightning.

James Weaver, a well-to-do farmer residing near Williamsport, met a sudden death at 4 o'clock last evening. With two of his neighbors, Mr. Weaver had gone to the St. Mary's river to fish a few hours, and was thus engaged when a furious thunder storm arose. The men sought shelter under the branches of an oak tree near by, but had been there only a moment when there was a terrific crash and they were knocked down. Weaver's two companions soon recovered, but he had received the full force of the lightning's stroke and was dead when the more fortunate men attempted to arouse him. News of the sad affair soon spread and it was not long until the entire neighborhood was at the scene. The remains were taken to the home of the unfortunate man, where a grief stricken wife and two children awaited their coming. Mr. Weaver was the brother of Mrs. John E. Long, of this city, who, with her husband, went out to Williamsport this afternoon. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon, interment in the Ossian cemetery.

LEADERS CHOSEN.

Officers Elected in Fort Wayne and Summer Lodges, A. O. U. W.

Last night Fort Wayne lodge No. 19, A. O. U. W., held its semi-annual election of officers with the following result:

Past Master Workman—Perry Bosworth.
Master Workman—Thomas Greer, jr.
Foreman—A. C. Holbrook.
Overseer—Joseph Schwartzkoff.
Recorder—J. J. Bauer.
Receiver—John H. Eykenbery.
Financier—A. T. Lipes.
Guide—E. E. Nicholdemus.
Inside Watchman—Dennis Kealy.
Outside Watchman—John A. Reiley.
Medical Examiners—Drs. A. J. Kesler, A. J. Boswell, J. W. Younge, John K. Geary, John H. Kappel, J. W. McCausland and A. L. Mikesell.

This lodge has decided to have a picnic at Robison park some time in August.

At the meeting of Maumee Lodge No. 20, A. O. U. W. last evening, the following officers were chosen for the ensuing term:

Past Master Workman—Ernest Dunfee.
Master Workman—Geo. A. Schorr.
Foreman—Joseph L. Moyer.
Overseer—Henry Whiteman.
Recorder—Wm. Keller.
Financier—James Corey.
Receiver—A. F. Roble.
Guide—Charles Miller.
Inside Watchman—Geo. Block.
Outside Watchman—John Graham.

The meeting was well attended. Large number of visitors were present.

THE LAST REST.

Death of Mrs. Maria Brockermeyer—Funeral of Mrs. Rimbert.

Mrs. Maria Brockermeyer, the wife of Edward Brockermeyer, died of consumption last evening, after a long illness. Deceased was twenty four years old and leaves besides the husband a babe one year old. The funeral will probably occur next Tuesday afternoon from the house, 700 Webster street and later from Emanuel's Lutheran church.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Michael Rimbert will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the residence, 14 Lavina street, and half hour later from Salem Reformed church. The following gentlemen will act as pall bearers: H. Brenner, M. Kramer, A. Vogely, G. Haller, J. Schwalm, H. Stoll.

TROXELL.

C. H. Troxell, of 126 East Wayne street, this morning received a telegram from Allen county, Pa., stating that his mother had died there. The deceased was sixty-two years old and had been ailing for ten weeks. Mr. Troxell and his daughter, Miss Lucile, will leave this evening for Pennsylvania to attend the funeral.

UNTIL DEATH

Will the Cuban Patriots Fight for Liberty.

Dr. Danforth Arrives Direct From the Field and Talks of Matters Concerning the War.

NEW YORK, June 12.—Among the passengers who landed in New York today on the steamer Valencia, from Cuban ports via Nassau, N. H., was Dr. H. W. Danforth, of Milwaukee, Wis., who, for the past fifteen months, has been the personal physician of the President of the Cuban republic, Salvador Cisneros, the Marquis of Santa Lucia. The doctor is in the United States on six months leave of absence, having left Cuba in a sixteen foot open boat on May 29 for the Island of New Providence. After much suffering and exposure, he reached Nassau and there awaited the arrival of the Valencia. According to Spanish reports, President Cisneros died in February last and this news was semi-officially confirmed in March last. But Dr. Danforth was with the president as late as April 4 last and had in his possession a letter, which he showed to the representative of the Associated Press, dated April 29, from the president. The latter is not only alive, but, when Dr. Danforth left him, he was full of quiet enthusiasm and animated by the most confident feeling for the eventual success of the Cuban cause. Questioned as to the seat of the government of the Cuban republic, Dr. Danforth said it was at Agura, Province of Puerto Principe, where the insurgents have erected a capitol. The president, however, is not now at Agura, but is in the province of Santiago de Cuba. Dr. Danforth was asked to express an opinion as to the numerical strength of the Cuban insurgents, being informed that late advices from Cuba placed the number at 8,000 men. He said: "It is difficult, if not impossible, to arrive at a correct estimate; but you can say that the Cubans for a certainty have at least thirty thousand to thirty-five thousand today armed and in good shape. The Cubans have not been idle during the last few years and have been importing arms and ammunition right along. In brief, the Cubans are fighting a desperate fight and are in a good condition to continue it. The Spaniards are also engaged in a desperate contest, but they are exhausted, or almost so. I certainly think the Cubans will succeed, not by reason of numerical strength, for the Spaniards have about 150,000 men in the field, but there is no question but that the Cubans will ultimately win. All their leaders are sworn not to give up until they all are dead. They are bound by oath to fight until the last, and they will do so."

"REDDY'S" ALL RIGHT.

He Has Made a Faithful President of the Newsboy's Union.

Last night there appeared an article in THE SENTINEL in regard to electing a different president for the Newsboys' union. "Reddy" O'Connor has for the past two years held that position to the satisfaction of all the members and has always proven faithful and honest in the performance of his duties. The Newsboys' union wishes to state that the party who inserted the article did it merely through prejudice, and never was nor is not at the present time, a member of the union.

LOCAL LINES.

Dr. M. F. Porter has been summoned to Auburn on professional business.

Charles Falls, of Chicago, has arrived to remain until after the High school commencement.

The Christian church is preparing to give an organ recital by Prof. Harrison Wible, of Chicago, on the evening of June 21.

J. V. Beal, of the Indiana Furniture company, is at Anderson, Ind., visiting his father, who is very sick with Bright's disease.

Mrs. Harriet E. Gilchrist, the mother of Mrs. George Swayne, of Spy Run avenue, has come to Missouri to spend the summer.

About fifty members have signed the roll in the Bicyclists' Protective association. The president, O. N. Heaton, is receiving signatures at his office.

The Ladies' Aid society will give an excursion to Robison park on Monday, June 21, for which event tickets are now on sale. The proceeds go to charity and there ought to be a large crowd.

A picnic is in compliment to Miss Clara Palmer, of Frankfort, Ind., is in progress in Robison park this afternoon. Miss Palmer is the sister of Mrs. L. L. Henson and has been that lady's guest for the past week.

HE LOVES ALL.

Christ's Gospel Will be Preached Tomorrow.

Places Where Everybody Can Worship the Lord and Some of the Subjects to be Discussed.

St. Andrew's Mission, South Wayne avenue—Sunday school at 3 p. m.

Railroad department Y. M. C. A.—Bible class at 2:30. Men's meeting at 3 o'clock conducted by Harry Lansdown.

The usual Sunday service will be held at Salem Reformed church, Sunday morning. Rev. J. Kuelling will preach as usual.

C. S. Bash superintendent of the Westminster Sunday school, will address the Covenant Bible school, in their hall, 510 South Calhoun street, at 2:30 p. m.

First Presbyterian church, Rev. D. W. Moffat, D. D., pastor. Services at 10:30 a. m. and special children's services at 6:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.

Simpson M. E. church, F. J. Johnson, pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; services at 10:30 a. m., Epworth League at 6:30 p. m.; children's day exercise at 8:00.

Services at the A. M. E. church, on East Wayne street, at 10:30 a. m., and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 2 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m. G. W. Brown, pastor.

At Westminster church, Rev. J. L. Leeper will preach at 10:30 a. m. and at a musical service at 7:45 p. m. will speak on "Opportunity." Sr. C. E., 6:45. Sunday school, 12 m.

Calvary U. B. church, corner of Leona and Harmer streets, A. W. Bellinger, pastor.—Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Y. P. C. U. at 7 p. m.

English Lutheran Church of the Redeemer, West Washington and Fulton streets—Sunday school at 9 a. m.; morning sermon at 10:30 a. m. Evening sermon at 7:30. C. F. W. Meyer, minister.

Grace Reformed church—Morning service at 10:30; evening service at 8 o'clock; topic: "A Young Man's Mistake in Choosing a Wife." Sabbath school at 9:30 a. m.; Young people's meeting at 7 p. m. A. K. Zartman, pastor.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal church, corner of Cass and Fourth streets. Edward F. Albertson, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.; Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Epworth League devotional meeting at 7 p. m.

Trinity Episcopal church, corner West Berry and Fulton streets, Rev. A. W. Seabrease, rector.—Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning prayer and sermon, 10:30 o'clock; evening prayer and sermon, 4:30 o'clock; Sunday school at 9:20 a. m.

St. Paul M. E. church, Rev. M. C. Cooper, pastor.—Class meeting at 9:30; preaching at 10:30, by the pastor; Sunday school in the afternoon at 3 o'clock; Epworth league devotional meeting at 7 o'clock, led by Miss Jefferson; at 7:45 p. m. a sacred musical will be given.

At the Baptist Tabernacle tomorrow morning the pastor, Rev. L. L. Henson, will preach on "Close Communion." At night will occur the children's day exercises, which will be followed by baptism. At 7 p. m. Secretary Wight will make his last address in Fort Wayne to the B. Y. P. U.

Wayne street Methodist Episcopal church, Rev. Dr. Henry W. Bennett, pastor—At 10:30 a. m. the high school will attend and the sermon will be appropriate to the occasion. In the evening the pastor will lecture on the topic, "Lessons From the Observations and Experiences of a Week."

Heidelberg Reformed Church, Rev. Maurice Samson, pastor—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; service, 10:30 a. m. Subject: "Enduring to the End;" evening service, 7:30 p. m.; subject: "The Tenderness of Jesus." Every Wednesday evening prayer meeting at 7:30. Teacher's meeting at 8:15.

Bethany church, Nebraska, Rev. Geo. E. Davies, pastor.—Meeting of session at 10 a. m.; communion services, reception of members and baptisms at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 3 p. m.; Children's day exercises, 7:45 p. m. Special programs, with suitable music and readings and recitations.

Bethel church of the Evangelical Association, corner DeWald and Clinton streets—German services at 10:30 a. m., and English preaching at 7:30 p. m., by Dr. C. B. Stemen. Y. P. Alliance at 6:45 p. m., led by Henry Miller; Sunday school at 9:15 a. m. Let there be a full attendance at all of these services.

At the West Jefferson street Church of Christ tomorrow the services, both morning and evening, will be of an unusually interesting character to all the members. The subject at the morning hour will be "Forgetting the Things Which Are Behind." The pastor earnestly desires the attendance of all the members. P. J. Rice, pastor.

"The Old Woman or the New, Which?" is the subject of J. A. Updike's lecture tomorrow evening at the West Creighton avenue church. Doors open at 7:30 p. m. Lecture at 8 p. m. Rev. John J. Higgs pastor of the church at Wabash, Ind., will preach at 11 a. m., the pastor being called to attend a funeral at Zanesville, Ind. Bible school, 9:15 a. m., Mr. Cindery, superintendent. Communion at 10:30 a. m. Junior Endeavor at 3:00 p. m., Mrs. Gilbert Miller, superintendent. Senior Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. J. A. Updike, pastor.

South Congregational church, Rev. E. E. Frame, pastor.—Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Children's day will be appropriately observed by an address to parents in the morning and by a choral concert exercise by the children and choir at 7:30 p. m.

Berry street M. E. church, corner Harrison street, C. U. Wade, pastor.—Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; preaching 10:30 a. m. by A. M. Wight, secretary Y. M. C. A. Subject: "The Value of Little Things." General class, 11:45; Epworth league devotional services, 7 p. m. The anniversary of children's day will be celebrated at 8 p. m. A splendid program has been arranged.

CHILDREN'S DAY.

The Third Presbyterian Sunday school is issuing the following invitation: "Children's day at the Third Presbyterian church, Sunday school. You are especially invited to attend our Children's day services Sunday, June 13, 1897. No lesson. Special program. A beer bottle, smoke pipe, deck of cards and novel will be there. Services begin at one-half hour past 10 o'clock. Please reach the room before that time." There will be the usual evening service at 8 o'clock and C. E. prayer meeting at 7:15.

COMMENCEMENT.

Annual Graduating Exercises of the High School.

Program to be Rendered at the Temple—Commencement at Concordia College.

The following is the program for the thirty-third annual commencement of the Fort Wayne High school that will be held at the Masonic Temple Thursday evening, June 17, at 8 o'clock:

[illegible]	[illegible]
Overture	Troubadour Waltzes
Prayer	Rev. Llewellyn L. Henson
[illegible]	[illegible]
Salutatory with Essay	Myrtle Pearl Haines
Waltz	[illegible]
Address—"The Elements of Power"	Dr. John M. Coulter
Dance, Yum Yum	[illegible]
Oration with Valedictory	Thomas Holmes McCormick
Piano—Characteristic "Evening at the Ball"	[illegible]
Presentation of Diplomas	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]
Benediction	Rev. Llewellyn L. Henson
March	[illegible]

The classical graduates are: Charles Douglas Barnet, Guy Reed Bell, Hugh Worthington Cureton, Mary Margaret Hanna, Ivy Foster Hartman, Marian Johnston Hartman, Gertrude Ethel Morris, Maude Franklin Sperry, James Park Swayne, Grace Tinkham, Edward Ralph Yarnelle.

Those of the Latin class are: Mabel Gertrude Ossley, Clyde Floyd Dreisbach, Phoebe Ellison, Clarence Elmer Fryer, Augusta Emelia Horred, Bertha Sarah Huestis, Herbert Wilson Lang, George Perry McDonald, Thomas Holmes McCormick, Ethel Pearson, Nancy Elnora Scott, Lucretia Powell Seybold, Cornelius Marcellus Smith.

Those of the English class are: Oscar Russell Brokaw, Anna Mary Clark, Nellie Clark, Walter Henshaw Crim, Rosa May Gardner, Myrtle Pearl Haines, Carrie Alva Hauck, Charles Lansdowne, Elizabeth Martha Lapp, Emilie Jane Rowe, Emma Marie Suner.

AT CONCORDIA.

The commencement exercises of the class of '97, Concordia college, will be held Tuesday evening, June 29, in the college chapel. Admission will be by ticket only. The program for the event is as follows: Song, college choir; introductory remarks, Rev. Moeller; English speech, H. C. Thurman; organ solo, B. Lange; Latin oration, B. Poch; baritone solo, H. C. Thurman; German speech, W. Schmidt; piano solo, B. Lange; valedictory, L. Linn; class song.

'TIS FALSE!

Says J. T. Friend, Who is Charged With Swindling.

Case Against Him Will Probably Drop Through—Returns Fort Wayne Attorneys and Will Fight It Necessary.

J. T. Friend, the Fort Wayne traveling salesman who was arrested at Toledo Wednesday on a warrant from Wilkesbarre, Pa., arrived in the city this morning and will spend the Sabbath with his family, on St. Marys avenue. Friend was released by the Toledo authorities upon his own recognizance, to appear if wanted. He refuses to go without requisition papers and these, it is understood, Governor Bushnell refuses to honor upon the evidence submitted. It is likely, therefore, that the case will not be prosecuted. The man who claims to have been swindled bought a patent right territory, and not being satisfied with the results of his purchase, brought up the charge. The sale, Mr. Friend claims, was regular in every way. Mr. Friend is the man against whom an affidavit was filed in a local court a few years ago, but the case was dropped because the party who filed the affidavit failed to appear, thereby stamping the action as a piece of spite work. Should the present case come to trial the Leonard brothers, of this city, will defend him.

VILE LITERATURE.

Authorities Suppress Its Circulation in This City.

Young Men Attempt to Start an Agency for a Weekly Obscene Sheet—Doings of the Day in Police Circles.

Yesterday afternoon two young men arrived from Chicago for the purpose of establishing an agency for the sale of a weekly paper published at Chicago under the name of "Town Topics." A copy of the paper fell into the hands of Superintendent Gorsline, who discovered that the "topics" discussed related principally to the scarlet circles of Chicago and other cities, the contents being vile enough to contaminate sinners. He held a short session with the mayor, who decided that the contents of the sheet were unfit for print, say nothing of its circulation in this or any other city. The agents were arrested and gave the names of Elmer Steenhaus and Henry Durst, and this morning a fine of $5 and costs was imposed in each case. Both went to jail. The action of the authorities will receive the approval of the moral element of society in Fort Wayne. It was taken for granted that nobody would attempt to infest the community with obscene literature after the vigorous manner in which the authorities went after the publishers and correspondents of the Sunday Sun and the People not long ago. The prompt manner in which the present cases were disposed of ought to serve as a further warning.

AN ASSAULT.

James Hartnett and Charles Franz were before the mayor this morning, charged with complicity in a brutal assault upon Annie Edwards. The affidavit was signed by Edward Flock. The evidence showed that the assault was committed by a companion of the men arraigned and they were let go upon their own recognizance, to appear again when wanted to testify against the guilty party. The woman's left leg was broken by her assailant and she was consequently unable to appear.

COMING IN.

Several Excursions Will be Run to Fort Wayne Tomorrow.

If Weather is Favorable, the City Will be Crowded With Strangers—Big Bill at the Park.

Tomorrow the first of a series of popular price excursions will be run to this city by the different railroads.

The Wabash will start one at Logansport and another from Toledo. The Pennsylvania will run two, one from Lima, Ohio, and the other one from Plymouth. The Findlay and Nickel Plate railroads will also bring in specials, and should the weather be favorable our city will be crowded with strangers.

The Lake Shore will run a cheap excursion from Hillsdale Tuesday, June 15. The Lake Erie will run a special from Indianapolis to this city Sunday, June 27. Louis Heilbroner, who has charge of these excursions for Robison park, says that he will book several more out of town excursions within the next few days. The railroad rates are much cheaper than last season. Everybody wants to come to Robison park for a day's outing.

AT THE PARK.

An entire new company will appear at the Robison park theater, commencing with the matinee tomorrow. The Donnavons, Irish comedians, and Dick and Alice McAvoy, the Hogan alley kids, were the leading features of Tony Pastor's company, which has just closed at Chicago. Mack & Elliott, clever sketch artists, and The Two Tabakas, the royal Japanese jugglers and magicians, are on the bill. The entertainments given at the theater are becoming very popular with the patrons of the park.

MUSICAL SERVICES.

Entertainments at Churches Tomorrow Evening.

"A Sacred Musical will be given at the St. Paul M. E. church on Sunday evening at 7:45:

Hymn 591	Doxology and congregation
Psalm and Scripture reading	
	Rev. M. C. Cooper
Song	Male Quartette
Vocal solo	Lewis Berthold
Recitation	[illegible]
Duet	Mr. Adams and Mrs. Adams
Organ solo	Miss Nora [illegible]
Select reading	Miss [illegible]
Song	Mixed Quartette
Duet	Mr. and Mrs. [illegible]
Recitation	Miss May Williams
Duet	Miss [illegible] and Mr. [illegible]
Song	Male Quartette
Closing Hymn	By choir and congregation
Benediction	

AT WESTMINSTER.

At the musical services at the Westminster church tomorrow evening the following numbers will be rendered:

Solo, "The Sweetly Solemn Thought"	
	Miss [illegible]
Anthem	[illegible]
[illegible]	
Violin solo	Selected
	Professor [illegible]
Solo	Selected
	Miss [illegible]

WILL UNITE.

Workingmen Join Hands in Politics and Other Matters.

Organization of the Workingmen's Club to be Consummated in the Near Future.

For some weeks a movement looking towards the organization of a society whose object shall be the best interests of the laboring men in all matters, political and otherwise, has been quietly in progress and promises to be consummated in a few days. This society is styled the "Independent Working Men's club" and as one of its promoters remarked to a SENTINEL representative this morning, "politicians and ward heelers are not eligible to membership." The members so far are chiefly men employed in the factories and railway shops of this city. The order expects to become a power in local politics.

HELD THE ELECTION.

Shirley City Residents Cast Their Ballots.

The Affair was on Only One Side of the Contest—Fines—Two Divorces Granted.

The voters at Shirley City yesterday held an election notwithstanding a restraining order issued by Judge Dawson in the superior court a few days ago. The restraining order was against Wm. L. Thompson, James M. Johns and Frederick Kerns, sr., election officers. The adherents of Shirley City, however, were prepared for this emergency and two inspectors were chosen as follows: William Wallace, John Fredt and John Hill. These inspectors today made returns showing that the following officers had been elected:

Henry Core, George F. Roberts and Robert B. Shirley, trustees.
Benjamin Steward, marshal.
Adam H. Miller, clerk.
Peter Abele, treasurer.

There were only thirty six votes cast, thirty five for the ticket elected and one for the opposing ticket.

C. H. Worden, attorney for the voters who petitioned for the restraining order, says the election is not legal.

DIVORCES GRANTED.

Judge O'Rourke granted a divorce to plaintiff in the case of Nora Kreager vs. Frederick Kreiger. The complaint alleged cruel treatment.

The divorce case of James P. Johnston vs. Harriet Juliet Johnston, colored people, was tried by Judge Dawson. Divorce was granted on the grounds of desertion.

CITY BRINGS SUIT.

W. H. Shambaugh, city attorney, filed a suit in the circuit court in which the city asks for a judgment of $2,000 against the Consolidated Street Railway company for failing to pay $1,137 license due the city on poles.

COURT NOTES.

Leonard Brothers and Robert Deilsiding have received a transcript of the trial of Charles Glesser, who was sent to the penitentiary for conspiring to blackmail, and will at once begin to get the case in shape to carry to the supreme court.

The case of Lehman vs. Lehman, which was on trial before Judge O'Rourke for several days, was ended and decided yesterday. Judge O'Rourke decided the case in favor of the plaintiff and gave him a judgment for $400.

The clerical force of the county auditor's office is busily engaged in getting up its report to submit to the state treasurer. The clerks are working nights as the reports must be made on the 15th of the month. County Treasurer Hunter will leave for Indianapolis on Monday.

Supt. F. J. Young, as county superintendent, has filed his bond in the sum of $1,000 with Thomas Greer and C. W. Branstrator as sureties.

Dr. L. S. Null has filed his bond in the sum of $2,000 as school trustee of New Haven, with J. R. Hart as surety.

Henry Koehn has filed his bond as trustee of New Haven in the sum of $2,000, with George Motz and L. W. Jarthemer as sureties.

BOARD REORGANIZED.

Meeting of the School Trustees Last Evening—Bonds Filed.

The board of school trustees was reorganized last evening as follows:

President—W. P. Cooper.
Secretary—A. J. Boswell.
Treasurer—S. M. Foster.

Dr. A. J. Boswell has taken the oath of office and filed his bond in the sum of $5,000 as a member of the city school board, with J. R. White, John Dalman, C. F. Muhler and W. E. Mossman as sureties. This afternoon W. P. Cooper filed his bond with the following renewal sureties: S. B. Bond, O. P. Morgan and S. M. Foster. The bond of Mr. Foster will be filed Monday, in the sum of $225,000, that amount being required of the treasurer of the board.

Call early and avail yourself of the opportunity to buy nice Strawberries at 5c a quart or $1.50 bushel.

Messrs. Black Katt, agents for the "Elektron" wheel, will have on exhibition this evening the first double ladies' Elektron tandem turned out by Bass & McDonald at the Plymouth factory. All interested in local enterprise should certainly be on hand and look it over.

If you want a good business, it wont cost much to call and investigate, only your effort. J. D. Williams, Lawyer and Promoter, Arcade. 10-12

BASE BALL.

Toledo vs. Fort Wayne, June 12 and 13. Dayton vs. Fort Wayne, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

J. D. Williams makes no charge for consultations. If you need the service of an accountant or legal advice of counsel, see him, second floor Arcade building.

AN UP-TO-DATE DINING ROOM....

Without a Sideboard is like home without a mother, no article of Furniture can add so much to the beauty of the room. White being absolutely indespensable for convenience and utility. Look at our handsome line of Sideboards, solid Quartered Oak Sideboards, polished, from $15.00 and up at

The Pape Furniture Co.,

28 and 30 East Berry Street.

The Evening Sentinel.

BY E. A. K. HACKETT.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

TONIGHT.

Soldiers' and Citizens' Club—Regular meeting.

Free Methodist Church—Quarterly meeting.

Lodges—Order of the Red Cross; Mad Anthony Hive No. 27; Rathbone Sisters.

IT is about time to warm up another water famine.

AS THERE is no ninth place in the Inter-State league the Marooms will have to stay where they are.

IT is claimed that Greater New York will expend every year $50,000,000 in charity, or $15 for every man, woman and child within its limits.

TO READ the rantings of certain newspapers one would believe that some of the city's most prominent citizens are the very essence of corruption. But the people know better.

THE Fort Wayne team has not lost its grip, perhaps, but it need not be too considerate of the feelings of other clubs. Sometimes courtesy can be overdone and our boys have shown enough of it for a time anyhow.

IN a small town in South Dakota the three saloons are owned, controlled and personally managed by the mayor, marshal and clerk respectively, and citizens not holding office are not encouraged to enter this branch of trade.

A MAN who has lived in Chicago all of his life started out the other evening for a walk around the block. He was found many hours later, five miles from home and returned to his friends by the police. Not many towns grow that fast or change so rapidly.

NEXT September, for the third time, South Carolina will elect a United States senator by a popular party vote. The candidates appear before the people in a joint debate for several weeks prior to the election, and the legislature accepts the general verdict.

FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE is seriously ill and it is not expected that she will recover. A woman of her noble record can well afford to meet death with serenity and hope. It is only the great loss which the world suffers that is to be considered in such cases.

THE Indiana man who had his baby brought to the telephone so that he might hear it cry should be enshrined as a beautiful example of those men who are are suspected of being willing to remain down town late at night to escape the vocal performances of their offspring.

THE resources of Spain are pretty well exhausted. Her credit is seriously impaired. If the Cuban insurgents can hold out another year, Spain's hope of subjugating the inhabitants of the unhappy island will vanish. The lovers of liberty throughout the world sympathize with the Cubans in their struggle for independence.

IT is reported that Switzerland is to be the next country which will follow the example of Italy and Belgium of reckoning time up to 24 o'clock instead of twice 12. In Belgium, where the new system was introduced on the 4th of this month, there is much growling at the change. But the principle is very simple. All that is necessary is to subtract twelve from every figure higher than twelve and you have the p. m. time.

THE United States customs officials are refusing admission to large amounts of adulterated tea and the rubbish is dumped upon the Canadian markets. Our neighbors on the north naturally object to this, but they will have to drink poor tea or follow the example of the United States and shove the stuff off onto some other fellow.

ONE of the greatest tariff speeches on record was the following, delivered by William Pitt in the British house of peers: "My lords and gentlemen: To levy a direct tax of 7 per cent is a dangerous experiment in a free country and may incite revolt, but there is a method by which you can tax the last rag from the back and the last bit from the mouth without causing a murmur against high taxes, and that is to tax a great many articles of daily use and necessity so indirectly that the people will pay them and not know it. Their grumbling then will be of hard times, but they will not know that the hard times are caused by taxation."

Mayor Strong on the Country Boy.

"Any young man who expects to succeed in New York," said Mayor Strong, one day last week, "must come here determined to rely upon himself. He must push out for himself, and not depend upon his friends. The boy who does this is sure to succeed if he has good principles and good habits. He must, however, bend every energy toward accomplishing what he sets out to do, and he must be economical in respect to money, time and strength. If he does this and has it in him he will have a great success, for there is no place where the possibilities of great successes are more than right here.

"I don't think the place where the boy is raised has much to do with it. The manner of the boy's rearing often has more. The country boy has, as a rule, had the advantage of having been made to work. He is usually a poor boy, and his nerve and muscle have usually been developed by adversity. This may be the case with the city boy, but in many instances his early life has been too easy. His parents have pampered him. He does not know the value of a dollar until he learns it by experience after he has gone into business, and in this way he starts in behind the horny handed son of the country. The country boy's life has tended to the development of self reliance in him, and he comes here with the determination to stand alone."

REAL ESTATE SALES.

The Deeds Which Have Been Filed for Record.

The Dreibelbiss Abstract of Title company, No. 25 Court street, furnishes the following accurate list of transfers, filed for record since our last issue:

Eliza James to the Union Central Life Insurance company, lot 88, Archer's addition, for $1.

Christian Yoase to Charles W. Yoase, northeast quarter, section 22, township 29, range 11 east, 40 acres, for $4,000.

Christina Yoase to Christian L. Yoase, east one-half, southeast quarter, section 22, township 29, range 14 east, 80 acres, for $1,500.

Lindley M. Ninde to Stephen J. and Sarah J. Roberts, lot 117, in Ninde's addition, for $300.

Sarah H. Evans and Eliza J. Kalfus, to John P., George P. and Oliver P. Evans, east 40 feet, lot 111, original plat for $1.

William Moellering & Son, the contractors who are building the new power station, are having considerable trouble in their work of excavating for the foundation. At a depth of twenty six feet they have encountered water in large quantities and have also been bothered by striking a large layer of rocks and gravel at a depth at which they had expected to find bedrock. It will take some time to pump out the water, after which they have to excavate to a depth of several feet more than they had calculated on, to find a suitable layer of earth to begin the foundation proper.

Monroeville Breeze: "Mrs. M. Heller who was the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. B. Niezer, last week returned to her home at Fort Wayne Tuesday last."

NEURALGIA

is pain in the nerves. It is thought by some medical experts to be caused by poverty of the blood, which condition lowers the tone of the nerves and starves them.

Unless the poisons and waste matter in the blood are filtered out of it by the kidneys into the urine, the blood will carry disease instead of nourishment to the nerves. Neuralgia, or pain in the nerves is the danger signal or symptom which nature uses to warn the victim of danger.

This condition can be

CURED

A few days ago I took up one of your little books on kidney diseases and noticed Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills not only cures Kidney troubles, but neuralgia and rheumatism also. As I had experienced many hours of torture from neuralgia, I concluded to try your Sparagus Kidney Pills. I must say, they have wrought wonders in my case, as they have driven the neuralgia all out of me, and I am now in the best of health and happy state of mind.

H. F. FUNSE,
[illegible] N. 17th St., Lafayette, Ind.

HOBBS
Sparagus Kidney Pills.

HOBBS REMEDY CO. PROPRIETORS, CHICAGO.

TRY IT, ROOTERS.

Give the Players the Glad Hand and Encourage Them.

A Continual Knock Does Much to Lose the Games—Several Errors Were No Conquest to the Wolf Pines.

INTER-STATE LEAGUE.

	Won	Lost	Per cent
New Castle	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Toledo	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Dayton	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mansfield	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wheeling	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Springfield	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Fort Wayne	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Youngstown	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

There is nothing more fickle in the wide, wide world than a base ball crank, as is evidenced by the treatment accorded Fort Wayne ball players at almost every game. At the very beginning of the season there was a knock on Captain Cooke and every little misplay made by the captain was hissed and cries of "Knell, Knell" floated through the air; never one word of encouragement. Finally, when on May 20, the captain hand out seven hits with a total of thirteen bases and played short stop better than any other man in the league can, everybody was willing to acknowledge he was as good a ball player as there was in the league. The team comes home, makes five little, stingy hits, Captain Cooke and Babb have a misunderstanding about a fly ball and the prettiest game of the season is lost by the score of 3 to 1 and immediately there is a howl for a change. Fred Cooke is as good a short stop as there is in the Inter-State league and any manager will say as much, and have said so. But the "knocker" must be appeased. Next comes Hagerty. Never was third base played like Pete played it at the beginning of the season. He was a hero, applauded every day and finally to appease the "knocker" on some other player, Pete was sent to second, a position he never claimed he could play. And he couldn't. The fellows who applauded him at third began to condemn his play at second and finally, after suffering with a split finger he goes back to third. The condemnation of the "cranks" who should have encouraged instead had unnerved him, and now he is about to be released. The "crank" is fickle. Then comes Severs. He has pitched as fine ball as any pitcher in the Inter-State, but yesterday when he was hit hard in only one inning the "fans" commenced to yell for another pitcher. Why, pray? You have at times knocked Munahan and Darby just as hard and will do the same thing with Herr the first time he is hit for three singles in one inning. Then there is Kihm, Robinson and Tommy Campbell. They may play great ball for a month and make errors in one game and they should be released. Campbell is the best batting catcher in the Inter-State, his back stopping is first-class and as for throwing when Cooke and Sharp or Fitch are covering around second base it is equal to Lynch's and is as good as there is in the league. But the "knocker" must have his say. Mc-Kevitt, too, must make a hit or three every day or President Meyer will be called upon to release him. The "crank" is fickle. New Castle and Toledo lead the league and there has been less changes in these clubs than any others. They have not played one whit better ball than Captain Cooke's team, but luck has been with them and against us. Toledo lost several consecutive games at the beginning of the season, but Manager Strobel paid no attention to the howls and he is rewarded by having a team which bids fair to land the pennant. The game yesterday was the worst defeat Fort Wayne has sustained this season, 9 to 3, another 5 to 0 and another 8 to 2. Lost by six runs, not one overwhelming, disgraceful defeat, the only club in the league which can claim as much.

Now, Fort Wayne "rooters," let us all put our heads together and decide to go to the games and as each player comes to bat, give him the glad hand, a word of encouragement, and last, if he makes an error, tell him they all do it. Encouragement from the home "rooters" on the home grounds is a great help to a team and this is all Fort Wayne needs. Will you do it?

YESTERDAY'S GAME.

Toledo was too much for the Maroons yesterday, defeating them by a score of 9 to 3. Barring Toledo's half of the sixth inning the game was interesting. At that stage of the game the Mud Hens hopped onto Severs for a total of seven hits and six men crossed the plate before the side was retired. Herr then went into the box and shut Toledo out to the end. Cigarette Keenan twirled for Toledo and Fort Wayne did not connect with him to any great extent. In but one inning were they able to get more than one hit. Sharp loomed up with a sensational stop of a hot grounder and touched a base runner and passed the ball over to Dummy Kihm and thus completed a double play. It was a magnificent play. As Fort Wayne is now tie for the tail end position, no doubt our luck will change and we will again climb the per cent ladder. The Toledos have yet two more games to play here, and here's hoping that the Maroons will in a measure even up. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Fort Wayne	[illegible]									3
Toledo	[illegible]									9

Hits—Fort Wayne, [illegible]; Toledo, 13. Errors—Fort Wayne, 1; Toledo, 2. Earned runs—Toledo, 4. Two base hits—Kihm, Beck 2, Smith. Sacrifice hits—O'Meara, Keenan 2, Hartman. Stolen base—Hagerty. First base on balls—Off Severs 1; off Keenan, 2. Hit by pitched ball—By Keenan, 1. Struck out—By Herr, 1; by Keenan, 2. Double plays—Sharp to Kihm; Daly to Meyers. Batteries—Keenan and Arthur; Severs, Herr and O'Meara. Umpire—Colgan. Time of game—1:25.

OTHER INTER-STATE GAMES.

DAYTON, Ohio, June 12.—The Daytons had a walkover with the Springfield team yesterday, making twenty three hits off McIlvaine, who was recently secured from the Western league. Out of six chances, Flick, the champion batter in the league, made a home run, a three-bagger, a two-bagger and three safe hits. Emig pitched a good game up to the ninth, when the visitors scored seven clean hits and five runs. The score:

Dayton	0	2	0	1	2	4	0	3	4	—16
Springfield	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	— 7

Hits—Springfield, 17; Dayton, 23. Errors—Springfield, 9; Dayton, 3. Batteries—For Dayton, Emig and Greenwald; for Springfield, McIlvaine and Schabel.

YOUNGSTOWN, Ohio, June 12.—The local team pulled themselves together and won the first game in seven played with New Castle. Captain Schelble and Moserr, of the local team, were suspended by the umpire for disputing decisions. The score:

Youngstown	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	— 3
New Castle	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	— 2

Base Hits—New Castle, 6; Youngstown, 5. Errors—New Castle, 3; Youngstown, 0. Batteries—For New Castle, Hickman and Donovan; for Youngstown, Brodie and Patterson.

MANSFIELD, Ohio, June 12.—The Mansfields outplayed the Wheelings at every point in the game yesterday and won as they pleased. Coyle was batted out of the box, although he made a desperate effort to stick it out. The feature of the game was the heavy batting of the home team. Kuts for Mansfield secured two home runs and a two-bagger in three times at bat. The score:

Mansfield	2	0	2	0	2	0	3	6	5	—20
Wheeling	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	— 4

Base hits—Wheeling, 12; Mansfield, 20. Errors—Wheeling, 4; Mansfield, 2. Batteries—For Wheeling, Coyle, Taylor and Messitt; for Mansfield, Van Giesen and Lynch.

RESULTS YESTERDAY.

National League—Chicago, 7; Philadelphia, 10. Baltimore, 5; Cleveland, 4. Washington, 6; St. Louis, 3. Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 3. Cincinnati, 2; New York, 1. Boston, 8-12; Louisville, 4-4.

Western League—Milwaukee, 5; Grand Rapids, 10. Columbus, 11; St. Paul, 5. Detroit, 2; Kansas City, 3. Minneapolis at Indianapolis—rain.

Western Association—Peoria, 1; Rockford, 8. Dubuque, 24; Cedar Rapids, 8. St. Joseph, 5; Des Moines, 4. Burlington, 1; Quincy, 8. Michigan State League—Bay City, 8; Kalamazoo, 10.

INTER-STATE LEAGUE.

Springfield at Dayton.
Toledo at Fort Wayne.
New Castle at Youngstown.
Wheeling at Mansfield.

NOTES.

Sanders may be given a trial by Toledo.

Dayton will be here Monday for three games.

Beck, as usual, did great work with his stick.

McKevitt got his eye on the ball and made a hit yesterday.

Fitch made an error yesterday but he also made two hits.

Hagerty, Babb and O'Meara failed to touch the pig skin safely.

The Baker Streets defeated the South Sides by the score of 25 to 9.

The following is the batting order for today: Cooke, lf; Sharp, 2b; Robinson, cf; McKevitt, rf; Fitch, ss; Babb, 3b; Kihm, 1b; O'Meara, c; Herr, p.

The Wayne Hotels defeated the High Schools by a score of 28 to 5. The features of the game were the catching and batting of Eggeman, of the High Schools. Batteries—Brown and Jones, Heltker, Hopkins and Eggeman.

Captain Tebeau has given "Chippy" McGarr his unconditional release. Tebeau said that McGarr could not get in form this season, while Wallace is not only fielding the position grandly, but is also hitting the ball hard.

New Castle Courant-Guardian: "Here's a mess on it: Toledo, Fort Wayne, Dayton, New Castle, Mansfield, Youngstown, Springfield, Wheeling. Paste this in your scrap book.—Toledo Critic. That's the only place such a finish will ever be—in a scrap book. If New Castle isn't first it will be second, and if Wheeling doesn't beat Toledo out our Own will have to be something worse than eighth.—Wheeling News."

Youngstown Telegram: "Cal her Creamer, with whom the local base ball management has for some time been negotiating, wired that he had decided not to re-enter professional ball and that in accordance with that determination he would not sign a Youngstown contract. Since the refusal of Creamer to don a Youngstown uniform the manager is keeping a sharp lookout for several first class men, and if available they will be signed."

Wayne, the pitcher released by Fort Wayne, has gone to Port Huron, Mich.

Under the caption, "Strobel's Jolly," the Youngstown Telegram has the following: "In a letter received by the management of the local base ball team Manager Strobel, of Toledo, writes: 'Do not make too many changes in your team. You have a good club. They are in hard luck, but will come out all right in time and be in the race.' Perhaps Strobel fears that contemplated changes in the local team if effected may interfere with his chances of again making it three straight."

New Castle Courant-Guardian: "A worse schedule of base ball could not have been arranged than the present one. Torreyson is said to be the originator of the same. Here it is coming July and yet patrons are waiting to see several teams play here. Youngstown plays New Castle here for the second time and other clubs appearing here before are scheduled to come before the initial appearance of Dayton with Elmer Flick and Springfield with famous Rinehart—Youngstown Vindicator. We don't see Springfield or Dayton until the last of this month. The schedule's no good." Fort Wayne has not been to Mansfield or Wheeling and has been to Toledo twice. Strobel says he had a schedule at the meeting, but the board of directors adopted Torreyson's 'crazy-patch' without looking at his.

Washington Post: "The interchange of gossip between the pitchers of contemporaneous teams generally has to do with the strength and weakness or peculiarities of certain new phenoms in the major league. In Cincinnati last week Charley Nichols the artistic twirler of the Beaneaters, and Win Mercer fell to discussing Lajoie, Stahl and Sockalexis. 'Sock,' said Nichols, 'is not stuck on a low curve, but if you keep them around his neck and get it over fast for him he will go after it in a hurry and eat it up.' Lajoie was discussed, and Mercer said of the Garcon first baseman: 'He can hit about anything, same as Delehanty, and he has a peculiar habit of whipping at the ball, like Clements, of the Phillies.' 'Stahl, of our team, has no particular specialty as a batsman,' said Nichols. 'I have seen him go in the air and give an imitation of a lineman by reaching out for the trolley favorites, as Dad Clarke calls 'em. Then I have seen Stahl nail a low curve, and hit 'em opposite his shoulders at full speed.' There seems to be a general impression that Sockalexis's weakness at bat is a low curve, and it remains to be seen after he has faced the twirlers of the major league at least twice whether he is the batsman that his admirers imagine."

BASE BALL.

Toledo vs. Fort Wayne, June 12 and 13. Dayton vs. Fort Wayne, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Cressler and son, Kerr Murray, leave today for Philadelphia.

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Editor Cookery Department, Ladies' Home Journal.

Guarantee.

Grocers are authorized to give back your money if you do not find Cleveland's the best baking powder you have ever used.

Cleveland Baking Powder Co., N. Y.

JUNE WEATHER.

Data for the Past Twenty-six Years and the Present Month.

In a period of twenty-six years, during which regular weather observations were made by the government, it is found that the general average temperature in this section for the month of June is 74 degrees, and the average amount of rainfall for the month is 4.40 inches. The warmest June was in 1874, with an average of 80 degrees. The coolest June was in 1882, with an average of 70 degrees. The highest temperature was 94 degrees, on June 28, 1874. The lowest temperature was 38 degrees, on June 1, 1889. The average number of clear June days is 8, of partly cloudy 14, and of cloudy 8. The average number of days with 0.01 of an inch or more of rain is 11. The greatest monthly rainfall in June was 9.64 inches, in 1880; the least 1.69 inches, in 1871. The highest wind in the past twenty-six years was 50 miles per hour, from the northwest, on June 22, 1893.

The present month so far had a maximum temperature of 82 degrees, on the 2d, and the minimum was 50 degrees on the mornings of the 5th and 8th. Only 0.38 of an inch of rain has fallen so far, and the days have been fair and cool.

If you want clothing go to The Fair. [illegible]

Perhaps the "New Woman" will be a stronger woman than the old one. Certainly, fresh air and the right exercise will do much for her. Fresh air is a great restorative, exercise a great nerve tonic if a woman be in condition to take it. A healthy woman can avoid disease. She can avoid the seemingly almost inevitable "weakness" of her sex if she pursues the proper hygienic methods. The same methods will not cure her if she be already sick. Taken under medical direction, in connection with the right medicine, they will help effect a cure. No women who suffers at all from so-called "female weakness" should attempt athletics of any sort. She should first put herself into possession of strong and hearty health by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. After she is thoroughly well, exercise and diversion will help to keep her well. The cure should come first. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is designed and recommended for only the one thing. It acts directly upon one set of organs. No matter what is the matter with them, it will cure it. It will not cure anything else. It is a wholesome tonic, an invigorating nervine, or nerve-food, as well as a healing medicine, and thousands of perfectly well women have found that by taking it regularly during the period of pregnancy, the danger and pain of parturition were much lessened, and in many cases, almost entirely obviated.

In every American household, there should be a copy of Dr. Pierce's great work, "Common Sense Medical Adviser," 1008 pages, illustrated. One copy free to any address on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay for mailing only. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Many Think!

When it was said to the woman: "In sorrow shalt thou bring forth children," that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but the thrill of joy felt by every Mother when she clasps to her heart her babe proves the contrary. True, dangers lurk in the pathway of the Expectant Mother and should be avoided.

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166 Calhoun Street.

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Good Suits for $17.00.

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Fine Overcoats for $17.00 and $18.00.
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[illegible] West Wayne St. Fort Wayne, Ind.

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The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

8 PAGES, 72 COLUMNS. PART SECOND.

ESTABLISHED 1833. SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

JOHN CABOT'S MEMORY.

To Be Honored In Fitting Style by the City of Bristol.

HE DISCOVERED NORTH AMERICA.

How the Four Hundredth Anniversary of That Discovery Will Be Celebrated—A Revival of Interest In the Achievements of the Early English Explorers.

Right in the heart of the city of Bristol, England, rises Brandon hill, a commanding eminence from whose summit the harbor of that ancient port, the river Severn and the broad sweep of Bristol channel as it widens out into the ocean can be seen. Just at the apex of this hill there is to be laid on June 24 the cornerstone of a mighty monument which is to commemorate the achievements of a man who shaped the destiny of a continent.

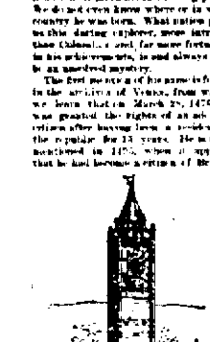
That man was John Cabot.

The date on which the cornerstone for this structure will be laid is the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of North America. On that day, 1497, John Cabot landed on the coast of Labrador and planted side by side the flag of England and the banner of the republic of Venice. The reason for locating the memorial tower in Bristol is that at the time of Cabot's departure on this voyage he was a citizen of Bristol. More than this, his expedition was fitted out in Bristol, and he sailed in Bristol ships, manned by Bristol men.

A committee composed of the foremost citizens of Bristol has charge of the quadricentennial celebration, and the completed monument is to cost $15,000. Natives of Bristol in all parts of the world are expected to be present at the ceremony and Englishmen generally have been invited to participate in the celebration. Canadians are to observe the day independently, and it is not unlikely that many Americans will take some part in the observance of this historic anniversary.

It has been a long time that the famous navigator has waited for a material recognition of his services to the English speaking race. He certainly deserves a monument if any one does, for so far as is known he has not even a headstone to mark his last resting place. We do not even know where or in what country he was born. What nation gave us this daring explorer, more intrepid than Columbus and far more fortunate in his achievements, is and always will be an unsolved mystery.

The first mention of his name is found in the archives of Venice, from which we learn that on March 28, 1476, he was granted the rights of an adopted citizen after having been a resident of the republic for 15 years. He is next mentioned in 1495, when it appears that he had become a citizen of Bristol



PROPOSED CABOT TOWER AT BRISTOL.

and had lived there with his wife and three sons for several years previously. Even then he had become known as a wealthy and adventurous navigator, willing at any moment to take out a cargo for any port, known or unknown.

At that time Bristol rivaled Venice in the maritime field. Bristol ships went back and forth freighted with rich merchandise, and the water side was at all times a busy place. Many a keel was laid on the shores of Severn in those days, and the city laid the foundations for a maritime supremacy which even today has not wholly disappeared.

In the autumn of 1496 John Cabot announced that he was preparing an expedition which in the following spring was to set sail into the unknown seas. Columbus had but recently returned and reported that he had reached one of the outlying islands of the Indies. At that time the very existence of the two vast continents of America had not been dreamed of. Certainly Cabot was not searching for them. He was in quest of that popular will-o'-the-wisp of the times, the northwest passage to the Indies. Like other advanced thinkers, he was probably confident that the world was round. Perhaps he wasn't sure. At any rate he didn't care. Round or flat, he thought that somewhere in that mysterious watery waste to the west there must be a passage to the golden storehouse of Cathay.

But Cabot was a shrewd business man as well as a courageous sailor, so before he started he applied for and received from Henry VII a commission or patent authorizing him to take possession in the name of the king of any new lands which he might discover in the Atlantic or Indian oceans. This commission also granted him the sole right to trade with such new countries, provided he gave one fifth of the profits to the king. This privilege was also to be extended to his heirs.

An ocean route to the Indies would have been immensely profitable at that time, and such was the confidence of Bristol people in Cabot's ability as a navigator that he had no difficulty in fitting out a big expedition. It was done without any flourish of trumpets and, being a purely commercial enterprise and devoid of romance, attracted little public attention.

Early in April Cabot, with his five ships, each manned by hardy Bristol tars, sailed down the Severn and out into Bristol channel. Shaping his course south, he sailed until he reached the Canaries, and then he struck boldly northwest. On the morning of June 24 a gray, ghostly, forbidding coast line was sighted. [illegible] the Indies [illegible] of the great khan of Tartary.

We have abundant detail concerning the sensations of Columbus when he first sighted the little island of San Salvador. The historians have given us all the theatrical qualities of that event which could be desired, for want of information they lacked they probably

SEBASTIAN CABOT.

supplied, but of the feelings of Cabot when he first made out the grim shore line of a vast continent we know nothing at all, and it is too late in the day for any historian, no matter how daring, to make good the deficiency. We only know that he landed somewhere about the middle of the Labrador coast.

This was the real discovery of America. It was 13 months later before Columbus reached the mainland. Americus Vespucci did not discover the continent for two years after. Seeing no people, Cabot finally concluded that the land was uninhabited. Then he planted the English and Venetian standards and sailed south along the coast for about 300 miles. He is said to have twice sighted the coast of Newfoundland on the homeward voyage, but as to whether he landed or not authorities differ. Some say he did and others say he did not.

After an absence of little more than three months Cabot dropped anchor again in Bristol harbor. He was greeted with great enthusiasm. The town took a holiday, and the news swept like wildfire through the kingdom. All England rejoiced, and Cabot was hailed as her favorite admiral. The crown gave him money and encouragement. New ships were fitted out and new crews enlisted. A new commission, more liberal in its provisions than the first, was signed in 1498.

But right here, just as John Cabot was at the apex of his career, his name drops from the annals. Where he died and how history does not tell. Thus passed out in obscurity one of the most interesting of the early explorers. But the thread is taken up by John Cabot's second son, Sebastian, who was a worthy successor to his father. Sebastian took the commission, and in May, 1498, set sail with a well equipped squadron. He had accompanied his father on his first voyage and knew his plans for the second.

But Sebastian also had a mind of his own. He proposed to reach the Indies at once through the northwest passage. So instead of sailing away to the south he struck boldly west by north and sailed until he sighted the coast of Greenland. Then the great masses of ice which he encountered forced him to change his course to the south. He made a landing near the spot first visited by his father and then continued on down, touching here and there along the coast and skirting the Atlantic shore until he reached as far south as Cape Hatteras. Only the Norsemen had been before him, and of what they found or saw no record is left.

But Sebastian Cabot saw Indians dressed in the skins of wild beasts, and he was able to tell considerable about this new country which he had taken possession of in the name of the king. But he had failed to find the northwest passage, and on his return but little attention was paid to his discoveries. Vasco da Gama had by doubling the cape of Good Hope reached the desired goal, and so the younger Cabot's achievements were dimmed by the glory of the Portuguese.

It was not for many years after that the real importance of the Cabot achievements was realized. Now after four centuries we fully comprehend. Early in the fifteenth century the Spanish issued a map of the new world in which full justice was done to Spanish navigators, but along the north Atlantic coast were five points which were designated as having been discovered by the English. This was a fatal admission for the Spanish and one which they afterward greatly regretted.

The result was that while Spain claimed Central and South America she never laid claim to any part of the continent of North America above Florida. The English did claim it and colonized it. Thus it is due to the Cabots that today North America is the home of English speaking people. Had they not sailed from Bristol Spain might have located her provinces in both continents and the history of our land would have been vastly changed. With a full understanding of what the Cabots did for us Americans ought to take more than a passing interest in the monument at Bristol.

SEWELL FORD.

A Magnetic Crane.

A magnetic crane is employed in a London foundry for the purpose of lifting pieces of iron and steel. Three men can thus accomplish in 15 minutes the work that formerly required the same number of men engaged for 1½ hours.

Transmigration.

The Metaphysical—Only fancy that there dwells in yonder woman the soul of a lion or tiger!

The Material—She does seem full of animal spirits, doesn't she?—Detroit Journal.

Her First Thought.

He—Come, darling, fly, oh, fly with me.

She—Oh, Charley, is that mysterious airship really yours?—New York Journal.

The Bloc.

"You pay, I don't want a wheel,"
[illegible]

RICHES TOOK WINGS.

THE RISE AND DECLINE OF A BONANZA KING.

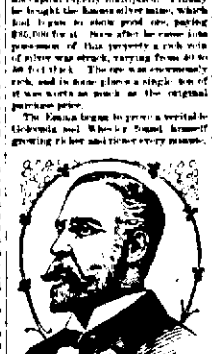
Jerome B. Wheeler's Sudden Success In the Colorado Silver Mines—How He Boomed the Town of Aspen—Reverses That Have Depleted His Fortune.

The life story of Jerome B. Wheeler is much more interesting than that of the ordinary individual, although the narration of the events in the life of any person can never be wholly dull. It is the story of the rise and fall of a multimillionaire and contains elements of the highest dramatic quality. Beginning life in an obscure and humble station, he reached a point where for several years he was known as a bonanza king. In four short years his immense fortune has crumbled away until today, while he is by no means bankrupt or in danger of becoming a pauper, he counts his remaining dollars by the thousands rather than by the millions and the glamour of great wealth has left him.

About 1875 Jerome B. Wheeler was an ambitious but impecunious clerk in a big wholesale house in New York city. Later he made the acquaintance of a Miss Valentine. It happened that Miss Valentine's uncle was one of the firm of one of the largest department stores in the metropolis. When he married Miss Valentine, Wheeler went into the big store on a salary. In the course of time the uncle died and left the former Miss Valentine an interest in the big store. That made Wheeler a partner.

In 1878 the Leadville mining fever struck New York and Wheeler caught it. He promptly sold out his interest for a good sum and went to Leadville. By the time he got there Aspen was just beginning to loom up as the big silver mining camp of Colorado. He was one of the few men on the ground with capital, and although he probably made many poor investments those which were good yielded such big profits that his capital rapidly multiplied. Finally he bought the famous silver mine, which had begun to show good ore, paying $85,000 for it. Soon after he came into possession of this property a rich vein of silver was struck, varying from 40 to 80 feet thick. The ore was enormously rich, and in some places a single ton of it was worth as much as the original purchase price.

The Emma began to prove a veritable Golconda, and Wheeler found himself growing richer and richer every minute.



JEROME B. WHEELER.

Then he began to worry about the soundness of his title. It seems that the mine had been discovered by two poor prospectors who had been "grub staked" by Colonel Archie Fisk, a Confederate veteran. One of the prospectors was William J. Wood, a Canadian, and the other was an old sailor named Kilpatrick. Wood was killed in a Leadville saloon and Kilpatrick disappeared. Fisk had "advertised" both men out of it and by the terms of mining law had assumed full possession when he sold out to Wheeler.

Knowing this history of the mine, Wheeler took great pains to secure his title. He found that Fisk had no right to "advertise out" a dead man and that the advertisement lacked just three days of having been displayed for the proper time. Then he hired lawyers and detectives to trace down the Kilpatrick and Wood heirs. The former was found alive and relinquished his claim for $25,000. Wood's heirs were found only after a long search and bought off for a small sum.

Then Wheeler was satisfied. He boomed things in Aspen at a rate that made him the talk of the country. He established a bank there and built one of the finest mansions in the west as a home for himself and family. He raised the place from the level of a mining camp to a city of 14,000 inhabitants. Then he went to Manitou and did almost as much for that town. He entertained in princely style and was held up as a model citizen throughout Colorado.

Then came the crash. One day a quiet little fellow walked into Wheeler's office and in the name of the Wood heirs demanded possession of the Aspen mine and a big share of the profits which Wheeler had been making for ten years. Wheeler ordered him out of the office. Preposterous as the claim seemed then, it would have been economy for Wheeler had he complied at once.

But he didn't. The quiet little man began suits, carried them from court to court, and in 1895 won a judgment which cost Wheeler nearly $1,000,000 to settle. The case was won on the point that Wheeler settled the original claims of the Wood heirs with money which belonged to them and not to him.

From that point on Wheeler's millions have been rapidly slipping away, and the latest signs of his downfall have been the closing of his banks in Aspen and Manitou. Mr. Wheeler resides in New York, but the swath which he is at present cutting in society is a very small one as compared to that in which he formerly trod. It was a case where riches took wings.

JOHN F. WILLIAMSON.

Learned Railroad Etiquette.

"I beg pardon," said a man who was hurrying out of an elevated car, as he came into violent contact with the foot of a man who sat with his legs crossed and one foot poised in the air about half way across the aisle. The hurrying man had barked his shin on the other man's shoe and had transferred about half the blacking from it to his trousers, but he had knocked the other man's foot down and he was polite.

"Certainly," said the other man, looking up from his paper with a scowl, but changing his mind and manner when he saw the hurrying man was evidently sincere, and then he crossed his legs again and went on reading the paper, with his foot once more suspended in the aisle, ready for somebody else to fall over.—New York Sun.

LARS ANDERSON'S PRIZE.

He Captured the Affections of a $17,000,000 Heiress.

Miss Isabelle Perkins of Boston, the announcement of whose coming marriage to Mr. Lars Anderson of Cincinnati has recently been made, is one of the richest girls in America and has a fortune of more than $17,000,000 in her own right. She is also heir apparent to

MISS ISABELLE PERKINS.

her mother's fortune of about $20,000,000. Her father is Commodore George H. Perkins, U. S. N., retired.

In September, 1895, Miss Perkins went abroad under the protecting wing of Mrs. Maria Howe Elliott, the daughter of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe. Mrs. Elliott was to chaperon Miss Perkins during a three years' trip abroad, the young lady's mother being an invalid and unable to accompany her. As it was understood that Mrs. Elliott gave her services as chaperon for a remuneration, the establishing of this new profession attracted some attention.

If it was the intention of Mrs. Elliott to show her young charge the sights of European capitals and bring her back heart and fancy free she has not made a great success of the chaperone business, for almost the first thing Miss Perkins did after going abroad was to fall in love.

The first winter was spent in Rome, where Mrs. Elliott's husband has a studio. There Miss Perkins met Mr. Anderson, who was secretary of the American legation in the Eternal City. They became engaged and at the end of one year, instead of three, Miss Perkins returned home and obtained the consent of her parents to the match. The date of the marriage was set for about two months ago on the supposition that Mr. Anderson could leave his post. His resignation was delayed because of the change in the administration, so the ceremony was postponed until June 15. Miss Perkins is a petite brunette and inherited her fortune from her grandfather.

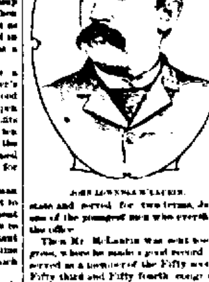
Mrs. Elliott is at liberty just now as a professional chaperon and probably hopes that her next charge will not be in such a hurry to marry.

SUCCEEDS SENATOR EARLE.

Political Career of John L. McLaurin, Senator Tillman's Colleague.

John Lowndes McLaurin, the new senator from South Carolina, is a member of a family of old time southern politicians, and his name has long been a prominent one in his native state. He is only 37 years old, but he has already had quite an extensive political career.

Mr. McLaurin was born in Marlboro county, S. C., and after attending various schools and academies he studied law at the University of Virginia. At the age of 22 he was admitted to the bar and began to practice his profession in Bennettsville. He soon took a high rank at the bar, for his eloquence attracted much attention. He was an early recruit to the Tillman reform movement, and when the latter was elected governor he made a canvass of the state in his behalf. In 1890 Mr. McLaurin was elected a member of the state legislature by a large majority. A year later he was elected attorney general of the



JOHN LOWNDES M'LAURIN.

state and served for two terms, being one of the youngest men who ever filled the office.

Then Mr. McLaurin was sent to congress, where he made a good record. He served as a member of the Fifty second, Fifty third and Fifty fourth congresses and was re-elected as a member of the Fifty fifth. In congress he has always been an enthusiastic champion of free silver, but on local issues he and Senator Tillman, who was at one time his strongest supporter and who considered McLaurin as his most trusted lieutenant, have often differed.

Senator McLaurin is one of the best looking men in the august body of which he has just become a member. He is tall, straight and of athletic build. He is considerable of an athlete, in fact, and has been ever since his schoolboy days. His education was somewhat interfered with by his fondness for athletics, and at one Quaker school near Philadelphia he is said to have given a professor who undertook to punish him a severe thrashing. The professor went to bed and the athletic young southerner was expelled.

A Considerate Son.

Young Spendthrift—I don't want any birthday present, dad—thought you'd rather keep the money.—Tit-Bits.

LACHINE IN HARNESS.

TO UTILIZE THE POWER OF THE FAMOUS RAPIDS.

The Captive Flood to Turn Eighty-six Turbine Wheels—A Difficult Feat of Engineering Successfully Performed—A New Manufacturing Suburb of Montreal.

Just before the mighty St. Lawrence goes by Montreal on its way to the ocean it makes a sudden descent of a good many feet. It does not do this in one magnificent leap, as does the Niagara river, but it plunges along over a rough and rocky bed which slopes somewhat steeply eastward. If this descent were all in one fall, it would make a cataract beside which Niagara would appear insignificant, for the river is more than two miles wide at this point.

As it is, the great volume of water plunges and races down a rocky shelf which is known as the Lachine rapids. These rapids are about five miles above the city and they lend to the voyage down the St. Lawrence a charming climax, for there is much that is exciting and exhilarating in "shooting" the rapids, even in a big steamer. So tumultuous are the waters after they have whipped and lashed about the great boulders in the river that the big river steamers are tossed about like corks and the tourists hold their breath as they see the jagged points rush past them.

But, although the picturesque beauties of the rapids have been appreciated from the earliest times, it was not until a comparatively recent date that Canadians awakened to the fact that here was a vast amount of power which could be utilized. Less than 20 years ago the first scheme for harnessing the Lachine rapids was proposed. A company was actually chartered, but that was as far as the project was carried. Since then many schemes for putting the famous rapids to work have been proposed, and promoters have formed great companies on paper, but not until 1895 did the men arrive who were capable of pushing the enterprise through to success.

In that year permission was granted to McLea Walbank, a civil engineer,

VIEW OF FOUNDATIONS, LACHINE POWER PLANT.

and Thomas Pringle, a mechanical engineer. Both of these gentlemen are Montreal men. They are not boomers or speculators, but practical business men and mechanics. They formed a company which had real money behind it and began the work without delay.

They have applied practically the same principle which has been used to harness Niagara, only they have done their work under very different conditions, of course. In the first place, they built a dam out into the river for 1,000 feet. It is so constructed as to form 43 flumes, and in each of these flumes are set two turbine wheels. The turbines are connected with dynamos or generators, thus producing an immense amount of electrical power.

One of the most difficult features of the preparatory work was the removal of a natural reef of solid rock which jutted out from the shore for a considerable distance and lay exactly across the site for the main dam and power house. This reef had to be blasted out at considerable expense and at the cost of much time. But it was finally wiped out, and then in the bed of the river were sunk the foundations for the power house. These are solidly built of steel frames and cut stone and are calculated to resist the terrible pressure of the ice when it goes out in the spring.

The turbines are set deep down in the power house, and as the water rushes through the flumes it falls upon them, causing them to spin on their axles like so many gigantic pinwheels. At the upper end of the axles are the "purring dynamos," as Kipling calls them, which convert the force of the rapids into that subtle power which may be carried for miles over a wire and set to turning car wheels, lighting streets or doing a hundred other errands for mankind.

To each dynamo are connected six big turbines which rotate it 175 times a minute and make it capable of generating 4,400 volts. Starting from the power house is a pole line of giant skeletons which stretch away to the limits of the city. The poles are made of latticed steel work, and from their stout arms hang the thick wires which carry the power. When the wires reach the city, they pass underground to a central station, from which they reach out by means of a network of subways to all parts of the city. It is estimated that not an appreciable fraction of the original power is lost from the time it leaves the generators out in the rapids until it is connected with the small feeders which distribute it.

Like the Niagara company, the Lachine power company has obtained possession of a large tract of land facing the works and is laying it out for a handsome suburb, offering the attractions of cheap electric lighting and convenient car service to Montreal. Before a great while the streets of the city will be lighted, the cars run and factory wheels turned all by the harnessed power of Lachine falls.

C. J. POWERS.

Pepper.

"It has always amused me," remarked a botanical expert, "to hear people talking of their preference for black pepper over white and the various explanations they give for the same. Little do they know that both black and white pepper grow upon the same shrub. Over the pepper seed grows a black covering. The seed itself is white, [illegible]. To make black pepper the seed and its external covering are ground up, while the white pepper is the seed alone. White pepper is milder than black, the greater part of the pungency being in the covering. A pepper made of the covering alone would be such, to use a slang term, hot stuff that it would burn the mouth. The black covering of the pepper seed contains the oil."—Washington Star.

LIVES WITH THE INDIANS.

Miss Crawford Is the Advance Agent of Civilization to the Kiowas.

Mainly through the efforts of Miss Isabella Crawford, a young missionary, the Kiowa Indians are gradually becoming civilized. They have advanced so far that the tribe is soon to hold a great Christian camp meeting, when those who have already been converted will promulgate the new doctrine among the unregenerate. The Kiowas live in the western part of Oklahoma, and the only missionary among them is Miss Crawford. She is the daughter of a Canadian college professor, and for 14

MISS ISABELLE CRAWFORD.

years has devoted her life to one long effort to better the condition of the Indians.

Miss Crawford soon found that the only way she could reach the savages was to go right among them, live as they lived and gain their confidence. That is exactly what she has done. Saddle Mountain, where she has her missionary school, is 12 miles from a railroad and 35 miles from a postoffice. The nearest whites are 25 miles away. There, in the midst of the Indian village, she has her little cabin, which serves as schoolroom, chapel, kitchen and sitting room, and which must be shared with any Indian family, no matter how large, which happens to claim her hospitality. Her scant supply of food, too, must be shared on such occasions.

But this daring young missionary lives in comparative comfort when at headquarters, as she calls her cabin, to what she does when she is traveling among the scattered camps. Then she shares the tepees of the Indian women and often sleeps under the same shelter with a whole big family. She lives on the coarsest and plainest food and is glad when she has enough of that. Besides doing her own housekeeping work she must cut her own firewood and haul her water, for the Indian bucks make their squaws do all such work.

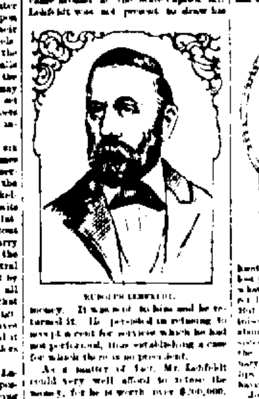
But she has taught the Indians to plow and plant and harvest and has encouraged them in something approaching industry. She has taught the squaws to use stoves and to cook food properly as well as how to take care of their children and their humble homes in a somewhat civilized manner.

OFFICE SOUGHT THE MAN.

It Caught Him, but the Man Declined the Salary.

Rudolph Lehfeldt holds a unique position among politicians. Much against his will he was elected a member of the Iowa state senate. He positively refused the nomination when offered, but the Republicans would not take no for an answer and insisted on putting his name on the ticket. It was one of those rare cases where the office actually sought the man. In this instance, as in most others on record, the office caught him, for he was elected.

But Mr. Lehfeldt, being a somewhat determined man, did not propose to be coerced into office holding, so he attended but very few sessions of the senate, and then only took interest to vote on two measures in which he was very much interested. But this was not the most startling thing about Senator Lehfeldt's political career. When salary day came around at the state capitol Mr. Lehfeldt was not present to draw his



RUDOLPH LEHFELDT.

money. It was sent to him and he returned it. He persisted in refusing to accept a cent for services which he had not performed, thus establishing a case for which there is no precedent.

As a matter of fact, Mr. Lehfeldt could very well afford to refuse the money, for he is worth over $200,000. He has made most of it in sheep raising. He was born in Germany 53 years ago and first settled in Iowa in 1870. He took up farming and made a specialty of sheep raising. He has a big sheep ranch in Montana, but ships his live stock to Iowa and fattens them on corn before sending them to the Chicago market, where they bring gilt edged prices. Mr. Lehfeldt has been married three times and when nearly 50 years of age became the father of a pretty little girl who is the pride of his declining years.

Novel Picture Frame.

Ernest White of West Chester, Pa., has a small picture frame made of 2,200 separate pieces of wood that took him one month. It is made by hand.

Mrs. Clatter [illegible] a woman, Cyrus.

Mr. Clatter [illegible]—New York Sunday Journal.

AN INFANT ANATOMIST.

A Five-year-old Boy Who Knows All About Surgery.

[illegible] prodigies of all sorts, [illegible] Willie Owen [illegible] of Chicago [illegible] knowledge [illegible] the son of Dr. Howell B. Owen, who recently located in Chicago.

Little Master Owen's familiarity with long medical terms is wonderful and such names as "sternocleidomastoid," "subclavicular" and "occipital" roll off his tongue as [illegible] the Mother Goose melodies [illegible] other children. These [illegible] which he has acquired in a [illegible] can apply to each bone in the human body

WILLIE OWEN.

by scientific names. He handles a skull and any part of a skeleton with as much familiarity as other boys do the usual nursery playthings. He knows all about the heart structure and all its complex functions and can talk about it in technical terms with a full understanding of what he is saying. He is right at home in a dissecting room, and looks upon cadavers with all the indifference of an old practitioner.

Willie's father is inclined to believe that his son is a striking and unusual example of hereditary influence and adaptation, concerning which there has been much speculation, but about which we have little real knowledge. Dr. Owen himself comes from a family of physicians. For three generations the Owen family on the paternal side have been graduated physicians and surgeons. There have been several physicians in the family of Mrs. Owen besides.

Dr. Owen first discovered his little boy's medical bent only about a year ago, when in a teasing way he repeated several long technical words and asked Willie to pronounce them. To his surprise, the little fellow found no difficulty at all in doing so. Then his father told him what the long words meant and showed him where the bones were located in his own body. Then he began to become interested in the work which his father was doing in the dissecting room. He seemed absolutely devoid of any childish terror at sight of a dead body, but listened with interest when his father made long explanations.

A short time ago Willie was taken before the Alumni association of the Rush Medical college in Chicago and put through a public "quiz" by one of the learned faculty. He answered all the questions promptly and accurately, much to the surprise of the big gathering of physicians.

IN HIS FATHER'S FOOTSTEPS.

Joseph H. Choate, Jr., Class Day Orator at Harvard.

Forty-five years ago among the salutatorians of the class of that year at Harvard was a tall, pleasant faced young man with wavy brown hair and strong features. On the commencement day program his name was given as Joseph Hodges Choate. He was a member of one of the oldest of New England families, and several of his relatives and ancestors were already famous.

The young orator of nearly half a century ago has become one of the most celebrated lawyers in the country, and at the approaching commencement exercises of Harvard university on June 24 his son, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., is to be the class day poet. Young Choate bears a strong personal resemblance to his father and evidently inherits from the latter many brilliant mental characteristics. He has the same strong, manly features which make the great lawyer so conspicuous in a courtroom, and he has much of that genial urbanity which makes his father such a welcome guest wherever he goes.

When Joseph Choate, Sr., graduated he delivered an original oration which it would be very interesting to read now, but when he was asked the other day to

JOSEPH H. CHOATE, JR.

hunt it up he protested that it had been lost years ago. He was then urged to tell what it was like and indulge in a few reminiscences concerning his college days. But Mr. Choate is not much given to reminiscences. He seldom, if ever, talks about himself for publication and he protested that his youthful effort was "just the usual thing, nothing out of the ordinary." Among his classmates were Phillips Brooks and several other men who have become well known.

Joseph Choate, Jr., [illegible] the class of [illegible]. He has been and is very popular in college circles, having taken a great interest in athletics and in the social [illegible]. It is expected that after his graduation he will devote himself to the study of law, just as his father did.

An Epitaph.

The following is suggested as an epitaph for a verdant youth who on his first visit to a city was run over by a bicycle and killed:

[illegible]

Stubborn Facts.

"Women [illegible] W. C. T. U. wife [illegible] out today putting down the rum traffic when she'd better be putting down the jam.—New York Journal.

Untroubled.

"I may have bitten off more than I can chew," [illegible] "but, thank fortune, I don't have to chew it." And it curled itself up for a six weeks' nap.—Chicago Tribune.

THE LAUREATE'S SON.

The Present Lord Tennyson Writing a Biography of His Distinguished Father.

The present Lord Tennyson and son of the late poet laureate is shortly to make his bow to the reading world as an author. He has written a complete biography of his distinguished father, and it will be brought out in this country next fall. The son has done little to claim special distinction except that he is the son of the greatest poet of the Victorian era would prevent him from dropping into obscurity.

The biography will be awaited with some interest, for the laureate lived much in seclusion, and the cold reserve which he affected made him a stranger to all but a limited circle of intimate friends. Most Englishmen know little of his personal characteristics, except that he had a very short temper and in the latter years of his life used to go prowling about his [illegible] estate on the isle of Wight armed with a stout cane, which he shook threateningly at intruders.

It is probable that the son, in writing the story of his father's life, will fail to mention some of these characteristics. It is more than likely that he will rather slight the details of the poet's family life. Such at least is the course he was advised to take by Professor Jowett, the late master of Balliol. Professor Jowett was a great friend of Tennyson's, and in a letter written to the son in 1892 he said, in speaking of the biography:

"You will not let it degrade [illegible] Tennyson's life, which has almost passed out of

THE PRESENT LORD TENNYSON.

remembrance, and those who would have most cared to read it are in their graves. It will interest the world, for something can be said of the connection and meaning of his poems. There is no need why the desire of the public for gossip about him should be satisfied. He led a dignified private life and ought not to be made a show of to the public."

Arthur Hallam, the present Lord Tennyson, was named, as is well known, after Tennyson's college chum, whose early death called forth "In Memoriam," that somewhat dreary but widely famous elegiac poem. He inherited, besides the title, the extensive estates which were earned by the poet's pen, so he can well afford to end his literary efforts with his present work and live comfortably in the shadow of his father's fame.

PREMIER OF QUEBEC.

Felix G. Marchand's Long Career In Canadian Politics.

Felix Gabriel Marchand, the new premier of Quebec, is one of the most distinguished men in that province and for many years has been prominent in the provincial government. For more than 25 years he was a member of the lower branch of the Quebec legislature and for two terms served as speaker.

Mr. Marchand is 65 years old and comes from an old Quebec family and was born in St. John's, where his father had moved early in the century. He was educated at St. Hyacinthe college and studied law, being admitted to the bar in 1855. For many years he was chief editor of Le Franco-Canadien, a paper which he founded in the Liberal interests and to which he is still a contributor. He has also done considerable in the line of literature and is the author of several dramatic pieces which are still occasionally produced. As an acknowledgment of his achievements in this direction he was chosen a member of the Royal society of Canada and the French government conferred on him the decoration of officer of public instruction.

The new premier also has something of a military record, for he was a lieutenant colonel commanding a brigade of infantry during the Fenian raids in 1870 and won special mention for his bravery during action.

But it is in the political arena that Mr. Marchand has most distinguished himself. He was first elected to the legislative assembly in 1867 and has been one

FELIX G. MARCHAND.

[illegible] returned ever since. He has [illegible] Liberal, and a few years ago had the distinction of being the only member of the opposition [illegible] striking [illegible]

Mr. Marchand [illegible] in St. John's, [illegible] several children, some of whom [illegible] distinguished.

Wife—What are the [illegible]—Yonkers Statesman.

402 WORDS A MINUTE

THAT IS THE RECORD OF THE FASTEST SHORTHAND WRITER.

The Remarkable Achievements of Isaac S. Dement, Who Writes Faster Than Most People Can Talk—A Test For Critics Who Doubted His Capabilities.

If you think you are a fast reader or a rapid speaker and have an idea that you can talk faster than any one can write, you should look up Isaac S. Dement. He is hunting for such people. Probably you have no such ambition, but there are a few budding orators, amateur elocutionists, young lawyers and boundless preachers who have an idea that they can juggle the English language at express train speed. These persons should meet Mr. Dement soon. He lives in Chicago and is a stenographer. He has the reputation of being the fastest shorthand writer in the world and has made a record of 402 words in a minute.

This record he established not long ago in a speed test which was held at Quincy, Ills. His wife read the copy to him, and he put it down in hooks, dots and curves. He had previously written 287 words in a minute and this performance not only broke his own record, but all other records. Of course there was not a little newspaper comment concerning the feat. The western papers generally accepted the truth of the statement, but some of the eastern newspapers, notably the New York Sun, unhesitatingly denounced the report as fiction. The Sun took pains to print an editorial comment in which it declared that it was not only impossible for any man to write 402 words in a minute, but that no human being could read distinctly and intelligibly that number of words in that time. The Sun also opined that no good rapid reader in that office had tried to enunciate clearly 300 words a minute and had failed. The best reader in The Sun office could pronounce but 330 words distinctly in 60 seconds and the Sun did not believe that any man in Chicago or any other part of the west could do better.

This criticism was echoed by other eastern journals, and an apparently clear case of prevarication was made out against the western journalists. Naturally the latter did not relish this, and so the other day arrangements were made by the Chicago Tribune for a speed test. When everything was ready, Mr. Dement and his wife were

ISAAC S. DEMENT.

sent for. They had not been notified beforehand and so had no chance for preparation.

Mrs. Dement was given a typewritten copy of some court proceedings and Mr. Dement was told to see if he could write more than 250 words a minute. He did it with ease. At the end of the 60 seconds he had written 312 words so distinctly that any of the expert stenographers on the committee could read his notes. He would have come nearer his own record had not a defect in the manifold copy from which his wife was reading caused her to stumble twice, making it necessary to have the sentences repeated. Her diction was not only intelligible to her husband, but was perfectly understood by the judges.

In view of all this Chicago allows itself to indulge in a satisfied smile as it surveys the utter rout and complete confusion of Mr. Dana and his subalterns on The Sun.

Mr. Dement, who thus humbled his eastern critics, has been known in Chicago for many years as the fastest shorthand writer living, and none of his acquaintances was at all surprised at his performance. He is no new hand at the business, for stenography is something which is not picked up in a few months. He has been writing shorthand ever since he was a boy, and it has taken him many years to become expert.

He was born on a farm in Missouri about 42 years ago. His proficiency may be due somewhat to a natural aptitude, but he acquired the greater part of his skill by good, hard work. You have heard of piano players who practiced four hours a day for years. That is the way Mr. Dement went about it. When he was a young man, he copied hundreds of books of fiction instead of reading them. This not only gave him practice in speed, but enlarged his vocabulary, so that now it is rarely that he runs across a word which he has never written before.

In the meantime he had mastered six or seven shorthand systems and had taken from all of them what he thought best suited to his purpose. Practically he constructed a system of his own by the simple process of elimination. Having once perfected it, the act of transcribing spoken sentences into a series of jerky pothooks became almost mechanical. He tells of an incident which illustrates this.

"I was reporting in court," he said, "but my mind was occupied with a device I was inventing. While I was taking notes with my right hand I was drawing designs with my left. I became so thoroughly absorbed in what my left hand was doing that I was startled when one of the attorneys asked me to read what the witness had said about his conversation with the defendant on the 24th of May. I had not the slightest recollection that the witness had mentioned any such date or conversation, and I looked blankly at the attorney. He wanted to know if I had not been taking notes, and I was just about to confess my negligence when my eye caught the date three or four pages back in my notebook. Greatly relieved, I read the desired paragraph."

Mr. Dement is the author of several text books on stenography, and has also invented several mechanical appliances for which stenographers find use. He does not do so much shorthand reporting now as he used to, but is ready at any moment to write against time.

MARK NORRIS.

Inexhaustible Supply.

"[illegible] has broken his promise."

"Never mind. He'll make another just as good."—Judy.

The Chorus.

[illegible]

Fort Wayne Sentinel
SATURDAY JUNE 13, 1903

FIRST SPIRIT RAPPING

Heard at Hydesville, N. Y., For Many Years Ago.

THE STORY OF THE FOX SISTERS.

SCENE OF THE FIRST SPIRIT RAPPING.

A GARRISON SCANDAL.

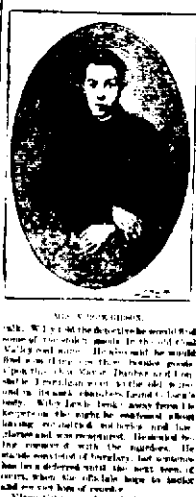
The Story of a Sensational Court Martial.

TELLS ACCOUNT OF THE DUCATE.

Lieutenant Pamford and Mrs. O'Brien Took Long Rides Together, and the Gossips Wagged Their Tongues. The Row That Caused Arranged National Interest.

[illegible]

LIEUTENANT PAMFORD AND MRS. O'BRIEN AWHEEL.



Mrs. O'Brien.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XI, SECOND QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, JUNE 13.

[illegible]

SKETCHES BY M. QUAD

[illegible]

"WHEN I AM INVITED TO DRINK I REMEMBER THE INCIDENT VERY CLEARLY."

"HE KNOWS HIS BUSINESS."
—New York Sunday World.

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

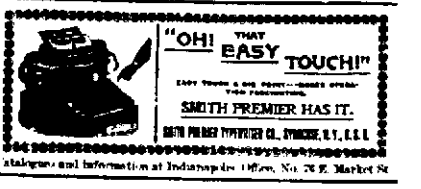
[illegible]

A Handsome Complexion
[illegible]

How did it happen

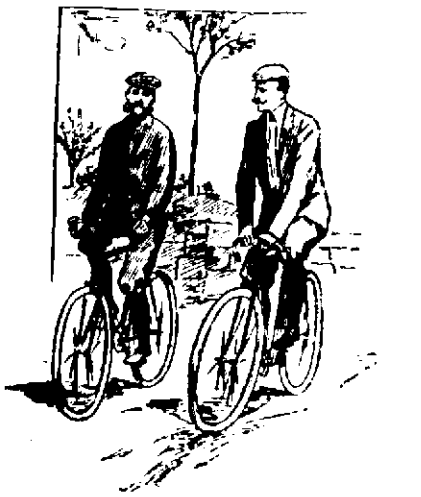
that the old-fashioned, laborious way of washing was ever given to women as her particular work? It's an imposition on her. She ought to have had only the easiest things to do—and men, strong, healthy men, ought to have taken up this washing business. Now, here is a suggestion. In those families that still stick to soap and make their washing needlessly hard and unpleasant, let the men do that work. They're better fitted for it. In the families that use Pearline (see next page) and make washing easy, let the women do it. They won't mind it at all.

Millions NOW USE Pearline



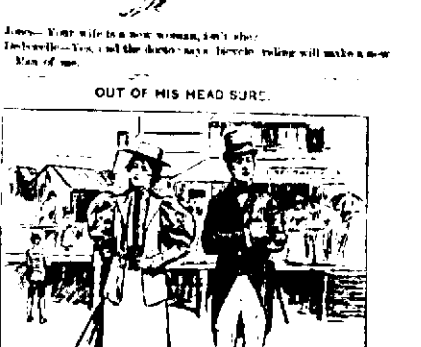
Catalogues and information at Indianapolis Office, No. 76 E. Market St.

AN UP-TO-DATE PAIR.



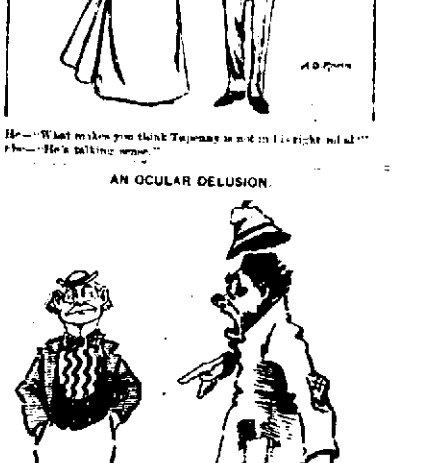
Jones—Your wife is a new woman, isn't she?
Inchwelle—Yes, and the dress says bicycle riding will make a new man of me.

OUT OF HIS HEAD SURE.

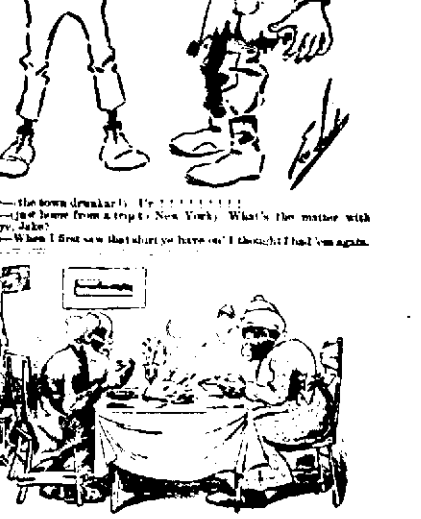


He—"What makes you think Tagaway is not in his right mind?"
She—"He's talking sense."

AN OCULAR DELUSION.



Jake—the town drunkard—"I'[illegible]"
Joe—"Just home from a trip to New York. What's the matter with you, Jake?"
Jake—"When I first saw that shirt you have on I thought I had 'em again."



A BIRD OF PRAY.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

Words of Advice and Encouragement to the Doctors.

How and Has Humbled the Professions Why Invalids Should be Cheerful Their Opportunities for Christian Ministries.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage sends out the following sermon containing words of encouragement to the medical profession. It is founded on the text

"And Asa in his disease did not seek to the Lord, but to the physicians."—2 Chronicles, xvi. 12.

At this season of the year, when medical courses of all schools of medicine are given to diplomas to young doctors, and at the capital and in many of the cities medical associations are assembling to consult about the advancement of the interests of their profession, I feel this discourse is appropriate.

In our text we king Asa, with the gout. Hight, gout, which an exercise have vitiated his blood, and severe pressure him with his inflamed and bandaged feet on an ottoman. In defiance of God, whom he hated, he sends for certain religious quacks. They come and glibly kiss his sacred boots and pomatum. They bleed him, sweat him. They manipulate him. They blister him. They poultice him. They scarify him. They drug him. They cut him. They kill him. He was only a cheap man, and had a disease which, though very painful, seldom proves fatal to a young man, and he ought to have got well; but he fell a victim to charlatanry and empiricism. "And Asa in the thirty and 9th year of his reign was diseased in his feet, until his disease was exceedingly great, yet in his disease he sought not the Lord, but to the physicians. And Asa slept with his fathers." That is, the doctors killed him.

In this sharp and graphic way the Bible sets forth the truth that you have no right to ignore God out from the realm of pharmacy and therapeutics. If Asa had said, "Oh Lord I am sick, bless the instrumentality employed for my recovery," Now, my dear, you don't get the best doctor you can find—he would have mentioned. In other words, the world wants Christ-directed physicians. There are a great many such. The diplomas they received from the medical colleges of medicine are nothing compared with the diplomas they received from the Head Physician of the universe, on the day when they started out, and He said to them, "Go heal the sick, and cast out the devils, and pain, and open the blind eyes, and stop the deaf ears" "Go! bless the diseases all the world over! and heal the hospitals, and dispensaries, and lunatic asylums, and insane asylums, and deaf-and-dumb institutions of the earth, and the asylums."

Men of the medical profession we often meet in the home of distress. We intake hands across the realm of agonized influence. We join each other in an attempt at relief where the pressure of grief comes on us, and we lean on each well to a prayer. We look into each other's sympathetic faces through the dark, as the sight of death is falling in the sick room. We do not have to climb over any barrier today in order to get each other for our sympathy. We are in full sympathy. You, doctor, are our first and last earthly friend. You stand at the gates of life when we enter this world, and you stand at the gates of death when we go out of it. In the cloudy morning of our mortality, when the hand of the wife, or mother, or sister or daughter, shall hold our right hand, it will give strength to our dying moment if we can feel the tips of your fingers along the pulse of the left wrist. We do not meet today, as on other days in houses of distress, but by the personal altars of God, and I propose a sermon of helpfulness and good cheer. As in the nursery children sometimes recount all the scenes of the sick room, so today you plan that you and Sin patient and that I am physician, and take my prescription just once. It shall be a tonic, a sedative, a diaphoretic, a diuretic, a stimulus and an anodyne at the same time. "Is there not balm in Gilead? is there not a physician there?"

In the first place, I think all the medical profession should become Christians because of the debt of gratitude they owe to God for the honor He has put upon their calling. No other calling is all the world, except it be that of the Christian ministry, has received so great honor as that given to Christ. Himself was not only preacher, but physician, surgeon, nurse, apothecary, and under His mighty power, optic and auditory nerves thrilled with light and music, and crippled limbs from its fit, and the dim foot in its straightened, and such pious went out of the stiffened tendons, and the foaming maniac became placid as a child, and the streets of Jerusalem became an extemporized hospital crowded with convalescent victims of casualty and invalidism. All eyes have wrung the garland for the doctor's brow. Homer said,

"A wise physician, skilled our wounds to heal, Is more than armies to the public weal."

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If we who are laymen in medicine would understand what the medical profession has accomplished for the nine, let us look into the dungeons where the poor creatures used to be incarcerated. Bedlam, chained naked to the wall. A hawk, or crack or stone thrown at every wandering poor. Lunatics tormented and maligned. The most calamity of the race published with the very worst punishment. And then come and look at the rooms for lunatics of Ulsa and Kelgolin, refined, and pictured, libraried, concerted, and all the arts and accompaniments come to bear upon the cure. In asylums for the insane. Look at Kendal Green, Dr. Great lover of mankind. Four thousand people annually dying in Europe from the smallpox, look for that but the Dr. Jenner's discovery with vaccine from a cow, the great scourge of nations, was in general. The minister of the trade of disease and vaccination; small pox exterminated. Inhaled disease as riding on a gust of pressure in on the lungs of a man. And great pains to prove that in their opinion that as the diseases of the trade creation would be transplanted into the homes family, and they gave instances where they said actually horses had come out on the foreheads of innocent people, and people had begun to have the cow! But Dr. Jenner the hero of medicine, mention fighting for vaccination and it has been estimated that one doctor, in fifty years, has saved more than that all the battles of any one century destroyed.

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Now what this profession has done for human longevity. There was such a fearful subtraction from human life that there was a prospect that within a few centuries this world would be left a desolate wilderness. When started with a whole eternity of earthly existence before him; but he cut off the most of it and only comparatively few years were left—only 70 years of life and 4 years 60, and then six and then 200, and then 100, and then 50 and then the average of human life commes on, and then it dropped to 35. But medical science came in, and now the twentieth century the average of human life has come from 35 to 70 years. It will continue to rise until the average of human life will be 80, and it will be 90, and it will be 70, and it will have no right to die before 80, and the employers of health will be literally fulfilled "The child shall die an hundred years old." The millenium for the souls of men will be the millennium for the bodies of men. Sin done, disease will be done. The great hand of God and physics get through with their work at the same time.

But it seems to me that the most beautiful benediction the medical profession has been dropped upon the poor. No sermon now for anyone's sick bed—no ministry of consolation—no hospitals and infirmaries everywhere under the control of the best doctors, none of them poorly paid, none of them not paid at all. A half-starved woman comes from the low tenement house to the dispensary, and professors in the rags from her babe, a bundle of sleep, and medicine, and position, and over that little sufferer hands the accumulated wisdom of the ages from Eucalipus down to last week's medical journal. In one dispensary, in one year, 100,000 prescriptions were issued. Why do I show you what God has allowed this profession to do? Is it to stir up pot vanity? Oh, no. The day has gone by for pompous doctors with pomatum, gold headed canes and powdered wigs, which were the accompaniments in the days when the hacker used to carry through the streets of London Dr. Hecklebody's wig to the admiration and awe of the people. Blessed way, here comes Dr. Brooklyn's wig. No, I announce these things not only to increase the appreciation of laymen in regard to the work of physicians, but to stir up the hearts of the members of the medical profession a feeling of gratitude to God that they have been allowed to put their hand to such a magnificent work, and that they have been called into such illustrious company. Have you never felt a spirit of gratitude for the opportunities in you not and feel thankful now? Then I am afraid, dear, you are not a true man, and that the old proverb which I quote to you in Bible version may be appropriate to you "Physician heal thyself."

Another reason why I think the medical profession ought to be Christian is because there are so many trials and sorrows and difficulties in your work. Why, I know it is now be a grand thing to walk intelligently among the mysteries of human life, and with anatomic skill pass yourself on the nerves and fibres which cross and recross this wonderful physical system. I suppose a skilled engineer is more beautiful even in mathematics than an architect can be in your art, in any of his structures, though it be the triumph of arch and plinth, and column. But how many annoyances and trials the medical profession have. In Kansas good to say, in Massachusetts, in all the state and aforegoing come to mean medical reason, to assume fore-thinn. Look at Kendal Green Dr. Great lover of mankind. Four thousand people annually dying in Europe from the smallpox, look for that but the Dr. Jenner's discovery with vaccine from a cow, the great scourge of nations, was in general. The minister of the trade of disease and vaccination; small pox exterminated. Inhaled disease as riding on a gust of pressure in on the lungs of a man. And great pains to prove that in their opinion that as the diseases of the trade creation would be transplanted into the homes family, and they gave instances where they said actually horses had come out on the foreheads of innocent people, and people had begun to have the cow! But Dr. Jenner the hero of medicine, mention fighting for vaccination and it has been estimated that one doctor, in fifty years, has saved more than that all the battles of any one century destroyed.

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The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897.

A REMARKABLE FEAT.

Crossing the Channel of Impressionism in a Gondola.

[illegible]

FASHIONS OF NEW YORK

The Revived Popularity of Accordion Plaiting.

SUN PLAITING IS SOMETHING NEW

All Sorts of Pretences Used Lately Vanished Last Season—Fashions Vagary Novelties In Summer Goods—The New Trimmings.

[illegible]

REVILED HIS ADMIRERS.

A Wandering Minstrel Made a Sensation in Congress.

[illegible]

A SIREN IN MARBLE.

Captain Smith Will Immortalize a Woman—and be a Lonely Love.

[illegible]

HE TURNS ON THE GAS.

The Queer Mania of a Midnight Marauder in San Francisco.

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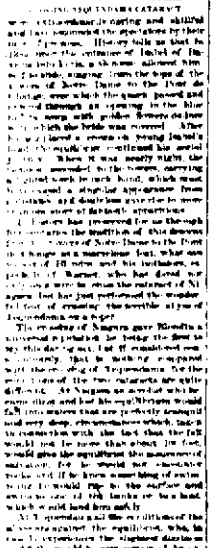
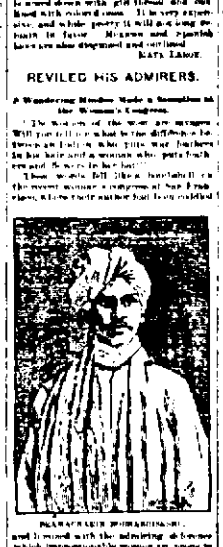
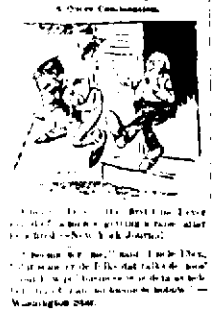
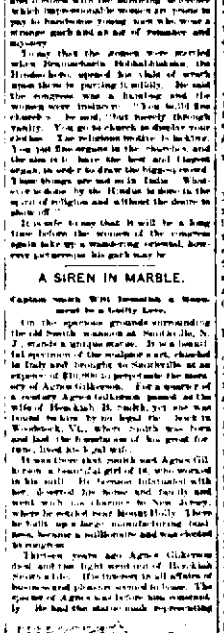
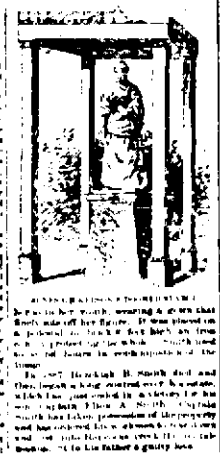










900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAM'L PITCHER

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverish ness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. NEW YORK.

At 4 months old 35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, Bears the Fac-simile Signature —OF— Chas. H. Fletcher. ON THE WRAPPER OF EVERY BOTTLE.

THE KIND YOU HAVE ALWAYS BOUGHT.

HIRONS' VEGETONE.

It can be Procured at Vogt Bros.'s.

The Effective Vegetable Cure For Constipation, Indigestion, Malaria, Liver, Kidneys, Nervous Prostration and Headache.

The Hirons Double Treatment for Catarrh and Hay Fever.

The Hirons New Antiseptic Cough Cure for Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, Throat and Lung Troubles.

Vegetone is purely vegetable in its composition. It is a reliable and permanent cure for diseases of the liver and kidneys, constipation, chills, malarial fever, loss of appetite, and a sure and effectual cure for headache and dyspepsia.

Vegetone acts by giving tone to the stomach, strengthening the liver and kidneys, and assists these most important organs in throwing off the impurities in the blood. Every person, in the spring of the year, needs a good, safe tonic for the purpose of ridding the system after a winter of inactivity, and Vegetone will produce the desired effects, being purely vegetable and a mild, pleasant laxative, thus throwing off the bile from the stomach, producing new vigor.

CATARRH.

One of the most troublesome and dangerous diseases known to mankind, can in the large majority of cases, be permanently cured. Many who were victims to that disease have been cured, and many more are being cured. Double treatment for Catarrh does its work effectually; clearing it out of the head, drying it out of the blood, where it exists, and ever will exist, unless the breath destroying variants eradicated from the system. Cures it. For it is good only a moment's comfort, but a perpetual message to life. Use the New Asthma and Cough Cure as the blood purifier, and the Speedy Catarrh Cure for the nasal treatment for Catarrh, and soon those troublesome and distressing symptoms will disappear. The constant dropping of the mucous into the throat, and the pain in the head will cease. The hearing, sight, smell, and taste will be restored.

HAY FEVER.

Hay Fever, or Hay Asthma as it is often called, is a combination of Bronchial and Nasal affections. The immediate cause and source of irritation being of external origin, at least during its trials, during the months of May, June and August. The pollen of hay, dried grasses and ragweed comes in contact with the nasal and bronchial membranes, involving all the air passages, causing immediate irritation, frequently disabling persons afflicted therewith. The great discomfort and suffering, say nothing of the loss of life caused by this terrible disease, may be avoided by using Hirons Double Treatment, which is a sure, safe and permanent cure. Commence using the medicine at once, and get your system in condition to resist the effect of these agencies upon the mucous membrane, thereby keeping the tissues in a healthy condition.

ASTHMA.

Asthma is a contraction of the nerves connected with the lungs, and is produced by three causes. First, by sympathetic action of mucous membrane. Second, an abnormally sensitive nerve center, and third, by an external irritant. With all three of these factors simultaneously, an attack of Asthma is produced. The disease often arises from heart trouble, nasal catarrh and dyspepsia. Some of the symptoms, short, quick, difficult breathing, wheezing, with spasm of coughing and suffocation. Asthma is supposed by some to be incurable, but the use of a few bottles of Hirons New Asthma and Cough Cure will prove to the contrary.

A Hay-Fever Victim Made Happy.

[illegible]

EXCURSIONS TO PITTSBURG

[illegible]

WHERE MINES GROW.

[illegible]

"THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD" OR OUR SAVIOUR IN ART

[illegible]

J. C. PELTIER,

Undertaker and Embalmer.

17 West Wayne Street.

MAJOR GENERAL BROOKE.

A Valuable Officer with a Fine Fighting Record.

Major General John R. Brooke, who has recently been promoted from the rank of brigadier general, appears every inch a soldier and has the record confirms it. He was just 23 when the civil war broke out, and entered the army in Pennsylvania. He saw much service in the Fourth Pennsylvania volunteer infantry on April 20, 1861. Less than a year later he was promoted to be captain in the Fourth Pennsylvania volunteer infantry on April 26, 1862. Less than a year later he was promoted to be colonel of the first, having in the meantime taken part in practically all of the Army of Potomac's battles. He was brevetted brigadier general of volunteers for gallantry at Gettysburg, for which he received a wound that a million dollars cannot buy, and brevetted major general for gallantry at Spotsylvania. He continued from the Army of Potomac until the end of the war, when he was mustered out of the service in the rank of major general of volunteers. He entered from the regular army with the rank of lieutenant colonel. He was assigned to the seventeenth infantry and for many years served at western and southwestern posts. During the latter years of 1897 he was sent with his regiment to Sioux City, Iowa, after which duty he was transferred to Montana. In 1879 he was promoted to colonel and assigned to the department of the Platte. He took an active part in the Sioux outbreak of 1890 and 1891 and was present at some of the exciting scenes which occurred in the vicinity of the Pine Ridge agency.

In 1894 Colonel Brooke was assigned to the command of the department of Dakota and left his headquarters in St. Paul. He stated there until about two months ago, when he took command of the department of Missouri and during the absence of General Miles and Merritt placed by was called to Washington where he was practically in charge of the whole army.

PRESIDENT'S SUMMER HOME

To Spend the Long Days at Cheney Farm in Virginia.

While in a sense Washington is delightful in summer it is a good place to get away from. Not only all the residents of the capital city can do so. An exception throughout is reason in season until well into the hot months. President McKinley will be one of the unfortunates this year, but he has made arrangements to get out for one of the days as possible during the summer day more and so I'll be near enough to permit outlined meetings and he will be able to spend a few days from congress. He has chosen for his summer residence an estate located about seven miles north-west of Washington and known as the Cheney farm, which is a beautiful place of about 300 acres.

Cheney Farm is a most picturesque and pleasant place which will give the President no cause to complain of his summer home. It is reached by a carriage road which leads from the town road about half a mile below the village of Indian. This has in one of the most features of the place. It is full of ravines and turns and curves and rocks. If the president drives over it very much this summer he will have to repair the road. The summer stands well back from the road and is surrounded by a fine lawn. Fruit orchard is on the same hundred

COLONY FARM.

of peach, cherry, pear and apple trees. The house is a model of architecture, for originally it was an old fashioned farmhouse, but has been remodeled and modernized to some extent. It is two stories in height and on all sides extend porches which look out upon the lawn.

The farm consists of the house, a handsome stable, and about 300 acres. The farm is kept up in good shape. The President's family will be accompanied by the wife of President McKinley, who is a great lover of the country. Mrs. McKinley will be accompanied by her sister, Miss Mary Saxton, who is a great favorite in Washington society. The President's family will be accompanied by the wife of President McKinley, who is a great lover of the country. Mrs. McKinley will be accompanied by her sister, Miss Mary Saxton, who is a great favorite in Washington society.

FREE TO EVERY MAN.

THE METHOD OF A GREAT TREATMENT

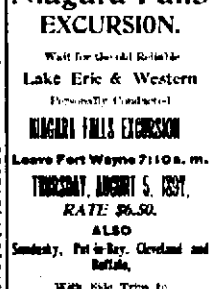
WHICH STRED HIM AFTER EVERYTHING ELSE FAILED.

Painful diseases are bad enough but when a man is slowly wasting away with nervous weakness, the mental turbulence may sow some seeds that the most severe pain. Thereby he let up to the mental suffering day or night. Sleep is almost impossible and under such a strain men are seemingly responsible for what they do. For years the writer rolled and turned on the troubled sea of nervous weakness until it was a question whether he had not better take a dose of poison and thus end all his troubles. But providential inspiration came to him and in the shape of a combination of medicine that not only completely restored his general health but enlarged his weak, emaciated parts to natural size and vigor and he now declares that any man who will take the trouble to send his name and address may have the prescription of this wonderful remedy free. Now when I say free I mean absolutely without cost because I want every weak man to get the benefit of my experience.

I am not a philanthropist nor do I pose as an enthusiast but there are thousands of men suffering the mental torture of weakness and manhood who would be cured at once could they but get such a remedy as the one that cured me. Send me your name and address today. Do not try to study out how I was cured to pay the few pennies stamps necessary to send me an envelope but send for the remedy and leave that there are a few things on earth that although they cost nothing to get they are worth a fortune to some men and mean a life time of happiness to some of us. Write to Thomas Slater, Box 230, Kalamazoo, Mich., and the information will be mailed in a plain sealed envelope.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.



FREE TO BALD HEADS.

LAKE ERIE & WESTERN R. R.

...ALL RAIL...

Niagara Falls EXCURSION.

Wait for the old Reliable Lake Erie & Western Personally Conducted

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSION

Leave Fort Wayne 7:10 a. m.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 5, 1897.

RATE $6.50.

ALSO

Sandusky, Put-in-Bay, Cleveland and Buffalo,

With Side Trips to

Lewiston, Toronto, Thousand Islands, Etc.

For tickets, rate, time and complete information, call on any ticket agent of the above route, or address

C. F. DALY,

General Passenger Agent, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Trains Run by Central Time

Trains depart from Pennsylvania Station, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

[illegible]

WABASH RAILROAD.

Trains from Fort Wayne as follows.

[illegible]

NIGHT BALL

Globe CHALLENGE SALE

Will again be inaugurated by us to begin to clear out our first and second purchases of Men's, Boys' and Children's Spring Clothing. Our past method of conducting our "CHALLENGE SALE" is all the guarantee the fair minded people of Fort Wayne need that no other firm in this city will offer them such choice styles, in High Grade Clothing at our challenge prices.

"As usual this sale will draw us heavy trade, so before the best styles are gone come in and make your selections.

Men's and Boys' All Wool Suits in Cassimeres, Scotch Plaid Cheviots, that sold at $7.00 to $7.50. CHALLENGE PRICE... **$5.65**

Men's and Boys' All Wool Suits, Newest Effects, Plain and Plaid that sold at $8.00 to $8.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... **$7.35**

Men's and Boys' Novelty Styles Suits, Mostly Exclusive Patterns, sold at $10.00 to $12.50, CHALLENGE PRICE... **$9.65**

MEN'S SUITS, Equal to the Best Merchant Tailors' Work in fit and style, that sold at $15 to $20, CHALLENGE PRICE.... **$13.75**

CHILD'S SUITS in Double Breasted, or Reefer Styles, ages from 3 to 14, that sold at $1.00 to $1.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... **83c**

CHILD'S SUITS, Milays, Reefers or Double Breasted, 3 to 14, that sold at $2.00 and $2.50, CHALLENGE PRICE... **$1.38**

Child's Suits, all styles, that sold at $3.00 & $3.50, CHALLENGE PRICE... **$2.65**
Those that sold at $4.00 and $4.50, CHALLENGE PRICE... **$3.15**

Child's Suits that sold at $5.00 and $6.00, CHALLENGE PRICE... **$3.35**
Those that sold at $6.50 to $8.50, CHALLENGE PRICE.... **$4.75**

Men's and Boys' Pants worth $1.00, CHALLENGE PRICE 50c.
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $1.50, CHALLENGE PRICE 98c.
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $2.00, CHALLENGE PRICE $1.38
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $2.50, CHALLENGE PRICE $1.85
Men's and Boys' Pants, worth $4 and $3.54, CHALLENGE PRICE $2.25

Child's Knee Pants, worth 25c, CHALLENGE PRICE 14c.
Child's Pants, worth 50c, CHALLENGE PRICE 25c.
Child's Pants, worth 75c, CHALLENGE PRICE 49c.

Come and see what special values you can buy for

25 Cents

of any of the following articles:

Suspenders, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Balbriggan Underwear, Working Shirts, Unlaundried Shirts, Belts, Straw Hats, Caps, Child's Blouse Waists, Boys' Henry Cotton Sweaters and many more articles too numerous to mention in this ad.

Come and see what you can buy during this Challenge Sale in

High Grade Hats and Furnishing Goods...

Manhattan Shirts, colored bosom, white bodies, that sold at $1.50 and $2, CHALLENGE PRICE $1.15
Yeoman Hats, agency price $5, CHALLENGE PRICE $4.50
Many more articles in high-class Haberdashery and Hats marked down.

Do not miss Our great Challenge Sale If you need Anything for Yourself and boys.

The most complete Men's, and Boys' outfitters in Fort Wayne.

Coupons issued with every sale for the useful Furniture which we are giving away.

BESIDE THE SAD SEA WAVES.

Cholly—"Ignorance is bliss."
Maude—"Then you should be supremely happy."

$60

Graceful—

Waverley Bicycles are pleasing to the eye. Their mechanism is perfect. What more could be wanted than the famous '96 Waverley greatly improved at such a price?

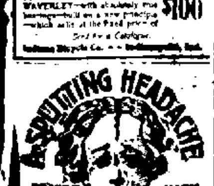
Better than them all is the 1897 WAVERLEY—with absolutely true bearings—built on a new principle—which sells at the fixed price of **$100**

Send for a Catalogue.
Indiana Bicycle Co. - - Indianapolis, Ind.

A GRAND CLIMAX.

1—Teacher—"Now children, let us give three cheers for the kind gentleman who has permitted us to occupy this beautiful grove today, and then we will disperse to our several homes, happy in—"

2—But his cane had stirred up a hornets nest, and without cheers, they dispersed to their several homes mournfully.



USE DR. KILMER'S SURE HEADACHE CURE.
MFG. AT SOUTH BEND, IND

Worth $1.00 a Tablet.

[illegible]
For sale by Gross & Pellens, 98 Calhoun St.

its employes. If an advertising program is being gotten up, it is a private enterprise in which those having in hand the management of the excursion are not interested.

SHOP MENTION.

Joseph Studer, Nickel Plate engineer, is taking a few days' rest.

The Pennsylvania pay car will be in this city next Wednesday morning.

Henry Dryer, an employe of the Pittsburg shops, is sick and off duty.

Nickel Plate engine 97 has been sent to the shops for a general overhauling.

A. Girard, of the Pittsburg blacksmith shop, is off duty on account of the death of a friend.

Geo. W. Bonus, traveling freight agent of the Queen and Crescent, is registered at the Wayne.

Frank Boldin, of Pana, Ill., an electric light man, is here to select some lamps for the Pana plant.

Emanuel Zorbaugh, machinist at the Pittsburg shops, has gone to Pennsylvania to visit his aged mother.

R. M. Shaw, the St. Louis representative of the Electric corporation, is here on business with the local officials.

Ed F. Klotz, of Van Wert, Ohio, is in the city to remain over Sunday. He is an agent of S. F. Bowser & Co.

Superintendent P. S. O'Rourke, of the Grand Rapids and Indiana road, is confined to his home by a very painful carbuncle.

The report that the Norfolk and Western contemplates a 10 per cent. reduction in the wages of the employes is officially denied.

Indications point to a big crowd of strangers in the city tomorrow, when excursion trains will be run on the Pittsburg and Wabash roads.

Nickel Plate engine 55, just out of the shops, has re-entered the freight service with George Dunann at the throttle and Joe Harber at the scoop and pick.

I. C. Allen, bridge inspector for the Grand Rapids and Indiana railway, will arrive in the city today to spend Sunday with his son, George H. Allen.

John Miller, boxmaker for Rhinesmith & Simonson, has resumed work, after being quarantined two weeks. One of his children had diphtheria.

General Manager L. F. Loree, of the Pennsylvania company, will pass through the city tomorrow morning, on No. 6, bound for his home in Pittsburg.

John Michael, a machinist employed in the Lake Shore round house, had some fingers so badly crushed last evening that amputation of one or more of them may be necessary.

Every passenger coach, baggage car, parlor car and dining car of the Royal Blue line, between Washington and New York, has been repainted and refurnished during the past six months.

The Christian Endeavor business from this territory is going to be enormous. If present indications point in the right direction. It is believed that there will be at least 200 tickets sold at this point.

Randolph Breese, the unfortunate Pittsburg machinist who had a finger amputated a short time ago, will go to Bellefont, Pa., to remain with his parents until he is able to resume his duties in the shops.

Foremen Hugh Boone and Lionel Petgen, of the Pittsburg shops, have returned from a business trip to Chicago. Mr. Petgen brought with him a new bicycle, which he will soon be riding on our streets.

J. F. Courson, general foreman, and J. E. Eyman, master painter, of the Pittsburg division of the Pennsylvania railroad, are the guests of the local railway officials today. The gentlemen reside in Walls, Pa.

J. A. Holsworth, of the Pittsburg planing mills, is off duty looking after some affairs in which he and a most estimable young lady of New Haven are the most interested parties. The marriage will take place next Tuesday.

Superintendent of Motive Power G. L. Potter, of the Pennsylvania, who is attending the Master Car Builders' association's meeting at Old Point Comfort, has been made chairman of a committee to determine the proper gauge of wheels for the standard American track of four feet, eight and one half inches. A

KILLED BY THE CARS

Michael Wagner Struck by a Pennsylvania Train.

The Ladies' Auxiliary of the B. of L. E. Preparing for a Picnic—Notice, Shop and Yard.

Michael Wagner, a farmer residing near Delphos, Ohio, was struck and instantly killed by Pennsylvania train No. 6 this morning. He was driving into the town in his buggy and did not heed the warning whistle of the engine as he was about to cross the tracks. The deceased was seventy-three years old.

THE RECEIVER RESIGNS.

A change in the receivers of the Fort Wayne, Terre Haute and Southwestern railroad was accomplished in a very brief space of time yesterday afternoon. The receiver in charge, appointed about a year ago, was Frank P. Welch. He grew tired of his job, which was not of the most remunerative character, and through Attorney Kappes of Terre Haute he yesterday petitioned Judge Baker to relieve him of the position, showing by a report of the master in chancery that his accounts were square and that he had discharged the trust imposed on him without fault. The judge discharged him and appointed in his place Frank L. Wimer, who was suggested by the complainant. The latter's appointment will take effect upon the filing of a bond for $10,000. This is one of the few instances on record of a receiver resigning his position.

WILL HOLD A PICNIC.

At a regular meeting of the ladies' auxiliary to the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers yesterday, it was decided to have a picnic at Robison park, Tuesday, June 29, and the ladies want all their friends to remember the date and go. They will send invitations to the lodges at Huntington, Bellevue and Garrett. No doubt there will be a large attendance. All members of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and their families are invited and expected to be in attendance.

TO CORRECT A FALSE IMPRESSION.

It having come to the notice of the Pennsylvania excursion committee that advertising is being solicited from the business men of this city for an excursion program under the impression that this program was being gotten out by the committee and that the net receipts therefrom were to be applied towards defraying the expenses of the excursion and picnic, THE SENTINEL has been requested to say that any such statements are unauthorized by the committee who are not engaged in any advertising scheme whatever. The coming shopmen's excursion is a free affair, given by the company to

The United States Government officially reports,

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Superior to all others in leavening strength.

(Bulletin 13, Ag'l Dept., p. 599.)

portion of the tracks of the Cincinnati and Muskingum railroad have been selected as the place for holding the meeting and making the tests.

Ten years ago the running time from Cincinnati to Chicago over the Big Four was twelve hours, and that of freight trains thirty-two hours; now the White special makes the run in eight hours, and freight trains make the run in sixteen hours.

All of the interested roads have agreed to make a low rate into Chicago for the ceremonies incidental to the unveiling of the Logan monument on July 22. A rate of one fare for the round trip will be made from all points within two hundred miles of Chicago.

The Erie management has ordered that its shops commence running nine hours a day, and at the shops at Huntington, Ind., twenty men who were dismissed a few weeks ago have been re-employed. In the car repairing department, especially are the men busy.

Cashier J. J. McCracken, Ticket Receiver J. C. M Baker and Medical Examiner E. F. Wagner, of the Pennsylvania, have safely returned from a fishing expedition to Pike lake bearing thirty small sunfish which, judging from appearance, had been on ice several days.

A stone wall almost a mile in length with an average height of eighteen feet, has been built along Second avenue, in Pittsburg, by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company. This is part of the half million dollar improvement that the company is making at that point.

Engineer Theodore Gould, of the Pittsburg, has gone to Fostoria, Ohio, in response to a telegram informing him of the death of his brother, Frederick Gould, which occurred in that city last night. Mr. Gould was shocked by the receipt of the message, as he was not aware of the illness of his brother.

Bellevue Gazette: "General Superintendent A. W. Johnson, of Cleveland, Division Superintendent W. L. Blair and Trainmaster Mitchner, of Conneaut, Division Superintendent C. D. Gorham and Trainmaster S. K. Blair of Fort Wayne, Nickel Plate officials, held a meeting in this city on Wednesday."

It is stated that there are over four thousand books out, sold by the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking Valley road, most of which were sold to scalpers at $15. The refusal of several roads to accept this mileage means a loss to many innocent parties, people who never will use the mileage on the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking Valley. It is stated that there is so much of a scare over the matter that it is probable that the interchangeable mileage of some of the other roads in the hands of receivers may receive similar notice to that given the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking Valley, as receivers can do as they please about paying for such mileage when sent in.

Strawberries 5c quart, $1.50 bushel at The Greatest Grocery.

Milwaukee and Return—Low Rate.

On July 3, 4 and 5, account National Educational Association meeting, the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets at all its stations to Milwaukee, Wis., and return, at half fare, plus $2.00. Tickets good for return, leaving Milwaukee until August 31st. Apply to ticket agents or write to A. J. Smith, G. P. and T. A., Cleveland, O., for pamphlet of information about this and other cheap excursions. 12 15 19 22 26 29

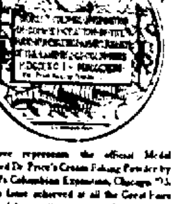
Lost.

Strayed from 77 West Wayne a St. Bernard bitch; ten months old, orange color, with white blazing; goes by the name of Joe. A suitable reward will be given for returning to 77 West Wayne St. 5tf

4th July Excursions.

On July 3, 4 and 5 the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets at half rates at all its stations to points within 200 miles of selling station, good returning until July 6th inclusive. 12 15 19 22 26 29

DR. PRICE'S



Above represents the official Medal awarded Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder by World's Columbian Exposition, Chicago '93.

The fame achieved at all the Great Fairs rests solely on its merits as the strongest, purest and best of all the baking powders and truly stamps Dr. Price's as

—The foremost baking powder in all the world

HOSTILE NATIVES

Attack British Troops at the Town of Simla.

Two Officers and Twenty-five Privates Killed and Three Officers and Twenty-five Men Wounded.

BOMBAY, June 12.—A dispatch received here from Simla, the residence of the Indian government officials during the heated periods of the year, announces serious trouble on the northern frontier and the massacre of a number of British officers and native soldiers in the government employ. From the particulars obtainable at present it seems that two guns belonging to a Bombay mounted battery, escorted by three hundred men belonging to the First regiment of Sikhas and the First Punjab infantry, were treacherously attacked in the Tochi valley by a large force of hostile natives. The first report said that Colonel Bunny, two officers and twenty five privates had been killed and that three officers and twenty-five men had been wounded. In addition, numbers of mules and horses are reported killed. Indications are that the affair is more than a mere conflict with warlike natives and that the notorious Mullah of Powindah is at the bottom of the trouble. The latest advices are that a political officer, Mr. McGee, was visiting Shiram with an escort of troops when he was attacked at Maiza by vastly superior forces. The British troops were compelled to retreat and were followed for several miles by overwhelming numbers of the enemy. The fighting was desperate. All the British officers were severely wounded. Captain Browne, of the first Sikhas, a son of the late Sir James Browne, and Lieutenant Cruikshank, of the Royal Artillery, were killed and Surgeon Higginson, Lieutenant Higginson, of the First Sikhas, and Lieutenant Seaton-Browne, of the Punjaut infantry were wounded. The second dispatch does not mention the death of Colonel Bunny, but from the fact that it says that Colonel Gray, from Mirinshah, has taken command of the British forces engaged, it is inferred that Colonel Bunny is also among the dead, as at first announced.

Tochi Valley lies north of Gumal and on the road to Ghuzni and Waziristan. It has been controlled by the British since the delimitating of the Indo-Afghan frontier, but the tribes there have always been turbulent and fear is felt lest the other tribes rise against the British.

The Mullah of Powindah is well known to the British Indian authorities. He is a notorious fanatical priest, and has always been hostile to British influence. Owing to an attempt which the Mullah recently made to stir up a rebellion, he was expelled from British territory. This caused him to be deserted by his own people, and he has since lived in Afghanistan and is understood to have been actively plotting against the British. While Col. A. H. Turner, the British commissioner was engaged in 1894 in delimitating the Indo-Afghan frontier, his camp at Wano was attacked on November 3 of that year by a large force of Waziri tribesmen. The British lost about twenty private soldiers and twenty camp followers were killed before the Wiziris were repulsed. The latter left over 250 dead on the field.

REFORMATORY SALARIES.

Suit to Test the Law to be Appealed to the Supreme Court.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 12.—The suit involving the right of the board of managers of the Jeffersonville Reformatory to pay salaries out of the receipts of the institution will be appealed to the supreme court. The contention of the state auditor is that the institution has no right to pay salaries out of receipts until after the beginning of the next fiscal year, November 1, when the new appropriation of $65,000 a year for the reformatory will be available. He holds that it was not intended by the legislature that the institution should receive the old appropriation of $85,000 a year, and at the same time pay the salaries out of the earnings of the institution. The state officers, as a rule, express the belief that the legislature made a mistake when it set the precedent of allowing an institution to pay salaries out of earnings. "It is a pernicious practice," said one state officer, "and ought never to be permitted. Under such a law the institution is not responsible to any one. The next legislature ought by all means change the law so as to make the salaries payable through the state auditor's office, as all other salaries are payable."

MAY LYNCH HIM.

Citizens Disgusted With the Jury in the Foley Case.

When the Twelve Men Disagree the Mob Holds a Session, But Arrives at No Conclusion.

LIBERTY, Mo., June 12.—After once reporting a disagreement and being sent out again to deliberate, the jury in the Foley double murder case reported a second time that they were unable to reach a verdict. They were discharged and Judge Broaddus set the second trial for the fall term. The crowd of spectators were visibly disappointed when the jury disbanded and after court adjourned there was some talk of lynching the prisoner. It is believed, however, that no trouble will result. Foley was much relieved at the turn the case had taken and confidently expressed the opinion that he would be acquitted at the next trial.

The Greatest Grocery will give you a bargain in Strawberries this afternoon and evening. Price 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

A very enjoyable and successful surprise party was tendered Mr. and Mrs. Albert Barts, at their home at 106 Buchanan street, Thursday evening, it being the anniversary of his birth. A mandolin club furnished music for the occasion. Progressive pedro was the feature of the evening.

Half Rates—Fourth July.

Excursion tickets at half rates will be sold by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. at all stations on July 3, 4 and 5 to points within 200 miles of selling point, good returning until July 6th inclusive. 12 15 19 22 26 29

NO. 10

Homeopathic Cure for

Weak Stomach.

Squeamishness.

A squeamish or easily turned stomach is settled by No. 10.

A weak or easily nauseated stomach is strengthened by No. 10.

A sour stomach is sweetened by No. 10.

Dyspepsia is cured by No. 10.

Indigestion yields to No. 10.

Heart burn disappears before No. 10.

You have tried "77" for Grip and Colds, now try No. 10 for Dyspepsia.

Use Specific No. 3 for Teething, Colic, Crying, Wakefulness of Infants.

All druggists, or sent for 25c. 50c or $1.
MEDICAL BOOK.—Dr. Humphreys' Homeopathic Manual of all Diseases mailed free.
Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William and John Sts., New York.

LE BRUN'S G & G CURE FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00. Sold only by

For sale by Gross & Pellens, 98 Calhoun street, [illegible] Berry street, corner Clinton street.

TRUTH WINS!

THE FRIAR FRANCIS Blood Purifier and SYSTEM TONIC, KING of BLOOD PURIFIERS.

The Greatest World Ever Known [illegible]

CURES SYPHILIS, SCROFULA, ECZEMA, FEVER SORES, RHEUMATISM, OVARIAN TUMORS, CATARRH,

and all Blood and Skin diseases, hereditary or acquired. STUBBORN CASES SOLICITED. Not for Sale at Drug Stores.

Shipped direct to patient, with full directions, by express prepaid, for $2. Send for descriptive circular. Read the wonders of cures. One bottle convinces. Write to

FRIAR MEDICINE CO., 58 Euclid Av. Cleveland, O.

F. M. SMITH & CO.,

Headquarters For

Lawn Mowers.

Continential, New Quaker City, Run Easy LAWN MOWERS.

Don't buy until you have seen them.

F. M. SMITH & CO.

22 Calhoun Street.

LOST.

LOST.—[illegible]

THE LEADER

19 and 21 West Main Street.

Refrigerators, all kinds, $8.00 and up.
Screen Doors, with hinges, 75c and up.
Lawn Mowers, 1 to 18 inch, something fine.
Quaker Bicycles, the best in the city.
Rubber Lawn Hose, 8c per foot and up.
Ice Cream Freezers, White Mountain, Arctic and Ohio. The Ohio Freezers are something fine. White Mountain cannot be beat.
Tin and Slate Roofing.
Gravel Roofing, etc.
Tin and Galvanized Iron Spouting.
Good Butcher Knives 10c.
Screen Wire Cloth, all widths.
Wire Lawn Fence, all heights, also Wire Field Fence.
Garden Rakes, Hoes, Shovels and Spades,
Washing Machines, Self-wringing mop pails. You do not have to put your hands in the water to wring the mop.
17 qt. Dish Pans 10c. Gas and Gasoline Stoves, etc., etc.

Seavey Hardware Co.,

19 and 21 West Main St

WANTED.

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 125 West Jefferson street.

WANTED—House cleaning of any kind. 54 Brown [illegible] Walters street. 11tf

WANTED—A position as bookkeeper. John D. Widmann, 123 West Washington street.

WANTED—A good girl for general housework in small family at 125 North Calhoun street. 11t2

WANTED—Salesman, [illegible] Brown Brothers Co., Chicago.

WANTED—A competent lady to take charge of a set of books and act as cashier. [illegible] Address Box 7, this office. 11t2

WANTED—To rent or lease [illegible] Address Jas. G. Ryan, Rockvale, O. 6-12

WANTED—Two young men to learn the merchant tailoring business. [illegible] The Three Little Tailors, 9 Harrison street. 11t2

WANTED—Agents. For useful novelty [illegible] Boston, Massachusetts.

WANTED—Salesmen in every district [illegible] Chicago.

WANTED—Two summer boarders in front room [illegible] 11t2

WANTED—Agents. We manufacture [illegible] Chicago.

WANTED—Eastern manufacturing house [illegible] Fort Wayne, Ind. 1tf

WANTED—Young man, well recommended, [illegible] Co., 131 [illegible] Chicago.

WANTED—Everywhere men to advertise [illegible] The [illegible] Co., Chicago.

WANTED—Young man about 20, who understands stenography and has some knowledge of bookkeeping [illegible] 11t2

WANTED—High-grade man or woman of good church standing to act as local manager [illegible] A. T. Elder, General Manager, care Daily Sentinel. 3tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A furnished front room. References required, at 83 W. Main st. 6tf

FOR RENT—One large, nicely furnished front room, first floor, centrally located. Inquire 95 West Jefferson street.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, modern conveniences; finest location in the city. Inquire at 98 E. Berry St. 5tf

FOR RENT—One half of newly furnished suite of offices [illegible] Inquire at No. 18 Fisher & Brown block. 11tf

FOR RENT—With or without board, two well furnished rooms, one a large front room, suitable for two. 25 West Lewis street. 12t

FOR RENT—Two Furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping, and one front room, with modern conveniences. Call 128 East Wayne. 5tf

FOR RENT—A five room house at 4 East Third, newly papered, [illegible] Inquire 29 West Williams. 11t2

FOR RENT—First class barn [illegible] W. Sihler, [illegible] 5tf

FOR RENT—One handsome furnished room in private family, [illegible] For particulars address [illegible] care Sentinel. 6t

FOR RENT—With board, desirable front [illegible] Address Box [illegible] care Sentinel. 10t

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room with conveniences for light housekeeping if desired. Especially suitable for two young ladies. Apply at 4 East Washington. 12t

FOR RENT—Two new houses on Grant ave. [illegible] 5tf

FOR RENT—Property No. 241 Webster street, [illegible]

FOR RENT—The handsomest flat in the city. [illegible] Wayne Produce Co., cor. Harrison and Berry. 9tf

FOR RENT—Elegant suite of rooms in the heart of the city [illegible] D. L. Foster, 57 East Berry street. 15t

FOR RENT—Second floor No. 8 East Wayne street, opposite Court House [illegible] 5tf

FOR RENT—Dwelling Nos. [illegible] Magie [illegible] 5tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two horses [illegible] Calhoun st.

FOR SALE—[illegible] Address Box [illegible] this office.

FOR SALE—[illegible] Holmes St. 5tf

FOR SALE—[illegible]

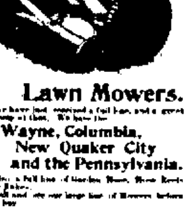
FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR TRADE—I have a large assortment of farms, ranging from 10 to 400 acres, which I will trade for city property [illegible] 11

FOUND.

FOUND—A bill of money. Owner can have same by calling at 58 West Main street and paying for advertisement.

Lawn Mowers,



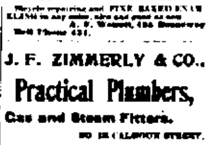
Lawn Mowers.

We have just received a full line, and a great variety of them. We have the **Wayne, Columbia, New Quaker City and the Pennsylvania.**

Also a full line of Garden Hose, Hose Reels and Rakes.
Call and see our large line of Mowers before you buy.

Pfeiffer & Schlatter.

PHONE 86.



Bicycle repairing and FINE ENAMELING in any color [illegible] A. F. Wessel, 186 Broadway. Bell Phone 431.

J. F. ZIMMERLY & CO.,

Practical Plumbers,

Gas and Steam Fitters.

90 [illegible] CALHOUN STREET.

YOUNG WOMEN desiring to make their home at the new

Y. W. C. A. Rooms,

49 and 51 W. Berry Street.,

Should apply at once. Miss Johnson has charge of the rooms [illegible] West Berry Street.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

MUSICAL DIRECTOR.

MRS. N. B. MATHERS,

TEACHER PIANO AND GUITAR

49 East Lewis Street.

Piano music furnished for all occasions.

DRUGGISTS.

GROSS & PELLENS, **DRUGGISTS,**

Corner Calhoun and Wayne Streets. Phone [illegible]

BANKS.

HAMILTON NATIONAL BANK.

Capital $200,000. Surplus $[illegible].

The Hamilton National Bank will pay interest at the rate of three (3) per cent. per annum on certificates of deposit [illegible]
President, Charles McCulloch.
Cashier, John Mohr, jr.

White National Bank,

CAPITAL $200,000. SURPLUS $45.000.

Pays 3 per cent interest per annum on time deposits.
Safe deposit boxes for rent at $3 per annum.

INSURANCE.

JAMES E. GRAHAM, ... LAWYER.

Abstracting [illegible]
Titles, Insurance, Collectio and Loan Agent.
Rooms [illegible] Bank Block, Fort Wayne In.

S. C. LUMBARD,

Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Aveline House Block.

D. C. FISHER.

Insurance, Real Estate, Loans.
No. [illegible] East Berry Street,
Fort Wayne, Indiana.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. S. M. SMITH

[illegible]
Special attention to Diseases of Women.
12 W. Wayne St., Fort Wayne, Ind.
BELL PHONE [illegible]

DR. B. GARD To ladies suffering from [illegible]

2 New Comers

And the Prettiest Of Them All.

32-inch Striped Linens at 18c.
Charming New Lappets at 15c.

These two new lines are going to make a peck of trouble for the salespeople at this counter, as they are going to keep them busy.

These three popular prices, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.50 are going to be placed on those splendid well lined

Figured Black Brilliantine Skirts

For to-morrow's special sale in Cloak room. They are unusual bargains, worthy immediate attention.

The Art Counter

Will exhibit to-morrow another line of those superb Porch and Couch Pillows - - 50c each.
New lines 36-inch Tinsel Draperies 15c
New lines Printed Art Denims 15c
New lines Figured Silkolenes 10c and 12 1-2c.

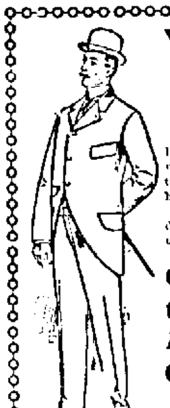
Possibilities in Floor Coverings.

This department is full of bargains, great reductions in single room lengths. Hall and Stair lengths, in all grades of Carpetings. These have all been picked out and set aside for this special clearing sale.

Root & Company.

WEAR
OUR OWN
MAKE....
--OF--
MEN'S SHOES,
TAN OR
BLACK....
M. APP,
[illegible] Calhoun Street.

All the Latest Soda Drinks
Root and Birch Beer
and Mineral Waters.
FREESE & HANKE,
88 Calhoun St.



YOUR
SUMMER
....SUIT

Is the topic of our thoughts as well as yours just now. In fact we've been thinking about it for some time and have been getting ready for you.

The result is we are showing today the finest line of high grade and up-to-date styles you ever saw.

Our Clothing is not the Ordinary, Ready Made, but Made at Our own Factory.

It is different from other clothing, we don't buy what the generality of Manufacturers make. The clothes that are turned out like shingle nails.

We select our own styles, patterns and have our Suits made to order. We dictate what shall go inside our Suits for linings and have all cloths SPONGED and SHRUNK, so we know what we are getting.

And You Know what You are Getting When You Buy of Us....

That is why there is as much Style, Fit and Character in our $10 and $12 Suits as you find in Merchant Tailor $25 and $30 Suits.

Just step in and see what we are able to do for you on your

....SUMMER SUIT....

We Make a Specialty of BICYCLE CLOTHING.

PIXLEY & CO.

The Evening Sentinel.

SATURDAY, JUNE 12, 1897

OUR TELEPHONES.

Business Office - - - - - - - No. 172.
Editorial Rooms - - - - - - - No. 400.

The Weather.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—For Indiana: Showers in south portion this afternoon; generally fair tonight and Sunday; warmer in central and north portions tonight; warmer in east portion Sunday; southerly winds.

NEWS NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Gorham are at Indianapolis.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Fox, of Huestis avenue—a boy.

Mrs. Jennie Ray Ormsley left yesterday for the east to spend the summer.

L. S. Plummer, representing the National Supply company, of Toledo, is in the city.

Oscar Lutz, a South Bend contractor, is here on business with Stewart & Co., the court house contractors.

J. S. Smith, a prominent milliner man of Cincinnati, is in the city to call upon the house of J. A. Armstrong & Co.

Adolph Wermuth, who was a student at the Fort Wayne College of Medicine, has been appointed interne at the St. Joe hospital.

S. G. Painter, a drummer of New York city, is at the Wayne. Mr. Painter witnessed the Maher-Sharkey fight. He says that Maher would have finished his opponent in one more round.

E. B. Newton, a prominent lumberman of Grand Rapids, is in the city and will be the guest of Louis Detler over Sunday. Mr. Newton is the inventor of a new system of house lighting by manufactured gas.

Oscar Gordon was in Huntington yesterday.

Tomorrow will be "children's day" at the Berry street M. E. church.

Miss Clara Graffe, of West Jefferson street, entertained at high tea last evening.

Simon Cohen, of the Hebrew Union Theological seminary at Cincinnati, is in the city for a vacation.

Miss Grace Kohler, of Columbia City, is the guest of Miss Daisy J. Jones, of 22 Brackenridge street, over Sunday.

The marriage of Louis West and Miss Maggie Geth will occur on Thursday evening at Zion's Lutheran church.

The teachers of the Miner street school are talking of celebrating the close of school by a supper at Robison park on the last day.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl Grade and Mr. and Mrs. Harry M. Geiger are now occupying the north half of the double house at 12 Webster street.

L. G. Bowman, the telephone contractor who has been doing some work for the Home Telephone company, returned to Chicago last evening.

City Y. M. C. A. Sunday, 3:30 p. m., Secretary Wight will speak to men. This is the last service Mr. Wight will be with to young men. Every man invited.

The board of public works will let a contract next week for hauling sand from the bed of Spy Run creek, near the entrance to North Side park, to Reservoir park.

Mrs. R. C. Kelley and daughter, Miss Carrie Kelley, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Costigan, of 147 Shawnee avenue. The visitors reside in Cumminsville, Ohio.

Miss Katie Braunmeyer, who has been the guest of Miss Lillie Fox for some time, will return to her home at Davenport, Iowa, next week. Miss Fox will accompany her for a brief visit.

Announcements are out for the nuptials of Warren David Calvin, M. D., and Jessie Lorena Carrithers, M. D., the ceremony having taken place last Thursday at Tolono, Ill. They will be at home after July 1 at 67 West Wayne street, this city.

The farm house of William Fitzgerald, in St. Joe township, was burned to the ground Thursday night. The fire started in the house and spread to the adjoining farm buildings, wrecking everything. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars.

Monday, June 14, the first anniversary of the opening of Robison park will be celebrated with an extra musical dance program, both afternoon and evening. The grounds will be beautifully illuminated at night and every effort will be made to make the affair a grand success.

About three car loads of excursionists went to Maxinkuckee yesterday on the high school excursion. Just before the train left the Nickel Plate depot in this city in the morning a class rush was made. A delightful day was spent and in the evening a banquet was spread at Culver college.

The Huntington News-Democrat: "Union B. Hunt, grand chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of Indiana, has appointed Mayor S. T. Cast to be deputy grand chancellor for this district for the ensuing year. The district is composed of Huntington, Allen, Whitley and Kosciusko counties and the honor conferred is no small one."

A very pleasant wedding occurred at the country residence of Mr. and Mrs. Bufink, of Nine Mile, Tuesday, June 8. The bride was Miss Mary L. Bufink and the bridegroom was Louis A. Lopshire. Rev. C. M. Hollopeter of the M. E. church of Roanoke, officiated. A large number of guests partook of a bountiful repast. The music was was furnished by the Union Cadet band, of which Mr. Lopshire is instructor. There were about 100 guests.

Dan Gordon has been elected chairman of the committee on arrangements for the coming convention of the Catholic Benevolent Legion to be held in this city, and John G. Noll has been chosen secretary of the same committee. Next Tuesday a meeting will be held to appoint other committees and make further plans. The meeting, which is a state affair, will be held August 10 and 11. Every branch of the order in Indiana will be represented and assurances have been received from Huntington, Garrett and several other neighboring cities that delegations of the entire membership of those branches will attend. The committee will prepare ample entertainment so that after the business part of the meeting is over the visitors can enjoy themselves. The pleasures will consist of an excursion to Robison park, a social reception, a banquet and other features.

Ohio Cheese Down Another 1c.

Best Ohio Factory, from Welling ton, 9c lb.
Best Wisconsin Limburg, 9c lb.
Best Wisconsin Brick, 10c lb.
FRUIT HOUSE.

This evening at The Greatest Grocery nice Strawberries will be closed out at 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

Strawberries For This Afternoon.

Large shipment of Illinois and Indiana Berries received at 2 o'clock.
Fine Illinois Berries, extra, 7c qt.
Indiana Berries from Ridgeville, also nice and large, 6c qt.
New Fresh Green Peas, 25c peck.
Mississippi Tomatoes, 8c lb.
Large Cucumbers, 5c each.
Beets and Carrots, 5c bunch.
New Orleans Cabbage, 3c lb.
New Southern Potatoes, 5c peck.
Best Large Lemons, 1c dozen.
FRUIT HOUSE.

Frank Tinkham is on the sick list.

Charles Seymour was in Columbia City yesterday.

Judge Lowry attended court in Huntington yesterday.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. John Seaner, of West Main street—a son.

The Fort Wayne Cycling club will go to Leo tomorrow if the weather permits.

George Rhine, of Pontiac and Winter street, is at Larwill for treatment.

John Chellis, of Maysville, has arrived to accept a position in the Singer sewing machine office.

Professor and Mrs. C. H. Rowe, of the University of Colorado are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Rowe.

Miss Mabel Tinkham will return Thursday from Delaware, Ohio, where she has been attending school.

The Centennial club will give a lawn social on June 24th at the corner of Fulton and West Washington streets.

Mrs. J. A. Brown, of Jackson, Mich., is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Grider, of 108 Jackson street.

A. A. Durand, of Lima, Ind., will be the guest over Sunday of H. P. Moses, of the Allen County Farmers' building and loan association.

Mr. Springer, of Indianapolis, is in Fort Wayne in the interests of the Union, an Indianapolis labor paper published by Edwin Gould.

W. E. Emery, with Lord & Thomas, of Chicago, was in Fort Wayne yesterday. Mr. Emery was formerly an editor on THE SENTINEL.

Invitations have been issued for a song recital to be given by the pupils of Mrs. Per Held at home of Columbus hall Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock.

Mrs. R. Cummerow, of Toledo, and Mrs. Lucetta Teetmeyer, of Bloomington, have returned to their homes after a visit with relatives on Caroline street.

Wabash Tribune: "Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Eagle went to Fort Wayne to meet Mrs. Frederick, of New Bloomfield, Pa., who will visit Mr. and Mrs. Eagle in this city."

Mr. and Mrs. C. Yonse, prominent farmers of Madison township, have deeded to two of their sons, Christian L. and Charles W., 120 acres of land each in Madison township.

Last night several officers were shifted to different beats. Officer Holler was sent to Pappert's beat, the latter going to Elliott's, whose rounds are taken by Stevens. Stevens goes to Holler's beat.

Mrs. Lizzie Sheehan, who has been the guest of her mother, Mrs. L. Norris, and other relatives in this county, has returned to her home at Frankfort, Ind. She was accompanied by Mrs. James Sheehan, who will remain as her guest for some time.

Full sheet posters announce a coming grand event in the way of the second annual picnic to be given by the St. Rose Catholic congregation, of Monroeville, at Roeworm's orchard, three miles north of Monroeville, on the Ridge road, on Wednesday, June 30.

J. A. Grimes, special supreme deputy of the Fraternal Mystic Circle, is in the city to build up the order. The ranks will be materially strengthened before he departs, as the membership is increasing at a lively rate. Mr. Grimes is a resident of Dayton, Ohio, and is an old insurance man. While here he is the guest of Homer Mariotte.

The I. O. O. F. order of Monroeville made arrangements for their decorating exercises tomorrow. A. Johnson, superintendent of the state institution, will be the orator of the day and the brass band from that institution will be present and furnish the music. Delegations from Fort Wayne, New Haven, Maples, Decatur and other places will attend.

The Monroeville Dramatic association, composed of a number of young people of that town have organized a most excellent company. Their first rendition of a play will be "The Squire's Daughter," at Jr. O. U. A. M. hall in Monroeville, on Tuesday, June 15. On Wednesday evening the same company will produce the same drama at the Opera house at Hoagland.

Dr. J. M. Dinnen, member of the state board of registration and examinations, yesterday returned from Indianapolis, where he attended a meeting of the board. Over 2,000 applications for licenses were passed upon and reported favorably. The certificates will be issued the latter part of the month. It is necessary for all physicians in the state to forward to the board a certificate from the county clerk stating that the person in question has complied with the laws of the state relating to the practice of medicine, surgery and obstetrics. Upon this proof the state board issues a license to the applicant.

The supreme officers of the Catholic Knights of America will be in this city on July 3 to close the books of the retiring supreme secretary, W. S. O'Rourke, who is to be succeeded by Richard Walsh, of St. Louis. The officers will also transact such other business as may come before them under the laws of the order. Those in the party will be Edward Feeney, of Brooklyn, supreme president; Charles S. Ott, of Galveston, Texas, supreme vice president; Charles J. Kirchner, of Toledo, supreme treasurer; Richard Walsh, of St. Louis, supreme secretary elect; Gerard Reiter, of Vincennes, supreme treasurer elect; Joseph C. Carroll, of Norfolk, Va., supreme trustee; R. Edwin D. McGuinness, of Providence, R. I., supreme trustee; W. A. Smith, of Louisville, Ky., supreme trustee elect. After the meeting Mr. O'Rourke will entertain the distinguished gentlemen as his guests.

Little Annie Hart, of 60 Runion avenue, is very sick with lung fever.

L. P. Curties and son, Arnold, have returned from a week's visit at Milwaukee, Wis.

Miss Ida Naegly, of Toledo, will be the guest over Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Beech, jr.

Edward Leitz and Clyde Showberger have returned from the south, where they have been on business.

Frank Mulcron, of Chicago, spent the Wayne. He says that he expects to make Fort Wayne his future home.

T. C. Warner, formerly a type machine operator on the Journal, has taken a position as compositor on the News.

Rev. J. L. Leopd has returned from a visit to Pennsylvania to see his aged father, now eighty-six years old, and will speak at West minster church morning and evening.

Among the guests at the Randall: R. A. Kerman, Cleveland; George R. Syfert, Columbus, Ohio; A. Oppenheimer, Bluffton; George Eloesey, Cleveland; E. J. Edwards, Chicago.

Rabbi Frederick Cohn, of the Hebrew Synagogue, has been granted a vacation, and will leave this evening for Cincinnati, where he will attend the graduating exercises of the Hebrew college, of which he was a student.

Miss Cramer closed her kindergarten for the summer last evening, and will leave next week for Chicago. A party was given for the children at the home of Mrs. Ohnhaus, who was assistant instructor in the school.

Among the guests at the Wayne: L. S. Plummer, Toledo; W. E. Marsh, jr., Muncie; L. P. Duffey, Kalamazoo; L. A. Lewis, Cincinnati; A. D. Holland, W. M. McEldowney, Chicago; Oscar Lutz, South Bend; J. H. Serff, W. W. Rider, Indianapolis.

Among the guests at the New Aveline: R. M. Shaw, St. Louis; Frank Robbin, Pana, Ill.; Ed. F. Klotz, Van Wert; James Josey, Kendallville; F. W. Bush and wife, Galena, South Dakota; A. Wilhelm, Defiance, Ohio; M. Ashuler, Waukegan, Wis.; J. E. McElfatrick, Detroit.

The board of health has removed a card from the residence at 232 West Jefferson street, it having been found that the case is not one of diphtheria as at first supposed. The neighbors who have been needlessly alarmed over the removal of the card will feel relieved at this explanation.

A number of Fort Wayne's best wheelmen are in training for races to be held on several circuits this summer. Among the riders are Messrs. Will Sheppard, Phil. Hess, Ed. Mohr, Art Greenick and Lee Holler. Sheppard will enter the twenty mile road race at Lima, Ohio, on July 5.

Miss Della Haring, an operator at the office of the Central Union telephone company, was pleasantly surprised by her associates of the exchange and a few other friends last evening. The affair was given in honor of her birthday anniversary. The evening was spent in cards and other social pleasures, and an elegant luncheon was served.

An exchange recently gave notice that in case a buggy whip was not returned to a certain place before its next issue it would publish the name of the party who took it. The place designated was the back yard of a certain place. The next morning after the notice came out—the night having been very dark—seventeen whips were picked up in the said back yard. Yet there are people who do not believe in advertising.

The Huntington News-Democrat: "Miss Laura A. Scott, of the city schools, was a departure today for Fort Wayne, where she will remain a few days, then go to her home in Dublin, Ind., to spend her vacation. —Mr. and Mrs. C. Brunks and two children, Herman and Willie, of Marion, drove over Thursday and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Grape, until today when they went to Fort Wayne."

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Markets.

CHICAGO, June 12.—Wheat—June, 70c; July, 70 5/8c; Sept., 67 1/4c; Dec., new, 67 3/8c; old, 68 1/2c.
Corn—June, 24 1/8c; July, 24 1/2c; Sept., 25 7/8c.
Oats—June, 17 1/8c; July, 17 1/2c; Sept., 17 7/8c.
Pork—June, $7.50; July, $7.52; Sept., $7.62.
Lard—June, $3.60; July, $3.65; Sept., $3.72; Dec., $3.82.
Ribs—June, $4.25; July, $4.25; Sept., $4.10.

This evening at The Greatest Grocery nice Strawberries will be closed out at 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

Stock.

Stock is the name of the sweetest toned Reliable Grand Piano in the world. This is a purity of tone coloring in the Stock Piano that is almost human in sweetness and is the favorite piano of the leading musicians of both hemispheres and is without a rival. Don't fail to see the new styles.
C. L. Hill, Agent,
28 Clinton St.

Call early and avail yourself of the opportunity to buy nice Strawberries at 5c a quart or $1.50 bushel.

FOR RENT—Rooms at the Y. W. C. A. at very reasonable prices. Inquire after 4 o'clock any afternoon. No. 49-51 West Berry Street. 11tf

The Greatest Grocery will give you a bargain in Strawberries this afternoon and evening. Price 5c quart or $1.50 bushel.

MONEY TO LOAN
On real estate or personal security. C. F. PFEIFFER, Rooms 5-7, Bass Blk. 3tf

Human skill and the perfection of appliances can produce nothing better than Libbey Cut Glass, the world's Standard! This trade mark is cut on every piece of genuine.

See our $4.99 worsted man's suit; its good. The Fair. 9tf

Dr. Jno. J. Ogle, office 287 East Creighton avenue. 'Phone, 362. 11tf

Accordion Plaiting.

We have the only plaiter in city, and will do your plaiting for 10 to 20 cents per yard. Any width up to 8 inches.

MALLOY'S,
12 and 14 Arcade.
9mdtf
Monograms and Initials at Half Rates.

Account of the meeting of the B. P. O. E. the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets at all its stations to Minneapolis and return at half rates, plus 50 cents, on July 3 and 4, tickets good returning to leave Minneapolis until July 31st. Write to A. J. Smith, G. P. and T. A., Cleveland, O., for pamphlet or information about this and other cheap excursions, or apply to ticket agents.
12 15 19 22 26 29

Attention, Musicians.

There will be a public meeting of the musicians of Fort Wayne at the city band hall, No. 12 West Main street, next Wednesday evening, June 16, at six o'clock.

The purpose of the meeting is to organize a musician's union, to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor.

All musicians of the city are very earnestly urged to attend the meeting and participate in the new organization. FRED J. REINECK.
11-17-12

We have 1 doz. suits of boy's unfinished worsted, 14 to 19; to close them out quick, at $5.00. The Fair.

Insecticides, Bug Killers, Slug shot, Hellebore, London Purple, Church's Bug Finish, Tobacco and Sulphur Thrip Juice, Automatic Spray Pumps.
24tf E. Bash & Co.

Bicycle repairing of all kinds at Baxter & Tarman. Oldest and most reliable firm in the city. 16 West Columbia street, opposite Wayne hotel. 27eodtf

St. Augustine's Academy.

The commencement exercises of St. Augustine's academy will be held in Library hall Friday, June 18, at 7:30 p. m.

Tickets of admission can be procured at Aurentz's Confectionery, Baldwin's Music store, Jaspod's book store and at Library hall door on evening of the 18th.

Reserved seats can be procured at A. C. Aurentz Wednesday, June 16, at 9 a. m.

The parents of the pupils and the friends of the Academy are kindly invited to attend the commencement.

The Art Exhibit will be open to visitors June 21st and 22nd at the Academy. Respectfully,
SISTERS OF PROVIDENCE.

Look at our light plaid worsted. Something new at $5.50. The Fair.

Less Than Half Rates to San Francisco.

On June 28, 29 and 30 and July 1, 2 and 3 the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Ry. will sell excursion tickets to San Francisco and return at less than half rates. Tickets will be good to return to leave San Francisco until August 18th. Stopover privileges apply at certain points in the west both going and returning. For full particulars call on ticket agents or write to A. J. Smith, G. P. and T. A., Cleveland, O., for pamphlet of information.
12-15-19 22 26 29

SAVE YOUR MONEY
By Depositing it With the
Allen County Loan & Savings Association,
22 East Berry Street.
Try our New Plan. Shares $1.00 each per month. Matures in seventy-eleven months.
No Fines or Membership Fee.

Arnold's Bromo Celery. Don't forget that this remedy cures headaches, neuralgia, sleeplessness. 10 cents. For sale by Grose & Pellens.

Call on Madam Wang the only reliable clairvoyant and fortune teller in the world. All correspondence promptly attended to. Office and residence, No. 28 Chicago street. Prices, 50 cents. 2tf

See the splendid line of summer suitings at unusually low prices at G. Schmidt's, merchant tailor, 70 East Main street. 7tf

Strawberries 5c quart, $1.50 bushel at The Greatest Grocery.

We will sell you a boy's knee suit for $1.00 at The Fair. 5tf

Don't forget to give us your order for Ice. Consumers' Ice Co. Phone 594. 5tf

A complete line of everything used by amateur photographers.

Can furnish any camera made.

44 Calhoun Street,

Second Floor, over Hamilton National Bank.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

[illegible]

John Dreibelbiss, Trustee.

Robison Park Theatre.

2 Performances Daily.

2:30 p. m. and 8:15 p. m.

An Entire New Company....

900 FREE SEATS.

ROBISON PARK R. R. LEAGUE.

Keystones vs. Ruffles.

Shamrocks vs. Spy Runs.

First Game Called 1:30 p. m.

MONDAY, JUNE 14.

First Anniversary of Robison Park
Concert and Dancing afternoon and evening.

SATURDAY, JUNE 19.

2nd ANNUAL SCHOOL CHILDREN'S OUTING.

Fare for all children under 15 years of age **10 cents.** Tickets for sale at the STREET CAR OFFICE and all DRUG STORES.

Tickets must be purchased in advance. Full fare will be collected on the cars.

What the Moon Saw

as she came from behind a sheltering cloud made the old girl blush for a minute—Biker kissing Miss Cycler—but she smiled out beamingly when she saw the wheel the happy couple rode. You see it was a MONARCH and Venus and Mars had long ago told the moon what a great wheel it is. Pass the word down the line, the MONARCH is the best.

Sold Only By The

OLD'S CYCLE CO.,

27 Calhoun Street.

MONEY! MONEY! MONEY!

We have **$50,000** on hand to loan on Farm and City Real Estate, in sums of $100 and upwards at the lowest rate of interest. No delay. Money ready to close loan at once.

THE J. F. SCHELL LOAN and INVESTMENT CO.,
14 to 17 Pixley & Long Blk., 18 and 18 East Berry Street.

THE 3 LITTLE TAILORS.

...GOING SLOWLY BUT SURELY....

The public is beginning to find out that THE 3 LITTLE TAILORS give better values than anybody else in High Grade Custom Work.

SUITS TO ORDER $15.00. NO MORE NO LESS.

PANTS TO ORDER $4.00. NO MORE NO LESS.

Goods used only from the best Fabrics, and workmanship and trimmings the best.

Samples and self-measuring guide mailed on application.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 8 O'clock.

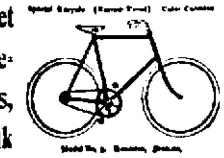
THE 3 LITTLE TAILORS,

28 Harrison Street, - Fort Wayne, Ind.

THE Racycle NARROW TREAD

Do You Know A Good Thing When You See It?

Notice the large Sprocket Wheels. They afford many special advantages found on no other Bicycle. There is very much less friction at any one, on chain or sprocket, consequently much more durability No side lashing of the chain consequently, no loss of power in this respect. 20 per cent. less strain upon chain, increasing safety. Can be propelled with very much less power than ordinarly constructed wheels.



Large sprocket wheel is located between the bearings, consequently crank shaft is always at right angle with alignment and sprocket parallel. An important feature found exclusively on the Racycle.

The Manufacturers challenge the world as to finish and mechanical construction.

Consult your own interests by examination of this wonderful Bicycle.

Found Only at

J. C. Peters & Co.,

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Best Teeth $8.

[illegible]

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At lowest rate on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, carriages, etc., and leave the property in your possession. Payments arranged on the month [illegible]
Loans placed same day application is made.
No charge is taken out in advance. [illegible]
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Commencement Presents.

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